

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 62005-9-1:2016

01-februar-2016

Optični spojni elementi in pasivne komponente - Zanesljivost - 9-1. del: Kvalificiranje pasivnih optičnih komponent (IEC 62005-9-1:2015)

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Reliability - Part 9-1: Qualification of passive optical components (IEC 62005-9-1:2015)

Lichtwellenleiter - Verbindungselemente und passive Bauteile - Zuverlässigkeit - Teil 9-1: Beurteilung der passiven optischen Bauteil (IEC 62005-9-1:2015)

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques - Fiabilité - Partie 9-1: Qualification des composants optiques passifs (IEC 62005-9-1:2015)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 62005-9-1:2015

ICS:

33.180.20 Povezovalne naprave za

optična vlakna

Fibre optic interconnecting

devices

SIST EN 62005-9-1:2016 en

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 62005-9-1

October 2015

ICS 33.180.20

English Version

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Reliability - Part 9-1: Qualification of passive optical components (IEC 62005-9-1:2015)

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques - Fiabilité - Partie 9-1: Qualification des composants optiques passifs (IEC 62005-9-1:2015)

Lichtwellenleiter - Verbindungselemente und passive Bauteile - Zuverlässigkeit - Teil 9-1: Beurteilung der passiven optischen Bauteile (IEC 62005-9-1:2015)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2015-07-30. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

European foreword

The text of document 86B/3896/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62005-9-1, prepared by SC 86B "Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components" of IEC/TC 86 "Fibre optics" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 62005-9-1:2015.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at (dop) 2016-04-30 national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with (dow) 2018-07-30 the document have to be withdrawn

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62005-9-1:2015 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 61300-2-5	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61300-2-5.
IEC 61300-2-6	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61300-2-6.
IEC 61300-2-7	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61300-2-7.
IEC 61300-2-14	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61300-2-14.
IEC 61300-2-15	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61300-2-15.
IEC 61300-2-35	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61300-2-35.

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60749-26	-	Semiconductor devices - Mechanical and climatic test methods - Part 26: Electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitivity testing - Human body model (HBM)	EN 60749-26	-
IEC 61300	series	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures	EN 61300	series
IEC 61300-2-1	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-1: Tests - Vibration (sinusoidal)	EN 61300-2-1	-
IEC 61300-2-4	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-4: Tests - Fibre/cable retention	EN 61300-2-4	-
IEC 61300-2-9	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-9: Tests - Shock	EN 61300-2-9	-
IEC 61300-2-17	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-17: Tests - Cold	EN 61300-2-17	-
IEC 61300-2-18	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-18: Tests - Dry heat - High temperature endurance	EN 61300-2-18	-
IEC 61300-2-19	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-19: Tests - Damp heat (steady state)	EN 61300-2-19	-

EN 62005-9-1:2015

<u>Publication</u>	Year	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61300-2-22	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-22: Tests - Change of temperature	EN 61300-2-22	-
IEC 61300-2-42	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-42: Tests - Static side load for strain relief	EN 61300-2-42	-
IEC 61300-2-44	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-44: Tests - Flexing of the strain relief of fibre optic devices	EN 61300-2-44	-
IEC 61300-2-47	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-47: Tests - Thermal shocks	EN 61300-2-47	-
IEC 61753	series	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Performance standard	EN 61753	series
IEC 61753-1	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components performance standard - Part 1: General and guidance for performance standards	EN 61753-1	-
IEC 62005	series	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Reliability	EN 62005	series
IEC 62005-1	-	Reliability of fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Part 1: Introductory guide and definitions	EN 62005-1	-



Edition 1.0 2015-06

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Reliability – Part 9-1: Qualification of passive optical components

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques – Fiabilité –

Partie 9-1: Qualification des composants optiques passifs

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

ICS 33.180.20 ISBN 978-2-8322-2749-7

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.

CONTENTS

FC	REWO	RD	4
IN.	TRODU	CTION	6
1	Scop	e	7
2	Norm	native references	7
3	Term	s, definitions and abbreviations	8
	3.1	Terms and definitions	
	3.2	Abbreviations	
4		eral requirements	
	4.1	DUT	
	4.2	Product family	
	4.3	Service environments	
5		S	
-	5.1	General	
	5.2	Quantity of the DUTs	
	5.3	Sequence	
	5.4	Acceptance criteria	
	5.5	Test methods	
	5.6	Severity	
6		surements	
	6.1	General	
	6.2	Measurements	
	6.3	Pass/fail criteria	
	6.4	Measurement methods	
	6.5	Required leak rate and residual gas analysis measurements	
7	Repo	ort	
An		normative) Required reliability qualification tests for passive optical	
		nts used in category C, controlled environments	13
		normative) Required reliability qualification tests for passive optical nts used in category U, uncontrolled environments	15
		normative) Required reliability qualification tests for passive optical nts used in category O, uncontrolled environments (sequential)	16
		informative) Informative and optional reliability qualification tests for passive mponents used in category C, category U and category O environments	18
	D.1	Informative and optional reliability qualification tests for passive optical components used in category C, controlled environments	18
	D.2	Optional reliability qualification tests for passive optical components used in category U, uncontrolled environments	20
	D.3	Informative reliability qualification tests for passive optical components used in category O, uncontrolled environments (sequential)	20
		informative) Failure mode and known failure mechanisms for passive optical nts	22
Bib	oliograp	ohy	42
		Service environments	10
Ta	ble A.1	- Required reliability qualification tests for passive optical components used	40
ш	categol	ry C, controlled environments (1 of 2)	13

Table C.1 – Required reliability qualification tests for passive optical components used in category O, uncontrolled environments (sequential) (1 of 2)	Table B.1 – Required reliability qualification tests for passive optical components used in category U, uncontrolled environments	15
components used in category C, controlled environments (1 of 2)		16
in category U, uncontrolled environments		18
used in category O, uncontrolled environments (sequential)		20
· ·		21
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – RELIABILITY –

Part 9-1: Qualification of passive optical components

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 62005-9-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
86B/3896/FDIS	86B/3921/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

It is the intent of this standard to be compatible with and work in conjunction with the performance standards defined in the IEC 61753 series, the test and measurement standards defined in the IEC 61300 series, and the reliability standards defined in the IEC 62005 series.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62005 series, published under the general title, *Fibre optic interconnecting and passive components – Reliability*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

Qualification reliability standards define the conditions for a set of stress tests, the passing of which suggests an acceptable level of reliability in the referenced performance categories and operating service environments. Upon passing, the specific product tested is called qualified to that standard. The results of these tests are attribute data, i.e. pass or fail. True reliability prediction and quantification requires significantly greater testing.

This International Standard is meant to be a general document that can be applied to all passive optical components, except connectors. As such, it does not and cannot cover every possible component and application. Its application to electrically assisted non-active components such as optical switches is under study. The stress tests are specific and explicitly defined to establish consistency. The measurements and pass/fail criteria are not explicitly stated in this standard; however, guidance is given in the relevant clause to establish reasonable parameters and values. Explicit reporting requirements are defined which include written justifications and technical support for all selected measurements and pass/fail criteria.