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Cranes -- Condition monitoring -- Part 1: General

Appareils de levage à charge suspendue -- Surveillance -- Partie 1: Généralités

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INTERNATIONAL **STANDARD**

ISO 12482-1

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Cranes — Condition monitoring —

Part 1:

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(standards.iteh.ai) Appareils de levage à charge suspendue — Surveillance —

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 12482-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 96, *Cranes*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Use*, *operation and maintenance*. SIST ISO 12482-1:1997

https://standards.itelSOcal2482.consists:tof)thesfollowingspartscunder the general title Cranes

— Part 1: General

The following parts are planned for future publication:

- Part 2: Mobile cranes
- Part 3: Tower cranes
- Part 4: Jib cranes
- Part 5: Overhead travelling and portal bridge cranes

Annex A forms an integral part of this part of ISO 12482.

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Introduction

The attention of users of ISO 12482 is drawn to the fact that no crane can be designed and built for infinite usage. All cranes have to work within the constraints of their intended use, and thus should undergo condition monitoring.

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Cranes — Condition monitoring

Part 1: General

1 Scope

The purpose of this part of ISO 12482 is to:

ISO 4306-3:1991, Cranes - Vocabulary - Part 3: Tower cranes.

ISO 9927-1:1994, Cranes — Inspections — Part 1: General.

- ensure that the design constraints of the intended use of a crane are clearly dentified; TANDARD PREVIEW
- Definitions 3 - define actions to be taken when the crare has siteh.ai) been used over a period of time and has ap-For the purposes of this part of ISO 12482, the defiproached these constraints, to ensure a new safe 2482-1 nitions of crane types given in ISO 4306-1, working period. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/SQ:4306-27 and SSQ)4306-3, together with the fol-

A description is given of the special assessment required to monitor the condition of a crane.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 12482. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 12482 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 4301-1:1986, Cranes and lifting appliances -Classification — Part 1: General.

ISO 4306-1:1990, Cranes — Vocabulary — Part 1: General.

ISO 4306-2:1994, Cranes — Vocabulary — Part 2: Mobile cranes.

3.1 constraint: Boundary parameter used for assessment and identified in accordance with ISO 4301 for the usage intended.

3.2 special assessment (SA): Thorough examination and evaluation of the crane, to be made when the crane approaches the design constraints.

3.3 general overhaul (GO): All actions required after a special assessment, according to the assessment report recommendations, before further use of the crane.

3.4 safe working period (SWP): Period of time between two successive general overhauls.

3.5 serial hoist: Hoist, in accordance with ISO 4306-1:1990, subclause 4.7, which is designed and produced independently of a specific crane or application.

4 Special assessment

Cranes are inspected at intervals in accordance with ISO 9927-1. However when the crane approaches the design constraints, a special assessment shall be made to monitor the condition of the crane

The supplier of the crane shall ensure that criteria for when and how such an assessment shall be carried out (e.g. number of crane cycles, load spectrum, etc.) are provided to the user/owner.

The special assessment shall cover all parts of the crane in which deterioration may affect safe use, and should include the following main groups of parts:

- load-carrying structures;
- mechanical systems;
- hydraulic systems;
- pneumatic systems;
- electrical systems;
- safety systems.

The user/owner shall ensure that adequate records are maintained (see clause 8) to enable determination of the approach to the design constraints. During the regular inspections (see ISO 9927-1) these records al shall be inspected to ensure that the special assessment is carried out at the appropriate time.

It should be recognized that different parts of the average of the NOTE 1 crane may approach the design constraints at different times (e.g. the hoist mechanism before the travel motion system).

5 **Responsibility for special assessment**

The special assessment procedure, based upon the information provided by the supplier (see clause 7), shall be carried out under the supervision of the expert engineer (see ISO 9927-1). The expert engineer may seek the assistance of specialists in particular types of examination whenever necessary.

The results of the special assessment, together with any conclusions, requirements or recommendations. shall be contained in a report (see clause 9) to be given to the user/owner of the crane.

Responsibility of the user/owner 6

6.1 Duties of the user/owner

The user/owner shall ensure that:

records are kept of the crane use, inspections and a) maintenance:

- b) the special assessment is carried out at the appropriate time;
- c) any general overhaul requirements given in the special assessment report are carried out before further use of the crane

6.2 If criteria are not available

Where the user/owner does not have assessment criteria for a crane, the following shall be used to indicate when a special assessment shall be carried out:

- a) any increase in the frequency of reported defects;
- b) when the regular inspection (see ISO 9927-1) reveals a significant deterioration in the condition of the crane.

In no circumstances shall the special assessment be carried out later than the following number of years after manufacture for:

Rtower cranes, loader cranes, mobile cranes: 10 years; ds.iteh.ai)

- all other cranes: 20 years.

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Criteria for special assessment 7

The supplier shall ensure that, when providing criteria for special assessment of the crane, the following are included:

- a) number of load cycles or number of operating hours, as appropriate;
- b) distance travelled:
- c) load spectrum;
- d) exceptional circumstances to which the crane has been subjected (e.g. environmental, climatic or accident):
- e) list of parts and areas to be critically assessed;
- methods of assessment (measurement, nondef) structive testing, acoustic emission, etc.);
- g) acceptance criteria.

The criteria shall take into account crane usage. Suppliers therefore should not give criteria based purely on time elapsed.

Provisions for determining and assessing design constraints for serial hoists are given in annex A.

8 User/owner records

8.1 Contents of records

The crane user/owner shall keep records of the crane usage adequate to identify the criteria given by the crane supplier. Records shall also be kept of maintenance, inspections and unusual occurrences (e.g. unexpected loads from operational error, extreme climatic conditions, etc.), breakdowns, repairs and modifications.

8.2 If records are not available

Where complete records are not available for the history of the crane, it shall be inspected in accordance with annex A of ISO 9927-1:1994 and any requirements as a result of that inspection shall be carried out before further use of the crane. date if specified by the person carrying out the in-spection.

9 Special assessment report

A report, containing the following, shall be prepared by the expert engineer carrying out the special assessment of the crane:

- a) names and qualification of all persons participating in the assessment;
- b) identification of the criteria used for the assessment;
- c) results of the special assessment;
- d) requirements for any action (GO) to be taken before further use of the crane;
- e) recommendations for actions to be carried out within a given time period;
- f) criteria for next assessment.

A special assessment shall be carried out within 12 NOTE2 Items d) and e) should comply with the manumonths of the date of that inspection or of an earlier RD NOTE2 Items d) and e) should comply with the manufacturer's recommendations.

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