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European Standard (Telecommunications series)

**Electromagnetic compatibility
and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);
Technical characteristics and methods of measurement
for equipment for generation, transmission
and reception of Digital Selective Calling (DSC)
in the maritime MF, MF/HF and/or VHF mobile service;
Part 3: Class D DSC**

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Contents

Intellectual Property Rights	6
Foreword.....	6
1 Scope	7
2 References	7
2.1 Normative references	7
2.2 Informative references.....	8
3 Definitions and abbreviations.....	8
3.1 Definitions.....	8
3.2 Abbreviations	10
4 Controls and indicators in Class D DSC equipment	10
4.1 Visual indication	10
4.1.1 Primary DSC alphanumeric display.....	10
4.1.1.1 Additional display information	10
4.1.2 Display requirements for additional controllers.....	10
4.1.3 Handling visual information	11
5 Technical requirements	11
5.1 Facilities for DSC transmission and reception	11
5.1.1 Watch receiver capabilities	11
5.2 Facilities for coding and decoding of DSC	11
5.2.1 Call functions.....	11
5.2.2 INDIVIDUAL calls	11
5.2.3 ALL SHIPS calls	11
5.2.4 DSC call functionality	12
6 Automated and non-automated procedure requirements in Class D DSC equipment.....	12
6.1 Introduction	12
6.2 Non-automated features	13
6.2.1 DSC Message Composition	13
6.2.2 Transmission of DSC messages and prioritized wait.....	14
6.2.3 Alarms	14
6.3 Standby.....	14
6.4 Sending distress automated procedure	16
6.4.1 Procedure	16
6.4.2 Tasks.....	17
6.4.3 Display.....	17
6.4.3.1 Examples of sending distress procedure displays on VHF equipment.....	18
6.4.4 Dedicated distress button sub procedure.....	18
6.4.5 Transmission of the alert attempt.....	19
6.4.6 Updating position.....	19
6.4.7 Handling received DSC Messages	19
6.4.8 Alarms	20
6.4.9 Determining Subsequent communications.....	20
6.4.10 Automated tuning	20
6.4.11 Cancelling the Distress Alert	20
6.4.11.1 Examples of cancel-distress displays on VHF equipment.....	20
6.4.12 Acknowledgments	21
6.4.13 Termination.....	21
6.4.14 Warnings.....	21
6.5 Receiving distress automated procedure	22
6.5.1 Procedure	22
6.5.2 Tasks.....	23
6.5.3 Display.....	23
6.5.3.1 Examples of received distress procedure displays on VHF equipment.....	24
6.5.4 Handling received DSC Messages.....	24

6.5.5	Alarms	25
6.5.6	Determining Subsequent communications.....	25
6.5.7	Automated tuning	25
6.5.8	Acknowledgments	25
6.5.9	Termination.....	25
6.5.10	Warnings.....	25
6.6	Sending non distress automated procedure	25
6.6.1	Procedure	25
6.6.2	Tasks	26
6.6.3	Display	27
6.6.3.1	Examples of sending non distress procedures displays on VHF equipment	28
6.6.4	Handling received DSC Messages.....	28
6.6.5	Alarms	28
6.6.6	Automated tuning	28
6.6.7	Delayed Acknowledgements	29
6.6.8	Termination.....	29
6.6.9	Warnings.....	29
6.7	Receiving non distress automated procedure	30
6.7.1	Procedure	30
6.7.2	Tasks	31
6.7.3	Display	31
6.7.3.1	Examples of receiving non distress procedures displays on VHF equipment.....	32
6.7.4	Handling received DSC messages	32
6.7.5	Alarms	32
6.7.6	Automated tuning	33
6.7.7	Acknowledgments	33
6.7.8	Termination.....	33
6.7.9	Warnings.....	34
6.8	Communications automated procedure	34
6.8.1	Procedure	34
6.8.2	Tasks	34
6.8.3	Display	34
6.8.4	Handling received DSC Messages.....	34
6.8.5	Tuning of the general receiver and transmitter.....	34
6.8.6	Termination.....	35
6.9	Handling incoming calls while the equipment is engaged	35
6.9.1	Procedure	35
6.9.2	Tasks	35
6.9.2.1	Higher priority calls	35
6.9.2.1.1	Higher priority calls - acceptance	36
6.9.2.1.2	Higher priority calls - non acceptance	36
6.9.2.2	Other calls	36
6.9.2.3	Termination of automated procedures.....	36
6.9.2.4	Action after termination of an automated procedure.....	36
6.9.2.5	Putting automated procedures on hold (optional)	36
6.9.2.6	Controlling non-terminated automated procedures (optional)	37
Annex A (normative):	DSC message composition.....	38
A.1	Default values.....	38
Annex B (normative):	Automated non distress channel selection algorithm	39
Annex C (normative):	Alarms.....	40
C.1	Alarm specifications.....	40
C.2	Alarming with critical errors	41
C.3	Default alarm sounds.....	41
C.4	Recommended alarm sounds.....	42
Annex D (informative):	Bibliography.....	43

History44

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Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

The present document is part 3 of a multi-part deliverable covering Digital Selective Calling (DSC), as identified below:

- Part 1: "Common requirements";
- Part 2: "Class A/B DSC";
- Part 3: "Class D DSC";**
- Part 4: "Class E DSC".

The present document covers the operator interfaces and operating system for Class D DSC equipment.

National transposition dates

Date of adoption of this EN:	1 February 2010
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	31 May 2010
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	30 November 2010
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1 Scope

The present document states the minimum requirements for general communication for shipborne fixed installations using DSC - class D.

Class D DSC is intended be used in the Very High Frequency (VHF) band of the Maritime Mobile Service (MMS), for distress, urgency and safety communication and general communications using telephony for subsequent communications.

The present document is part 3 of a multipart deliverable that covers the requirements to be fulfilled by equipment that is either integrated with a transmitter and/or a receiver or equipment that is a stand-alone DSC terminal.

These requirements include the relevant provisions and the guidelines of the IMO as detailed in MSC/Circ.803 [i.1] for non-SOLAS vessels participating in the GMDSS as well as Commission Decision of 4 September 2003 (2004/71/EC [3]).

2 References

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.

- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- Non-specific reference may be made only to a complete document or a part thereof and only in the following cases:
 - if it is accepted that it will be possible to use all future changes of the referenced document for the purposes of the referring document;
 - for informative references.

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NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

2.1 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of the present document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For non-specific references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- [1] ITU Radio Regulations (2008).
- [2] ITU-R Recommendation M.493-12 (2007): "Digital selective-calling system for use in the maritime mobile service".
- [3] 2004/71/EC: "Commission Decision of 4 September 2003 on essential requirements relating to marine radio communication equipment which is intended to be used on non-SOLAS vessels and to participate in the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS)".

2.2 Informative references

The following referenced documents are not essential to the use of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- [i.1] IMO Circular MSC/Circ-803: "Participation of non-SOLAS ships in the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS)".
- [i.2] ETSI EN 300 338-1: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for equipment for generation, transmission and reception of Digital Selective Calling (DSC) in the maritime MF, MF/HF and/or VHF mobile service; Part 1: Common requirements".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in EN 300 338-1 [i.2] and the following apply:

acknowledged: automated procedure it indicates that the objective of the initial DSC message has been achieved

active: automated procedure which has control of the general receiver and transmitter and is thus able to engage in subsequent communications and receive DSC messages on both the watch receiver and general receiver

automated procedure: set of actions necessary to complete the objective of an initiating DSC message or non DSC communication event

NOTE 1: Four DSC automated procedures are designed to process these. They are the receiving of distress DSC messages, the receiving of non distress DSC messages, the sending of distress DSC alert attempts and the sending of non distress DSC messages. In addition a fifth procedure is designed to handle non DSC communication events.

NOTE 2: These automated procedures are called:

- received distress automated procedure;
- sending distress automated procedure;
- received non-distress automated procedure;
- sending non-distress automated procedure;
- communications automated procedure.

class D: intended to provide minimum facilities for VHF DSC distress, urgency and safety as well as routine calling and reception, not necessarily in full accordance with IMO GMDSS carriage requirements for VHF installations

default: value selected or an action taken by the equipment software in the absence of any operator input

distress DSC message: DSC message or acknowledgement containing the distress information

distress event: unique distress situation identified by two parameters of the distress information; the MMSI of the vessel in distress and the nature of distress

engaged: used to indicate that the equipment is busy handling an automated procedure

factory default: default value that is set by the manufacturer such that the field or behaviour is defined prior to any operator intervention

general receiver: receiver part of the transceiver used for the reception of all subsequent communications

NOTE: It is important to distinguish this unit from the watch receiver.

information characters: set of symbols in a DSC message that contains the items of interest for the recipient and is used to compute the ECC symbol that terminates the message

NOTE: These symbols are repeated in the DX/RX time diversity pattern.

initial DSC message: DSC message that starts an automated procedure

non distress DSC message: DSC messages or acknowledgments that do not have the format specifier or category of "distress"

objective: when in reference to a DSC message or automated procedure, the goal or intent of the item

NOTE: Usually this goal or intent is to establish subsequent communications or request information.

operator options: any choices the operator can make while the automated procedure is engaged

pertinent to the automated procedure: expression used primarily with reference to DSC messages to indicate that the message has something to do with the procedure and is therefore 'handled' by the procedure

NOTE: A DSC message is pertinent to an automated procedure if the set of information characters in the DSC message has the correct values.

pertinent to the station: any DSC message that would start an automated procedure if the transceiver were in standby

self-terminating alarm: short alarm that stops by itself without operator intervention

NOTE: The purpose of this alarm is to inform the operator that a DSC message is received but it does not require his immediate attention.

symbol (as part of the DSC sentence): 7 binary bits of a 10 bit DSC word that have the information content

top level: means that items, buttons, or functions are present and visible without requiring any action by the operator (such as scrolling, opening up menus, or removing any obscuring covers, etc.).

two-tone alarm: alarm consisting of a repetition of the 2 200 Hz frequency for 250 ms followed by a 1 300 Hz frequency for 250 ms

NOTE: This alarm is used for the initiation of the received distress DSC automated procedure.

urgency alarm: alarm consisting of a repetition of the 2 200 Hz frequency for 250 ms followed by 250 ms period of silence

NOTE: This alarm is used for the initiation of the received non distress DSC automated procedure when the category of the initiating DSC message is "urgency".

watch receiver: separate receiver in DSC radios that continuously monitors VHF channel 70

word (as part of the DSC sentence): used to describe the 10 binary bits that make up the coded entities of a transmitted DSC message

NOTE: The 10 bits consist of a 7 bit "symbol" that gives the information content and 3 bit error check that gives the number of 0 binary bits in the 7 bit symbol.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in EN 300 338-1 [i.2] apply.

4 Controls and indicators in Class D DSC equipment

4.1 Visual indication

Any visual display of the information content shall be clearly legible under all ambient light conditions.

4.1.1 Primary DSC alphanumeric display

The display characters shall have a minimum height of 3,5 mm, and a nominal character width/height ratio of 0,7.

The display shall have a minimum of 12 characters per line and a minimum of 32 characters total.

Any displayed information shall be static. Horizontal scrolling techniques are not permitted (see clause 4.1.3).

The display shall be capable of:

- prompting the operator if an incorrect operation is attempted;
- displaying error messages;
- displaying incoming and logged calls in plain language;
- displaying all the user programmable information content of a DSC call.

4.1.1.1 Additional display information

Additional display characters or symbols shall be capable of:

- showing the functions and options currently available;
- displaying that unread received DSC calls are present in memory;
- displaying other visual alarms;
- displaying whether the position and time information is automatically entered or manually entered.

For integrated equipment there shall be additional display characters and symbols as required for displaying channel designator and other radio parameters.

Where logic flows and procedural guidance, expressed by graphical symbols, have an advantage over text, this shall be allowed. Any graphical symbols shall be clearly defined in the operation manual.

4.1.2 Display requirements for additional controllers

Where the additional controller is a fixed installation, it shall have exactly the same characteristics as the primary controller, including the display.

Where the additional controller is a handheld device, it shall have exactly the same characteristics as the primary controller, except for the display, which may be scaled down for a minimum character height of 2 mm.

4.1.3 Handling visual information

In case all information, or user options, required for the active automated procedure, cannot be contained on a single screen, means shall be available to inform the user:

- a) that more information is available;
- b) how to select the relevant information not yet displayed, e.g. by means of a next button or info key.

5 Technical requirements

5.1 Facilities for DSC transmission and reception

5.1.1 Watch receiver capabilities

The watchkeeping receiver part of the DSC equipment shall be designed for continuous operation on channel 70 but the receiver need not operate when the transmitter is in use.

5.2 Facilities for coding and decoding of DSC

5.2.1 Call functions

The facilities for coding and composition of calls shall be so arranged that it is possible for the operator quickly and precisely to enter a call. The types of DSC calls provided in this equipment are specified in clause 5.2.4.

The CALL functions shall permit selection of the following functions:

- INDIVIDUAL: for making a call to a specific MMSI.
- GROUP: for making a call to a specific Group MMSI.
- ALL SHIPS: for making all ships calls.
- RECEIVED CALLS: for retrieving stored incoming DSC calls.
- OTHER: for equipment housekeeping functions.

5.2.2 INDIVIDUAL calls

The INDIVIDUAL call facility shall permit either the MANUAL entry of a MMSI or the selection of a station from the DIRECTORY list. The DIRECTORY list shall have a facility for at least 10 entries. Their MMSIs shall be programmable. If the called station is a coast station (i.e. MMSI commencing 00) no further information shall be requested from the operator. If the called station is a ship station the equipment shall request input of a channel number. The equipment shall assist the operator by suggesting a suitable inter-ship channel as defined in appendix 18 of the Radio Regulations [1].

5.2.3 ALL SHIPS calls

It shall be possible to transmit ALL SHIPS calls by means of deliberate actions, such as two levels of menu instructions.

The operator shall be able to select either Urgency or Safety category and the equipment shall propose the default subsequent working channel of 16 (the operator shall have the option to change the working channel).

5.2.4 DSC call functionality

The following DSC calls shall be available in the equipment.

Table 1

CALL TYPE	Tx	Rx	Format specifier	Notes
Distress alert	Y	Y	112	TX: All natures of distress except "EPIRB"
Distress acknowledgement	#	Y	116	
Distress relay RT Individual	#	Y	120	This includes DROBOSE
Distress relay RT Geographic area	#	Y	102	
Distress relay RT All ships	#	Y	116	
Distress relay EPIRB Individual	#	Y	120	
Distress relay EPIRB Geographic area	#	Y	102	
Distress relay EPIRB All ships	#	Y	116	
Distress relay ACK Individual	#	Y	120	
Distress relay ACK RT All ships	#	Y	116	
Distress relay ACK EPIRB	#	Y	120	
Distress relay ACK EPIRB All ships	#	Y	116	
All ships RT call	Y	Y	116	Urgency (110) and Safety (108) only
All ships Duplex RT call	#	O	116	These are FULL duplex calls. Urgency (110) and Safety (108) only
Individual RT call	N	Y	120	Urgency (110) and Safety (108) only
Individual RT call acknowledgement	Y	N	120	Urgency (110) and Safety (108) only
Individual RT call acknowledgement "unable to comply"	Y	N	120	Urgency (110) and Safety (108) only
Individual test call	Y	Y	120	Safety (108) only
Individual test call acknowledgement	Y	Y	120	Safety (108) only
Routine group call RT	Y	Y	114	
Routine individual RT call	Y	Y	120	
Routine individual RT ACK	Y	Y	120	
Distress Alert Cancel	Y	Y	112	This is the "self addressed" distress ACK

If any other calls, not listed in the table above, are implemented in the device, they shall comply with tables 4.1 to 4.10.2 of ITU-R Recommendation M.493-12 [2]. Individual routine category polling and position calls from previous versions of this Recommendation may be implemented for the sake of reverse compatibility.

Call types marked # shall not be available in the equipment.

Call types marked Y shall be available in the equipment.

Call types marked N are not required to be available in the equipment.

Call types marked O are for reverse compatibility with older equipment.

6 Automated and non-automated procedure requirements in Class D DSC equipment

6.1 Introduction

This clause covers the minimum level of software automation, operational simplicity, and interface consistency requirements for shipborne fixed installations using class D Digital Selective Calling equipment.

Perhaps the most important issue concerns an implied expectation for the use of the terminology "automated procedure" as used in the present document to appear in the user interface. The terminology "automated procedure" describes the set of algorithms that are used to encapsulate all the activities necessary to perform DSC, and non DSC communication events. The operator does not need to know anything about the existence of automated procedures in order to operate a radio that makes use of these algorithms. Though the present document refers to items such as the "Sending Distress Automated Procedure" such language shall not appear on the user interface of the equipment.