



# SLOVENSKI STANDARD

SIST EN 485-1:2008

01-maj-2008

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SIST EN 485-1:1998

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Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Sheet, strip and plate - Part 1: Technical conditions for inspection and delivery

Aluminium und Aluminiumlegierungen - Bänder, Bleche und Platten - Teil 1: Technische Lieferbedingungen

Aluminium et alliages d'aluminium - Tôles, bandes et tôles épaisses - Partie 1: Conditions techniques de contrôle et de livraison

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: **EN 485-1:2008**

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English Version

Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Sheet, strip and plate - Part 1:  
Technical conditions for inspection and delivery

Aluminium et alliages d'aluminium - Tôles, bandes et tôles  
épaisses - Partie 1: Conditions techniques de contrôle et de  
livraison

Aluminium und Aluminiumlegierungen - Bänder, Bleche  
und Platten - Teil 1: Technische Lieferbedingungen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 19 January 2008.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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## Foreword

This document (EN 485-1:2008) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 132 "Aluminium and aluminium alloys", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2008, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2008.

This document supersedes EN 485-1:1993.

Within its programme of work, Technical committee CEN/TC 132 entrusted CEN/TC 132/WG 7 "*Sheets, strips and plates*" to revise EN 485-1:1993.

EN 485 comprises the following parts under the general title "*Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Sheet, strip and plate*":

- *Part 1: Technical conditions for inspection and delivery*
- *Part 2: Mechanical properties*
- *Part 3: Tolerances on dimensions and form for hot-rolled products*
- *Part 4: Tolerances on shape and dimensions for cold-rolled products*

Besides very slight additional adjustments in the text and update of normative references, the following technical changes have been made:

- Clause 1: thickness increased to 400 mm;
- addition of Clause 6 (previously in EN 485-2);
- Clause 7 amended;
- addition of Clause 10;
- addition of Bibliography.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

CEN/TC 132 affirms it is policy that in the case when a patentee refuses to grant licences on standardised standard products under reasonable and not discriminatory condition, then this product shall be removed from the corresponding document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

## 1 Scope

This document specifies the technical conditions for inspection and delivery of wrought aluminium and wrought aluminium alloy sheet, strip and plate for general engineering applications. It also includes provision for ordering and testing.

It applies to products with a thickness over 0,20 mm up to and including 400 mm.

It does not directly apply to semi-finished rolled products in coiled form to be subjected to further rolling (reroll stock) or to special applications such as aerospace, can stock, finstock, etc. which are dealt with in separate European Standards.

NOTE Most of these specific standards refer for some provisions to the present standard.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

prEN 485-2:2008<sup>1)</sup>, *Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Sheet, strip and plate — Part 2: Mechanical properties*

EN 485-3, *Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Sheet, strip and plate — Part 3: Tolerances on dimensions and form for hot-rolled products*

EN 485-4, *Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Sheet, strip and plate — Part 4: Tolerances on shape and dimensions for cold-rolled products*

EN 515, *Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Wrought products — Temper designations*

EN 573-3, *Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Chemical composition and form of wrought products - Part 3: Chemical composition and form of products*

EN 1669, *Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Test methods — Earing test for sheet and strip*

EN 2004-1, *Aerospace series — Test methods for aluminium and aluminium alloy products — Part 1: Determination of electrical conductivity of wrought aluminium alloys*

EN 10002-1, *Metallic materials — Tensile testing — Part 1: Method of test at ambient temperature*

EN 10204, *Metallic products — Type of inspection documents*

EN 12258-1:1998, *Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Terms and definitions — Part 1: General terms*

EN 14242, *Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Chemical analysis — Inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectral analysis*

EN 14361, *Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Chemical analysis — Sampling from metal melts*

EN ISO 7438, *Metallic materials — Bend test (ISO 7438:2005)*

EN ISO 20482, *Metallic materials — Sheet and strip — Erichsen cupping test (ISO 20482:2003)*

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1) Under preparation

ISO 9591, *Corrosion of aluminium alloys — Determination of resistance to stress corrosion cracking*

ASTM G34, *Standard Test Method for Exfoliation Corrosion Susceptibility in 2XXX and 7XXX Series Aluminum Alloys (EXCO Test)*

ASTM G47, *Standard Test Method for Determining Susceptibility to Stress-Corrosion Cracking of 2XXX and 7XXX Aluminum Alloy Products*

ASTM G66, *Standard Test Method for Visual Assessment of Exfoliation Corrosion Susceptibility of 5XXX Series Aluminum Alloys (ASSET Test)*

ASTM G67, *Standard Test Method for Determining the Susceptibility to Intergranular Corrosion of 5XXX Series Aluminum Alloys by Mass Loss After Exposure to Nitric Acid (NAMLT Test)*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 12258-1:1998 and the following apply.

#### 3.1

##### sheet/plate

flat rolled product of rectangular cross-section with uniform thickness between 0,20 mm and 6 mm for sheet or above 6 mm for plate, supplied in straight lengths (i.e. flat) usually with trimmed or sawn edges

NOTE 1 For sheet, the thickness does not exceed one-tenth of the width.

NOTE 2 Corrugated, embossed (with patterns, for example grooves, ribs, checkers, tears, buttons, lozenges), coated, edge conditioned and perforated products in this general form when derived from sheet as defined above are classified as sheet.

NOTE 3 Flat sheets and plates material between 3 mm and 15 mm are sometimes called "shate".

#### 3.2

##### strip

flat rolled product of rectangular cross-section with uniform thickness over 0,20 mm, supplied in coils usually with trimmed edges

NOTE 1 The thickness does not exceed one-tenth of the width.

NOTE 2 Corrugated, embossed (with patterns, for example grooves, ribs, checkers, tears, buttons, lozenges), coated, edge conditioned and perforated products in this general form when derived from sheet as defined above are classified as sheet.

NOTE 3 "Strip" is sometimes called "coil".

#### 3.3

##### order document

document or set of documents agreed between supplier and purchaser at the time of ordering

NOTE An order document can be an order of the purchaser confirmed by the supplier or a quotation of the supplier confirmed by the purchaser.

### 4 Ordering information

The order document shall contain the following:

a) form and type of product:

— form of the product (sheet, strip, plate, etc.);

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- designation of the aluminium or aluminium alloy;
- b) temper of the material for delivery according to EN 515 and, if different, the temper for use;
- c) reference to this European Standard;
- d) specification of mechanical properties, if additional to or different from prEN 485-2;
- e) reference to the standard for tolerances of form and dimensions (EN 485-3 or EN 485-4);
- f) dimensions and shape of the product:
  - thickness;
  - width;
  - length of sheet and plate, as applicable (in the rolling direction);
  - internal and external diameters of the coil, or dimension and type of the core, as applicable.

NOTE 1 Unless otherwise agreed, the length is the largest dimension of the sheet or plate and corresponds to the rolling direction.

- g) specification or tolerances, if additional to or different from EN 485-3 or EN 485-4;
- h) quantity:
  - mass or number of pieces;
  - quantity tolerances if required;
- i) any requirements for inspection documents;
- j) any other test, in addition to chemical analysis and tensile testing;
- k) any additional requirements, such as:
  - quality assurance;
  - specific inspection schemes;
  - marking of products;
  - references of drawing, etc.;
  - special packing requirements;
- l) for products intended for decorative anodizing by the purchaser, the order document shall also contain the following:
  - statement that the product is intended to be anodized;
  - intended particular surface treatment (according to the relevant European Standard);
  - whether a decorative appearance after anodizing is required for both sides and, if only one side, its position with respect to the strip (inside or outside of the coil) or the sheet or plate (upside or downside).

Products intended to form a specific area after anodizing (such as a façade) should be ordered in a single batch.



The order document should indicate the intended application.

NOTE 2 The codification scheme specified in EN 573-5 should be used.

## 5 Requirements

### 5.1 Responsibilities of the supplier and manufacturer

The supplier shall be responsible that all inspections and tests required by the relevant standard and/or the particular specification have been performed, prior to shipment of the product.

Unless otherwise specified in the order document, the production and manufacturing processes shall be left to the discretion of the manufacturer. Unless it is explicitly stated in the order document, no obligation shall be placed on the manufacturer to use the same processes for similar and subsequent orders.

### 5.2 Requirements on product properties

#### 5.2.1 Chemical composition

The chemical composition shall comply with the requirements as specified in EN 573-3.

If the purchaser requires content limits for elements not specified in the above standard, these limits shall be stated in the order document.

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#### 5.2.2 Mechanical properties

The mechanical properties determined by the tensile test shall be in conformity with those specified in prEN 485-2, if not otherwise stated in the order document. Other properties such as hardness, bending ability, isotropy, etc. can be specified in the order document.

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#### 5.2.3 Corrosion behaviour

Products made of 5xxx alloys with nominal magnesium content equal to or higher than 3 % in the H116 and H321 tempers shall be capable of exhibiting no evidence of exfoliation corrosion when subjected to ASTM G66 accelerated exfoliation corrosion susceptibility test and/or Intergranular corrosion susceptibility according to ASTM G67.

Plate exhibit made of alloys EN AW-7010 and EN AW-7075 in the T73 and T7351 tempers and over 25 mm in thickness, shall exhibit no evidence of stress-corrosion cracking when tested in accordance with ASTM G47 or in ISO 9591.

Products made of alloys EN AW-7010 and EN AW-7075 in the tempers T76 and T7651 shall be capable of exhibiting no evidence of exfoliation corrosion in excess of grade EB, as defined in ASTM G34, when subjected to the test specified in 6.10.2.

#### 5.2.4 Freedom from defects

The product shall be free from defects prejudicial to its suitable and proper use.

It shall have a smooth and clean surface. However small surface imperfections such as light scratches, indentations, laminations, stripes, roll marks, discolorations and non-uniform surface appearance resulting from heat-treatment, etc., which cannot always be totally avoided, are generally permitted on both sides of the product.

Whilst an operation designed to mask a defect is not permitted, superficial defects may be eliminated, provided that the dimensional tolerances and material properties continue to meet the specifications.