

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 12115:2011

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Nadomešča:

**SIST EN 12115:2000** 

Gumene in plastomerne cevi ter cevni priključki za tekoče in plinaste kemikalije - Specifikacija

Rubber and thermoplastics hoses and hose assemblies for liquid or gaseous chemicals - Specification

Gummi- und Kunststoffschläuche und -schlauchleitungen für flüssige oder gasförmige Chemikalien - Anforderungen (standards.iteh.ai)

Tuyaux et flexibles en caoutchouc et en matériaux thermoplastiques pour substances chimiques liquides ou gazeus es tel Spécification ls/sist/030f8ce7-040c-4aba-a6c0-88b0242eeb09/sist-en-12115-2011

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**EUROPEAN STANDARD** 

**EN 12115** 

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#### **English Version**

# Rubber and thermoplastics hoses and hose assemblies for liquid or gaseous chemicals - Specification

Tuyaux et assemblages flexibles en caoutchouc et en matériaux thermoplastiques pour substances chimiques liquides ou gazeuses - Spécifications

Gummi- und Kunststoffschläuche und -schlauchleitungen für flüssige oder gasförmige Chemikalien - Anforderungen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 30 November 2010.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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#### **Foreword**

This document (EN 12115:2011) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 218 "Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 12115:1999.

In comparison with EN 12115:1999 the following changes have been made:

- a) the test procedure to determine the electrical resistance through the hose wall is given in Annex A (normative);
- b) a list of hose lining material resistant to specific chemical substances, identified by CAS number, has been added as Annex F (informative) TANDARD PREVIEW
- c) the normative references have been updated dards.iteh.ai)

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

## Introduction

This European Standard has been prepared to provide minimum acceptable requirements for the satisfactory performance of flexible rubber and thermoplastics hoses and hose assemblies with unspecified reinforcement and linings of different types of synthetic rubbers and thermoplastics, for each chemical substance conveyed.

A list of hose lining material resistant to specific chemical substances, identified by CAS number, has been added as Annex F (informative). This list is for information only.

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### 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies requirements for two types of hose assemblies (Types D and SD) and four grades based on electrical properties with hoses made of rubber or thermoplastics and hose fittings made of metal designed to convey liquid or gaseous chemical substances, hereinafter termed the "chemicals conveyed".

The hose assemblies are intended for use with chemicals conveyed in the temperature range of -20 °C to +65 °C at a working pressure  $\leq$  10 bar<sup>1)</sup>.

NOTE 1 This European Standard sets out requirements for these hose assemblies to ensure that users are not exposed to danger from fire or explosion and that the environment is protected against contamination or damage.

NOTE 2 Other temperatures and working pressures than those given above can be agreed with the manufacturer, provided that the marking on the hose (see 14.1) states this and the requirements of Table 5 and all the other requirements are met.

- NOTE 3 Other diameters than those given in this European Standard can be agreed with the manufacturer.
- NOTE 4 This European Standard also provides guidance on the storage of hose assemblies (Clause 15).

NOTE 5 The attention of users is drawn to Annex F concerning the selection of lining material related to the chemical(s) to be conveyed by the hoses and/or hose assemblies.

This standard does not apply to hose assemblies for: DARD PREVIEW

	— aircraft refuelling (EN 1361); (standards.ite)	h.ai)
	— fuel dispensing (EN 1360); <u>SIST EN 12115:2011</u>	
_	— oil burners (EN ISO 6806); standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/03 88b0242eeb09/sist-en-1211:	0f8ce7-040c-4aba-a6c0- 5-2011
_	refrigerant circuits;	
	— fuel truck delivery (EN 1761);	
	— liquid petroleum gases (LPG) (EN 1762);	
	— fire fighting (EN ISO 14557);	
	<ul><li>— oil suction and discharge (EN 1765);</li></ul>	

fuel dispensing with vapour recovery system (EN 13483).

rotary drilling (EN ISO 6807);

This European Standard does not apply to multilayer hose assemblies (EN 13765 and EN 13766).

<sup>1)</sup> 1 bar = 0.1 MPa.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 10244-2, Steel wire and wire products — Non-ferrous metallic coatings on steel wire — Part 2: Zinc or zinc alloy coatings

EN 10270-1, Steel wire for mechanical springs — Part 1: Patented cold drawn unalloyed spring steel wire

EN 10270-2, Steel wire for mechanical springs — Part 2: Oil hardened and tempered spring steel wire

EN ISO 1402, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Hydrostatic testing (ISO 1402:2009)

EN ISO 1746, Rubber or plastics hoses and tubing — Bending tests (ISO 1746:1998, including technical corrigendum 1:1999)

EN ISO 4671, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Methods of measurement of the dimensions of hoses and the lengths of hose assemblies (ISO 4671:2007)

EN ISO 4672:1999, Rubber and plastics hoses — Sub-ambient temperature flexibility tests (ISO 4672:1997)

EN ISO 7233, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Determination of resistance to vacuum (ISO 7233:2006)

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EN ISO 7326, Rubber and plastics hoses — Assessment of ozone resistance under static conditions (ISO 7326:2006) (Standards.iteh.ai)

EN ISO 8031:2009, Rubber and plastics hose and hose assemblies — Determination of electrical resistance and conductivity (ISO 8031:2009) sitch ai/catalog/standards/sist/030f8ce7-040c-4aba-a6c0-

EN ISO 8033, Rubber and plastics hoses — Determination of adhesion between components (ISO 8033:2006)

EN ISO 8330:2008, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Vocabulary (ISO 8330:2007)

ISO 37, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of tensile stress-strain properties

ISO 188, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Accelerated ageing and heat resistance tests

ISO 1629, Rubber and latices — Nomenclature

ISO 1817, Rubber, vulcanized — Determination of the effect of liquids

ISO 4649:2002, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of abrasion resistance using a rotating cylindrical drum device

ISO 8331, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Guidelines for selection, storage, use and maintenance

BS 3592-1:1986, Steel wire for hose reinforcement — Specification for coated round and flat steel wire for rubber hose reinforcement

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN ISO 8330:2008 apply.

NOTE In this European Standard the word "fitting" has been used; this is, in some cases, interchangeable with the word "coupling".

#### 4 Classification

Hoses and hose assemblies for this application shall be divided into two types, according to their duty requirements:

- Type D: hoses and hose assemblies for delivery duty only;
- Type SD: hoses and hose assemblies for suction and delivery duty.

Hoses and hose assemblies for this application shall be divided into four grades:

- Grade M: electrically bonded;
- Grade Ω: electrically conductive; see EN ISO 8031:2009, Annex A for new recommended marking to indicate conductive lining, conductive cover or conductive lining and cover;
- Grade M/T: electrically bonded and with an electrical resistance through the hose wall not exceeding  $10^9 \Omega$ ;
- Grade  $\Omega/T$ : electrically conductive and with an electrical resistance through the hose wall not exceeding  $10^9 \Omega$ .

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# 5 Couplings and end fittings

Hoses shall be fitted with end fittings and couplings to form hose assemblies. Examples are given in Annex C. https://standards.iteh.a/catalog/standards/sist/030f8ce7-040c-4aba-a6c0-88b0242eeb09/sist-en-12115-2011

#### 6 Materials and construction

#### 6.1 General

Hoses Type D shall consist of a lining, reinforcement and a cover.

Hoses Type SD shall consist of a lining, reinforcement and a cover, and in addition incorporate one or more helixes.

#### 6.2 Lining

The lining shall be resistant to the chemical substances conveyed. The lining shall be uniform in quality and thickness and shall be free from porosity, air holes, foreign inclusions and other defects which could impair the expected use.

#### 6.3 Cover

The cover shall be resistant to mechanical damage, wear and environmental effects due to weather and short-term chemical exposure.

#### 6.4 Reinforcement

The reinforcement shall consist of a textile material which is resistant to the medium conveyed.

#### 6.5 Helical wires

The helix or helixes shall be fully embedded into the hose wall so that contact with the medium conveyed is avoided.

### 7 Dimensions and tolerances, typical masses

#### 7.1 Diameters, thickness, vacuum stability, bend radii and resistance to vacuum

The inside and outside diameters of the hoses, the minimum thickness of lining and cover and the minimum bend radius shall conform to the values given in Table 1 or Table 2 (depending on the type).

The Type D hoses shall be able to withstand an internal vacuum as specified in Table 1 (vacuum stability) without collapse or changes in diameter and length in excess of the values specified in Table 5.

Table 1 — Dimension requirements, Type D hoses

Nominal bore	Inside diameter	Tolerance	Outside diameter	Tolerance	Minimum thickness mm		Bend radius mm	Vacuum stability
	mm	mm	mm	mm	lining <sup>a</sup>	cover	min <sup>b</sup>	bar
13	13,0	iTeh S	23,0	ARD PI	REVIE	W	90	-0,5
19	19,0		31,0	ada itab		* *	125	
25	25,0	(2	37,0	rds.iteh	.ai)		150	
32	32,0	±0,5	4 <u>4.0</u> TEN	<u> 121‡3£011</u>	2,0	1,6	175	-0,4
38	38,0 http	os://standards.ite	01,00	ndards/sist/030f	8ce7-040c-4ab	oa-a6c0-	225	
50	50,0		66,0	SIST-CIF 12113	2011		275	
51	51,0	±0,7	67,0				275	-0,3
63	63,0		79,0	±1,2	2,0	2,0	300	
75	75,0		91,0				350 <sup>c</sup>	
76	76,0	±0,8	92,0				350 <sup>c</sup>	_
100	100,0		116,0				450 <sup>c</sup>	
101,5	101,5		118,0	±1,6			450 <sup>c</sup>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The dimensions for the minimum lining thickness do not apply to hoses made from materials PE-X/UPE and fluoro-plastics. The thickness for these materials shall be 0,4 mm.

The Type SD hoses shall be able to withstand an internal vacuum as specified in Table 2 (resistance to vacuum) and shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 5.

b The bend radii specified do not apply to hoses made from PE-X/UPE and fluoro-plastics where the value shall be 1,5 x the values shown above

Only applies to operation at not less than 1 bar, otherwise the hose will kink.

Table 2 — Dimension requirements, Type SD hoses

Nominal bore	Inside diameter	Tolerance	Outside diameter	Tolerance	Minimum thickness mm		Bend radius mm	Resistance to vacuum
	mm	mm	mm	mm	lining <sup>a</sup>	cover	min <sup>b</sup>	bar
19	19,0		31,0				125	
25	25,0		37,0				150	
32	32,0	±0,5	44,0	±1,0	1,6	1,6	175	
38	38,0		51,0				225	-0,8
50	50,0		66,0				275	
51	51,0	±0,7	67,0	±1,2	1,7	1,7	275	
63	63,0		79,0				300	
75	75,0		91,0	±1,2		1,7	350	
76	76,0	±0,8	92,0		1,8		350	
100	100,0		116,0				450	
101,5	101,5		118,0	±1,6		2,0	450	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The dimensions for the minimum lining thickness do not apply to hoses made from materials PE-X/UPE and fluoro-plastics. The thickness for these materials shall be 0,4 mm.

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#### 7.2 Concentricity

When determined in accordance with EN ISO 4671, the concentricity, based on a total indicator reading between the internal diameter and the outside surface of the cover, shall be  $\leq$  1,0 mm for hoses  $\leq$  51 nominal bore and  $\leq$  1,5 mm for hoses > 51 nominal bore.

# 7.3 Length of hose assemblies

The length of the hose assembly shall be the intended installed length measured from sealing surfaces of the end fittings.

For hose assembly lengths  $\leq$  1 000 mm the tolerance shall be (+15/-10) mm.

For hose assembly lengths > 1000 mm the tolerance shall be (+1.5/-1.0) %.

## 8 Physical properties of materials used for hoses

#### 8.1 General

The physical properties of the materials used for the lining and cover shall conform to the values given in Table 3, when tested in accordance with the methods listed in Table 3. Tests shall be carried out either on samples taken from the hose or from separately vulcanized sheets (to the same degree as the hose).

b The bend radii stated do not apply to hoses made from PE-X/UPE and fluoro-plastics where the value shall be 1,5 x the values shown above.

NOTE The cover is not intended to be in contact with the chemical conveyed. Whenever such contact occurs the cover of the hose should be examined for harmful effects.

Table 3 — Physical properties of materials

Property		Unit	Requirement		Test method
			Lining	Cover	
Tensile strength	min.	MPa	8,0	8,0	ISO 37 (dumbbell test pieces)
Elongation at break		%			
Fluoro-rubber (FKM)	min.		150	150	ISO 37
Other materials, see Table 4	min.		250	250	(dumbbell test pieces)
Ageing		%			
Tensile strength change	max.	from the	_	15	ISO 188
Elongation at break change	max.	un-aged value	_	20	(air-oven method) 7 days at (70 ± 1) °C
Abrasion resistance					
black filled compound iTeh STAmaxD		Amm³ P	REVI	200	ISO 4649:2002
non-black filled compound, coloured (standa		rds.ite	h.a <del>i)</del>	350	Method A

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# **8.2 Materials used for the lining** 8b0242eeb09/sist-en-12115-2011

The lining shall be made from the range of materials given in Table 4.

NOTE The characteristics within a material group can vary, e.g. dependent upon type of polymer, ratio of mixture and vulcanization method.

Table 4 — Materials groups for hose lining

Polymer <sup>a</sup> reference	Material for hose lining	Recommended colour coding on hose cover				
NBR 1	Acrylonitrile butadiene rubbers	crylonitrile butadiene rubbers Hoses for mineral oil products of all types less than 50 % aromatic				
NBR 2		Hoses for aromatic and chlorinated hydrocarbons and solvents				
NBR 3		Hoses for oily foodstuffs	White			
NR	Isoprene rubber (natural rubber), e.	No recommended colour				
IIR	Isobutene/Isoprene rubber (butyl ru	Lilac				
EPDM	Terpolymers made from ethylene unsaturated part portion of the dien					
CSM	Chlorosulfonated polyethylene	Green				
FKM	Rubbers with fluoro, fluoroalkyl or chain (fluoro-rubber)	Green and white				
PE-X/UPE	Cross-linked polyethylene/ultra-high	Blue and white				
b	Fluoro-plastics (e.g. PTFE, FFA, FE	Blue and white and a third colour				
a For alphabetic abbreviations see ISO 1629. SIST EN 12115:2011 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/030f8ce7-040c-4aba-a6c0-						

b No reference is given. Details of materials and their resistance against the chemical conveyed shall be agreed from manufacturer's information, see Annex F.

Other materials may be agreed between the manufacturers and user, but all requirements of this European Standard shall be met.

#### 8.3 Material of the helix

The helix or helixes shall consist of galvanized hard or mild steel wire, in accordance with EN 10270-1 or EN 10270-2 (galvanized to EN 10244-2), or to BS 3592-1:1986. Alternatively, the helix or helixes may, when required, consist of stainless steel wire, in accordance with EN 10088-3:2005, steel numbers 1.4306, 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4436.

#### 8.4 Materials of the end fittings and couplings

The material of end fittings and couplings, either metal or plastics, shall be chemically resistant to the substance conveyed. Information concerning suitability of various metals is given in Annex F.

#### 9 Performance requirements of hoses and hose assemblies

The physical properties of the finished hose and hose assemblies shall conform to the values given in Table 5, when tested in accordance with the appropriate methods given in Table 5.

Table 5 — Performance requirements of hoses and hose assemblies

Property	Unit	Requirement	Test method
Proof test pressure	_	No leakage or other signs of weakness 1,5 × the working pressure	EN ISO 1402
Change in length at proof test pressure at -0,8 respectively -0,9 bar vacuum	%	maximum allowed Type D 0 to +8 Type SD 0 to +10 Type SD -2 %	EN ISO 1402
Twist at proof test pressure .	°/m	maximum 8	EN ISO 1402
Resistance to vacuum, Vacuum according to Table 2 for 10 min	_	No failure, no collapse, no blisters or delamination of lining (Type SD)	EN ISO 7233
Vacuum stability Vacuum according to Table 1 for 10 minutes	%	No changes in diameter and/or length > -2 % (Type D)	EN ISO 7233
Burst pressure	bar	minimum four times the working pressure	EN ISO 1402
Adhesion between components, dry iTeh STAN	N/mm	minimum 2,4	EN ISO 8033
Crush recovery, Type SD only (peak compressive strength test)	dards.	maximum 3	Annex D
	ST EN 1211: og/standards/ eeb09/sist-en	No cracking observed under  × 2 magnification  sist 03018ce 7-040c-4aba-a6c0-  12115-2011	EN ISO 7326 relative humidity $(55 \pm 10)$ %, ozone concentration $(50 \pm 5)$ pphm, elongation 20 % Test duration: $(72_{-2}^{0})$ h. Test temperature: $(40 \pm 2)$ °C
Flammability test	_	<ul> <li>a) Burning with a naked flame to cease within 20 s of removal of the burner;</li> <li>b) No further glowing visible 2 min after removal of the burner;</li> <li>c) Hose shall show no sign of leakage.</li> </ul>	Annex E
Electrical properties	Ω	10²/ assembly-M-grade 10 <sup>6</sup> / assembly-Ω-grade	EN ISO 8031:2009, Clause 4
		10 <sup>9</sup> / hose wall-T-grade	EN ISO 8031:2009, 4.9