

Designation: D5824 - 98 (Reapproved 2003)

Standard Test Method for Determining Resistance to Delamination of Adhesive Bonds in Overlay-Wood Core Laminates Exposed to Heat and Water¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D5824; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method provides a procedure to determine the quality of bond between an overlay and a wood core in an adhesively bonded laminate. The quality of bond is determined by measuring the resistance to delamination of the adhesively bonded laminate when tested under specific conditions of preparation, conditioning, and testing. Such products include, but are not limited to, window and door components, such as stiles and rails, and other overlaid panels. Typical wood-based cores are finger-jointed lumber, particleboard, oriented strand board, and hardboard. Typical overlays would be veneer, high-pressure laminate, high-density polyethylene, and fiberglass-reinforced plastic.
- 1.2 Adhesive bond performance as measured by resistance to delamination in this test method is suitable for use in adhesive product development, manufacturing quality control, and monitoring bonding processes.
- 1.3 This test method does not provide guidance for determining bond line performance for plywood products.
- 1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D907 Terminology of Adhesives

D4442 Test Methods for Direct Moisture Content Measurement of Wood and Wood-Base Materials

D5266 Practice for Estimating the Percentage of Wood Failure in Adhesive Bonded Joints

E6 Terminology Relating to Methods of Mechanical TestingE41 Terminology Relating To Conditioning

E177 Practice for Use of the Terms Precision and Bias in ASTM Test Methods

E691 Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method

3. Terminology

- 3.1 *Definitions*—Certain terms in this test method are defined in Terminologies D907, E6, and E41.
- 3.1.1 *delamination*, *n*—the separation of layers in a laminate because of failure of the adhesive, either in the adhesive itself or at the interface between the adhesive and the adherend. (See Terminology D907.)
- 3.1.2 *overlay*, *n*—a uniform layer of material, usually in the form of a sheet, adhesively bonded to an adherend with the purpose of improving the appearance or physical properties of the laminate.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 *edge*, *n*—*in an adhesively bonded laminate*, the dimension along its length [and parallel to the grain] where the overlay is bonded to the core.
- 3.2.2 *end*, *n*—*in an adhesively bonded laminate*, the dimension which is perpendicular to the length of the laminate where the overlay is bonded to the core.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D14 on Adhesives and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D14.30 on Wood Adhesives

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

4. Significance and Use

- 4.1 This test method measures quantitatively the effects of water soaking and drying, and their associated swelling and shrinking stresses on adhesive bonds in overlay-laminated assemblies.
- 4.2 Adhesive bond performance is based on the ability of the adhesive and adhesive bonds to resist delamination during accelerated exposure to water and heat.
- 4.3 Resistance to delamination when subjected to environmental factors is critical to the performance of the laminated assembly in service.
- 4.4 This test method is to be used to determine the quality of adhesive bonds in overlay-wood core laminates after the adhesive has been certified by a specification appropriate for the product, class, and end use.

5. Apparatus

- 5.1 Oven(s)—Forced-air oven capable of maintaining 170 \pm 5°F (77 \pm 3°C), with sufficient air circulation to ensure that the prescribed drying temperature is uniformly maintained when the oven is fully loaded and the air flow is parallel to the faces of the specimens. A mechanism is to be provided for moisture to be removed from the chamber during drying of the specimens.
- 5.1.1 Use an oven to accommodate a sufficient number of test specimens and to provide for at least 3-in. (76-mm) separation between the test specimens so that the drying temperature is uniformly maintained.
- 5.2 Vacuum-Pressure Vessel—Autoclave or similar vessel capable of withstanding 80-psi (562-kPa) pressure, equipped with a pump or similar device capable of drawing a vacuum of 25 in. Hg (84.4 kPa). Provide a system so that pressure is maintained at 75 psi (517 kPa).
- 5.2.1 Use a vessel so that all the specimens are at least 2 in. (51 mm) below the water level during the complete cycle.

6. Test Specimens

- 6.1 Cut laboratory specimens from prepared test panels (see Fig. 1) as described in Sections 7 and 8 to the form and dimensions shown in Fig. 2 and Table 1.
- 6.2 Cut field specimens from test panels (see Fig. 3) to the form and dimensions shown in Fig. 2 and Table 1. When the

- nominal width of the panel is used, the edges are to be prepared as the product would exist in service.
- 6.3 Test ten specimens, representing at least four different panels.

7. Preparation and Conditioning of Laboratory Test Panels

- 7.1 Select veneer, either rotary cut or sliced, 0.063 in. (1.6) mm) in thickness, and wood-based core, a minimum of 0.5 in. (13 mm) in thickness, so that they are free from defects such as knots, cracks, rough surfaces, or any unusual amount of discoloration. The species and type of veneer and composition of the wood core are to be agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer of the adhesive. As an alternative to veneer, specific overlays can be used as agreed upon between the purchaser and the adhesive manufacturer. Surface the core to a thickness tolerance of ± 0.005 in. (0.13 mm) (see Table 1). If finger-jointed/edge-bonded core stock is used, it must remain intact without delamination during the test cycle. Both the veneer and the wood-based core are to be $\pm 1\%$ of the moisture content recommended by the manufacture of the adhesive. In the absence of such a recommendation, the moisture content is to be from 10 to 12 %, based on oven-dry weight as determined on representative samples in accordance with Method A of Test Methods D4442. Cut the veneer and wood core to a suitable size and grain orientation in order to build a panel with the grain of the veneer parallel to the grain of the wood core. A size that has been found to be convenient is shown in Fig. 1.
- 7.2 Follow the adhesive manufacturer's instructions for conditions and procedures for preparing the adhesive and applying it to the wood core, as well as for assembling, pressing, and curing the panel.
- 7.3 After assembly, condition the panels for a period of seven days (or until the panels reach equilibrium) at a relative humidity of 50 ± 2 % and a temperature of 73.4 ± 2 °F (23 ± 1 °C), or condition them in accordance with a specific recommendation by the adhesive manufacturer.

8. Preparation of Specimens

- 8.1 Laboratory Specimens:
- 8.1.1 Prepare the test panels as described in Section 7.

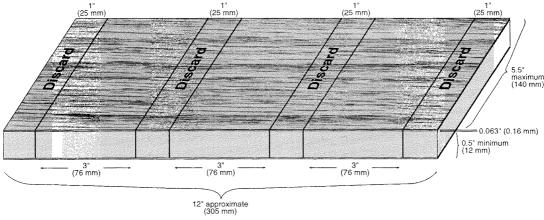


FIG. 1 Laboratory Test Panel