

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 7225:2007

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Nadomešča:

SIST EN 1089-2:2003 SIST ISO 7225:1996

Plinske jeklenke - Nalepke o nevarnosti (ISO 7225:2005)

Gas cylinders - Precautionary labels (ISO 7225:2005)

Ortsbewegliche Gasflaschen - Gasflaschen-Kennzeichnung (ISO 7225:2005)

Bouteilles a gaz - Étiquettes de risque (ISO 7225:2005) ai)

SIST EN ISO 7225:2007

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten 2. log/star EN ISO 7225:2007 df3-9fecbe913d8eab88/sist-en-iso-7225-2007

ICS:

13.300 Varstvo pred nevarnimi Protection against dangerous

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23.020.30 Tlačne posode, plinske Pressure vessels, gas

jeklenke cylinders

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM **EN ISO 7225**

May 2007

ICS 23.020.30

Supersedes EN 1089-2:2002

English Version

Gas cylinders - Precautionary labels (ISO 7225:2005)

Bouteilles à gaz - Étiquettes de risque (ISO 7225:2005)

Ortsbewegliche Gasflaschen - Gasflaschen-Kennzeichnung (ISO 7225:2005)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 10 May 2007.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

EN ISO 7225:2007 (E)

Foreword

The text of ISO 7225:2005 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 58 "Gas cylinders" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 7225:2007 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 23 "Transportable gas cylinders", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2007.

This document supersedes EN 1089-2:2002.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 7225:2005 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 7225:2007 without any modifications. (standards.iteh.ai)

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 7225

Second edition 2005-07-15

Gas cylinders — Precautionary labels

Bouteilles à gaz — Étiquettes de risque

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 7225 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 58, *Gas cylinders*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Operational requirements for gas cylinders*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 7225:1994), which has been technically revised. (standards.iteh.ai)

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Introduction

This International Standard belongs to a series of standards specifying gas cylinder identification requirements:

- ISO 13769, Gas cylinders Stamp marking
- ISO 7225, Gas cylinders Precautionary labels
- ISO 32, Gas cylinders for medical use Marking for identification of content

The purpose of using precautionary labels on gas cylinders is to facilitate the identification of each cylinder and its content and to warn of the principal hazards associated with the said contents. Such labels can also serve to give other essential information such as the names and chemical formula of the gas or gas mixture and supplementary instructions on precautionary measures.

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Gas cylinders — Precautionary labels

Scope

This International Standard specifies the design, content (i.e. hazard symbols and text) and application of precautionary labels intended for use on individual gas cylinders containing single gases or gas mixtures. Labels for cylinders of bundles and labels for bundles are not covered by this International Standard.

Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

2.1

hazard label

square set at an angle of 45° (diamond-shaped) as referenced in the United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods - Model Regulations PREVIEW

Sometimes referred to as risk label dards.iteh.ai) NOTE

Design and content of precautionary labels https://standards.iteh.avcatalog/standards/sist/ecc16433-a9d5-4df3-9fec-

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3.1 General

Precautionary labels shall be in accordance with the United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods — Model Regulations or other applicable transport regulations. See Annex A for examples of hazard labels.

Precautionary labels shall be designed, attached and maintained so they are clearly visible and legible.

Precautionary labels shall consist of two components:

- a diamond-shaped part or parts, i.e. a primary hazard label and in cases where two or three kinds of hazard require identification – one or two subsidiary hazard labels;
- b) a panel.

Where two or three hazard labels are necessary, the subsidiary hazard label(s) shall be placed to the right of the primary hazard label. Labels may overlap as illustrated in Figures 1 to 3. In all cases, the labels representing the primary hazard and the numbers appearing on any label shall remain fully visible, and the symbols shall be recognizable.

The labels and panels as shown in Figures 1 to 4 may be manufactured separately and assembled on the gas cylinder.

Figures 1 to 4 show examples of arrangements of the label(s) and panel; other arrangements of the label(s) are permissible (e.g. the label may be above or beneath the panel).