

---

**Fluidna tehnika - Hidravlika - Valji z enostransko batnico srednje vrste 16 MPa (160 bar) in vrste 25 MPa (250 bar) - Tolerance**

Hydraulic fluid power -- Single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) medium and 25 MPa (250 bar) series -- Tolerances

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

Transmissions hydrauliques -- Vérins 16 MPa (160 bar) série moyenne et 25 MPa (250 bar), à simple tige -- Tolérances

[SIST ISO 8135:2000](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0105b27-5eb6-4367-8fb9-597c41099dff/sist-iso-8135-2000)

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z:**

**ISO 8135:1999**

---

**ICS:**

23.100.20

Pnevmatika

Cylinders

**SIST ISO 8135:2000**

**en**

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**

SIST ISO 8135:2000

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0f05bf27-5eb6-4367-8fb9-397c41099dff/sist-iso-8135-2000>

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO  
8135**

Second edition  
1999-03-01

---

---

## Hydraulic fluid power — Single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) medium and 25 MPa (250 bar) series — Tolerances

*Transmissions hydrauliques — Vérins 16 MPa (160 bar) série moyenne  
et 25 MPa (250 bar) à simple tige — Tolérances*

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW  
(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST ISO 8135:2000

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0f05bf27-5eb6-4367-8fb9-397c41099dff/sist-iso-8135-2000>



Reference number  
ISO 8135:1999(E)

**ISO 8135:1999(E)****Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 8135 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 131, *Fluid power systems*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Cylinders*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8135:1986), which has been technically revised.

Annex A of this International Standard is for information only.

**STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**

SIST ISO 8135:2000

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0f05bf27-5eb6-4367-8fb9-397c41099dff/sist-iso-8135-2000>

© ISO 1999

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization  
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland  
Internet iso@iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

## Introduction

In hydraulic fluid power systems, power is transmitted and controlled through a liquid under pressure within an enclosed circuit.

One component of such systems is the fluid power cylinder. This is a device which converts power into linear mechanical force and motion. It consists of a movable element, i.e. a piston and piston rod, operating within a cylindrical bore.

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST ISO 8135:2000

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0f05bf27-5eb6-4367-8fb9-397c41099dff/sist-iso-8135-2000>

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**

SIST ISO 8135:2000

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0f05bf27-5eb6-4367-8fb9-397c41099dff/sist-iso-8135-2000>

# Hydraulic fluid power — Single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) medium and 25 MPa (250 bar) series — Tolerances

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies dimensional tolerances for 16 MPa [160 bar<sup>1)</sup>] medium and 25 MPa (250 bar) series cylinders in accordance with ISO 6020-1 and ISO 6022, as required for interchangeability of commonly used hydraulic cylinders

## 2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 4393:1978, *Fluid power systems and components — Cylinders — Basic series of piston strokes*.

ISO 5598:1985, *Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary*.

ISO 6020-1:1998, *Hydraulic fluid power — Mounting dimensions for single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) series — Part 1: Medium series*.

ISO 6022:1981, *Hydraulic fluid power — Single rod cylinders — Mounting dimensions — 250 bar (25 000 kPa) series*.

ISO 6099:1985, *Fluid power systems and components — Cylinders — Identification code for mounting dimensions and mounting types*.

## 3 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the definitions given in ISO 5598 and the following definitions apply.

### 3.1

#### **cylinder**

device which converts fluid power into linear mechanical force and motion

### 3.2

#### **cylinder bore**

internal diameter of the cylinder

### 3.3

#### **piston rod**

element transmitting mechanical force and motion from the piston

<sup>1)</sup> 1 bar = 0,1 MPa = 10<sup>5</sup> Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

## 4 Tolerances

### 4.1 Tolerances for piston strokes

4.1.1 The nominal strokes shall be selected from the recommended values given in ISO 4393.

4.1.2 The tolerances on piston strokes shall be as given in table 1.

### 4.2 Tolerances for mounting dimensions

See table 2 for mounting dimension tolerances that are dependent on stroke, and table 3 for mounting dimension tolerances that are independent of stroke.

## 5 Identification statement (reference to this International Standard)

Use the following statement in test reports, catalogues and sales literature when electing to comply with this International Standard:

"Tolerances selected in accordance with ISO 8135:1999, *Hydraulic fluid power — Single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) medium and 25 MPa (250 bar) series — Tolerances.*"

Table 1 — Tolerances on piston strokes

Values in millimetres

Nominal stroke	Tolerance
stroke $\leq$ 1 250	+2 0
1 250 < stroke $\leq$ 3 150	+5 0
3 150 < stroke $\leq$ 8 000	+8 0



Table 2 — Mounting dimension tolerances that are dependent on stroke

Values in millimetres

Code for mounting dimensions <sup>1)</sup>	Y	PJ <sup>2)</sup>	WF	WC	W	XS	SS <sup>2)</sup>	XC <sup>2)</sup>
Code for mounting types <sup>1)</sup>	basic	basic	basic	MF3	MF1	MS2	MS2	MP3
Nominal stroke	Tolerances							
stroke $\leq$ 1 250	$\pm 2$	$\pm 1,5$	$\pm 2$	$\pm 2$	$\pm 2$	$\pm 2$	$\pm 1,5$	$\pm 1,5$
1 250 < stroke $\leq$ 3 150	$\pm 4$	$\pm 3$	$\pm 4$	$\pm 4$	$\pm 4$	$\pm 4$	$\pm 3$	$\pm 3$
3 150 < stroke $\leq$ 8 000	$\pm 8$	$\pm 5$	$\pm 8$	$\pm 8$	$\pm 8$	$\pm 8$	$\pm 5$	$\pm 5$

Code for mounting dimensions <sup>1)</sup>	XD <sup>2)</sup>	XO <sup>2)</sup>	XN <sup>2)</sup>	XV	ZJ <sup>2)</sup>	ZP/ZF <sup>2)</sup>	ZB <sup>2)</sup>
Code for mounting types <sup>1)</sup>	MP4	MP5	MP6	MT4	basic	MF2 MF4	MF1 MF3 MF4
Nominal stroke	Tolerances						
stroke ≤ 1 250	± 1,5	± 1,5	± 1,5	± 2	± 1,5	± 1,5	max.
1 250 < stroke ≤ 3 150	± 3	± 3	± 3	± 4	± 3	± 3	
3 150 < stroke ≤ 8 000	± 5	± 5	± 5	± 8	± 5	± 5	
1) See ISO 6099 <a href="https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0f05bf27-5eb6-4367-8fb9-397c41097a0f/sist-iso-8135-2000">SIST ISO 8135:2000 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0f05bf27-5eb6-4367-8fb9-397c41097a0f/sist-iso-8135-2000</a> 2) Length including stroke. Stroke tolerances from table 1 shall not be added to the tolerances in table 2.							