INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Internal combustion engines — Piston rings — Expander/segment oil-control rings

Moteurs à combustion interne — Segments de piston — Segments racleurs régulateurs d'huile/expandeurs

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<u>ISO 6627:2000</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/67d681c9-33b1-4bb8-a3d8-1194c2fc2c35/iso-6627-2000



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 6627 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, Road vehicles.

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Introduction

ISO 6627 is one of a series of International Standards dealing with piston rings for reciprocating internal combustion engines. Others are ISO 6621, ISO 6622, ISO 6623; ISO 6624, ISO 6625 and ISO 6626 (see clause 2 and the bibliography).

The common features and dimensional tables included in ISO 6627 represent a broad range of variables. In selecting a ring type, the designer will above all need to consider the particular operating conditions. Moreover, it is essential that the designer refer to the specifications and requirements of ISO 6621-3 and ISO 6621-4 before completing the selection.

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Internal combustion engines — Piston rings — Expander/segment oil-control rings

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the essential dimensional features of expander/segment oil-control rings, without providing a complete product description (because expander-spacer design varies from piston-ring manufacturer to piston-ring manufacturer, the interaction between the manufacturer and the client will determine specific design details).

This International Standard applies to expander/segment oil-control rings of nominal diameters ranging from 40 mm to 125 mm for reciprocating internal combustion engines. It also applies to piston rings for compressors working under analogous conditions.

2 Normative references

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The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 6621-2, Internal combustion engines — Piston rings — Part 2: Inspection measuring principles.

ISO 6621-3, Internal combustion engines — Piston rings — Part 3: Material specifications.

ISO 6621-4, Internal combustion engines — Piston rings — Part 4: General specifications.

ISO 6626, Internal combustion engines — Piston rings — Coil-spring-loaded oil control rings.

3 Symbols and abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this International Standard, the symbols and abbreviated terms in Table 1 apply.

Symbol Abbreviation	Description
<i>a</i> ₁	Segment radial wall thickness
a ₈	Spacer radial thickness
ag	Expander radial thickness
a ₁₁	Assembly radial thickness
a ₁₄	Seating tab height
<i>d</i> ₁	Nominal ring assembly diameter (nominal diameter)
<i>h</i> ₁	Nominal assembly width
h ₉	Expander width
h ₁₀	Segment width near inside diameter (ID), after coiling
h ₁₁	Segment width near outside diameter (OD), after coiling and surface treatment or plating
h ₁₂	Nominal segment width STANDARD PREVIEW
h ₁₃	Spacer width (standards.iteh.ai)
<i>p</i> _o	Nominal contact pressure
<i>P</i> ou	Unit contact pressure ds. iteh. ai/catalog/standards/sist/67d681c9-33b1-4bb8-a3d8-
s ₁	Segment closed gap; stagger gap 2fc2c35/iso-6627-2000
Ft	Tangential force
F _{tc}	Specific tangential force
θ	Nominal seating tab angle
CR1CR3	Chromium-plating thickness
ES1ES4	Types of expander/segment oil-control rings
PNH	High nominal pressure
PNL	Low nominal pressure
PNM	Medium nominal pressure
PNR	Reduced nominal pressure
PNV	Very high nominal pressure
NS010-NS050	Nitrided surface (segment)
NX	Nitrided surface (expander-spacer)

Table 1 — Symbols and abbreviations

4 Ring types and designations

4.1 Types of expander/segment oil-control rings

The more common designs (expander-spacers, segments and corresponding assemblies) in general use are shown in Figure 1.

NOTE The designations of design types ES3 and ES4 are different to the designations for those types given in ISO/TR 6627:1992.



Key

1 Centring pad (optional)

Figure 1 — Expander/segment oil-control ring designs

General features 4.2

The expander/segment assembly shall be in accordance with Figure 2.











c) Segment



d) Section A-A

Key

- Seating tab 1
- Expander-spacer ends 2
- 3 Peripheral surface
- Stagger segments gaps and expander ends (all three components)^{a, b} 4
- а Stagger angle should be larger than 30°.
- b For assembly arrangement regarding tangential force, see ISO 6621-2.
- Seating tab angle dimensions are defined in Table 2. С

Figure 2 — Expander/segment assembly

4.3 Designation examples

The following are examples of piston ring designations in accordance with this International Standard.

EXAMPLE 1 Expander/segment oil-control ring type ES1 (ES1) of nominal diameter $d_1 = 90$ mm (90) and nominal assembly width $h_1 = 3$ mm (3), with segments made of unalloyed steel subclass 68 (MC68), a chromium-plated peripheral surface of minimum thickness 0,05 mm (CR1), and with an expander made of 16 % Cr (min.) austenitic steel, of material subclass 67 (MC67) and tangential force, F_t , according to the medium nominal contact pressure class (PNM):

Piston ring ISO 6627 ES1-90 × 3-MC68/CR1-MC67/PNM

EXAMPLE 2 Expander/segment oil-control ring type ES2 (ES2) of nominal diameter $d_1 = 90$ mm (90) and nominal assembly width $h_1 = 2,5$ mm (2,5), with segments made of 11 % Cr (min.) martensitic steel, subclass 65 (MC65), nitrided on the peripheral and inside surfaces (NS020) to a minimum depth of 0,020 mm on the peripheral surface, and with an expander made of 16 % Cr (min.) austenitic steel, of material subclass 67 (MC67), nitrided on the surface (NX), and tangential force, F_t , according to the reduced nominal contact pressure class (PNR):

Piston ring ISO 6627 ES2-90 × 2,5-MC65/NS020-MC67/NXPNR

5 Common features

5.1 Expander-spacer

5.1.1 Design considerations

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In order to optimize the fit of the oil ring assembly into the engine cylinder bore, the following should be considered in the design of the expander/segment oil control rings: **US.IUEN.a1**)

- total circumferential deflection of the expanders 0 6627:2000

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- piston groove depth;
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- features on the lands adjacent to the oil ring groove;
- groove-corner radius.

5.1.2 Without surface treatment

The expander-spacer lacking surface treatment is typically used together with chromium-plated segments (see 5.2.1).

5.1.3 Nitrided surface (NX)

The expander-spacer with a nitrided surface is typically used together with nitrided segments (see 5.2.2).

In respect of the nitriding case depth of nitrided expander-spacers, the minimum case depth shall be 0,003 mm, while the appropriate tolerance is $\frac{+0,012}{0}$ mm.

- NOTE 1 The specification for NX applies at all areas of contact between the expander-spacer and the segments.
- NOTE 2 For the definition of nitriding case depth, see ISO 6621-2.