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Toplotnoizolacijski proizvodi za stavbe - Proizvodi iz ekspandiranega perlita (EP), oblikovani na mestu vgradnje - 2. del: Specifikacija za vgrajene izolacijske proizvode

Thermal insulating products for buildings - In-situ thermal insulation formed from expanded perlite (EP) products - Part 2: Specification for the installed products

Wärmedämmstoffe für Gebäude - An der Verwendungsstelle hergestellte Wärmedämmung mit Produkten aus Blähperlit (EP) - Teil 2: Spezifikation für die eingebauten Produkte (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 14316-2:2007
Produits isolants thermiques pour le bâtiment - Isolation thermique formée en place à
base de granulats légers de perlite expansée (EP) - Partie 2: Spécification des produits
mis en place

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 14316-2:2007

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Thermal and sound insulating materials

SIST EN 14316-2:2007

en;de

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English Version

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insulation formed from expanded perlite (EP) products - Part 2:
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eingebauten Produkte

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 2 December 2006.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

THE STANDARD PREVIEW
(standardpreview)

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

<https://standards.cen.europa.eu/catalog/standards/sist-en-14316-2-2007-6133b5bb70af/sist-en-14316-2-2007>



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Contents

	page
Foreword	3
1 Scope	4
2 Normative references	4
3 Terms, definitions, symbols, units and abbreviated terms	4
4 Requirements	5
5 In-situ measurements	6
6 Installer's declaration	6
Annex A (informative) Suitability of the building and the insulation product	7
Bibliography	8

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<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ed36dc9c-855c-4c8f-81db-6133b5bb70af/sist-en-14316-2-2007>

Foreword

This document (EN 14316-2:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 88 "Thermal insulating materials and products", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2007.

This draft European Standard consists of two parts. The first part, which is the harmonised part satisfying the mandate, covers the products which are placed on the market, and the second part, which is the non-harmonised part covers the specification for the installed products.

Part 1 of this European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports the essential requirements of the EU Directives.

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of Part 1 of this document.

Attention is drawn to the need to take into account any complementary member state rules (e.g. installation rules) which together with this European Standard ensures the fitness for purpose of the installed product.

This European Standard is one of a series for mineral wool, expanded clay, expanded perlite, exfoliated vermiculite, polyurethane/polyisocyanurate, cellulose and urea formaldehyde in-situ formed insulation products used in buildings, but this standard can be used in other areas where appropriate.

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ed36dc9c-855c-4c8f-81db-6123b5b20>

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the requirements covering the four product types of expanded perlite products Perlite Aggregate (EPA), Coated Perlite (EPC), Hydrophobic Perlite (EPH) and Premixed Perlite (EPM), containing less than 1 % organic material as defined by Annex D of EN 14316-1:2004 for in-situ insulation of roofs, ceilings, walls and floors.

This Part 2 of the standard is a specification for the installed products.

This Part 2 of this standard specifies the checks and test procedures to be used for the declaration made by the installer of the product.

This European Standard does not specify the required level of all properties to be achieved by a product to demonstrate fitness for purpose in a particular application. The required levels are to be found in regulations or non-conflicting standards.

This European Standard does not include factory made insulation products of formed shapes and boards made with expanded perlite or in-situ products intended to be used for the insulation of building equipment and industrial installations.

This European Standard does not specify performance requirements for airborne sound insulation and for acoustic absorption applications.

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The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies: [SIST EN 14316-2:2007](http://standards.iteh.ai/standards/14316-2-2007) (2007-05-01)

EN 823:1994, *Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of thickness*

EN 14316-1:2004, *Thermal insulation products for buildings — In-situ thermal insulation formed from expanded perlite (EP) products — Part 1: Specification for bonded and loose-fill products before installation*

prEN ISO 9229:2005, *Thermal insulation — Definitions of terms (ISO/DIS 9229:2005)*

3 Terms, definitions, symbols, units and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in prEN ISO 9229:2005 and the following apply.

3.1.1

expanded perlite

lightweight granular (insulation) material manufactured from naturally occurring volcanic rock expanded by heat to form a cellular structure

3.1.2

loose fill insulation

in-situ insulation formed by pouring the granular material into the void or cavity, without the use of a bonding material

3.1.3**bonded insulation**

in-situ insulation formed by bonding the expanded perlite to itself, or to itself and the surface of the roof or ceiling

3.1.4**specifier**

person responsible for the amount and thickness of the insulation and the type of product to be used in a particular installation

NOTE The specifier could be the installation contractor but is more likely to be the architect or other qualified engineer.

3.1.5**installer**

person, company or organization which is responsible for the process of installing the insulation product

3.1.6**installed insulation thickness**

insulation thickness as installed by the installer

3.2 Symbols and units

Symbols and units used in this part of the standard:

d_i	is the installed thickness of the product	iTech STANDARD PREVIEW	m
d_r	is the required thickness of the product	(standards.iteh.ai)	m
λ_D	is the declared thermal conductivity		W/(m x K)
R_D	is the declared thermal resistance		$m^2 \times K/W$
R_s	is the specified thermal resistance	<small>SIST EN 14316-2:2007 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ed36dc9c-855c-4c8f-81db-6133b5bb70af/sist-en-14316-2-2007</small>	$m^2 \times K/W$

4 Requirements

4.1 General

The installer shall use an insulation product that complies with EN 14316-1.

The installer shall inspect the building in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines and national regulations, in order to determine whether it is suitable for application of the product. Guidance is given in Annex A.

NOTE 1 For calculating the thermal resistance of complete building elements involving the use of these products the procedures given in EN ISO 6946 can be used.

NOTE 2 EN ISO 10456 describes how the design thermal conductivity is calculated from the declared thermal conductivity.

4.2 Thermal resistance

4.2.1 Required thickness

The required thermal resistance is obtained using a suitable thickness of expanded perlite. The required thickness shall be calculated by the specifier before installation starts according to the formula:

$$d_r = R_s \lambda_D \quad (1)$$

4.2.2 Declared thermal resistance

The declared thermal resistance, R_D , shall be calculated from the installed thickness, d_i , and the corresponding declared thermal conductivity value, λ_D , where $R_D = d_i/\lambda_D$

4.3 Installed insulation thickness

The mean value of the installed thickness (5.1) shall not be less than the required thickness. No individual value shall be less than 80 % of the specified value.

5 In-situ measurements

5.1 Installed insulation thickness

The installed insulation thickness of the insulation layer shall be measured by the installer and declared.

The method of verification will vary depending on the building and the method of application. Verification shall include reference to guides or level marks placed before installation and direct measurement after installation using a calibrated depth gauge. At least five insulation thickness measurements in different places shall be made for each 100 m² insulation area. In case of dispute the installed insulation thickness shall be measured in accordance with EN 823:1994, Annex A, pin and plate method.

5.2 Cavity width

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The width of a cavity shall be measured through suitable holes using a calibrated depth gauge and declared as thickness of the insulation. At least five cavity width measurements in different places shall be made for each 100 m² insulation area. The measurements will normally be carried out by the specifier, before installation starts.

[SIST EN 14316-2:2007](#)

NOTE The total number of measurements necessary to determine the nominal cavity width should take into account the construction of the building and possible damage to any cladding.

5.3 Cavity fill

The installer shall check to ensure that a cavity is full.

6 Installer's declaration

The specifier in conjunction with the installer shall declare to the customer that the work has been carried out in accordance with the requirements of this standard using an insulation product that complies with EN 14316-1.

The installer shall declare at least the following information:

- trade name and designation code of the installed product;
- declared thermal resistance;
- required thickness;
- installed thickness;
- volume of insulation material used;
- date of installation.

The installer shall also declare that the work has been carried out according to the specified procedure.

Annex A (informative)

Suitability of the building and the insulation product

A.1 Building

The installer should ensure that the roofs, ceiling, walls and floors are structurally sound and the area suitable to contain loose fill products or receive the bonded insulation. This assessment should take into account all aspects of the proposed installation.

On ceilings and floors with a joist or beam system the substrate should be continuous to ensure retention of loose fill insulation products.

Provision should be made for attic ventilation and vapour barriers, if necessary, prior to installation of the insulation product in accordance with local building regulations and practice.

Where services such as pipes pass through the construction adequate precaution should be taken to ensure that the insulation product is retained in the area to be insulated.

Roof and floor surfaces should be clean, dry and free of extraneous materials.

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A.2 Insulation product

SIST EN 14316-2:2007

The installer should ensure that for: <http://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ed36dc9c-855c-4c8f-81db-6133b5bb70af/sist-en-14316-2-2007>

- loose fill insulation the containers of insulation product are checked to ensure that the designation details agree with those given by the specifier;
- bonded insulation the designation details of the insulation product and any other materials required are checked to ensure that they agree with the requirements of the specifier.