
**Rubber compounding ingredients —
Carbon black — Determination of ash**

*Ingrédients de mélange du caoutchouc — Noir de carbone —
Détermination du taux de cendres*

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[ISO 1125:1999](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0357b4f5-16ae-4225-ac06-9830b0217308/iso-1125-1999)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0357b4f5-16ae-4225-ac06-9830b0217308/iso-1125-1999>



Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 1125 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 45, *Rubber and rubber products*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Raw materials (including latex) for use in the rubber industry*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 1125:1990), which has have been technically revised.

STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)
ISO 1125:1999
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0357b4f5-16ae-4225-ac06-9830b0217308/iso-1125-1999>

© ISO 1999

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland
Internet iso@iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

Rubber compounding ingredients — Carbon black — Determination of ash

WARNING — Persons using this International Standard should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for determining the ash of all types of carbon black for use in the rubber industry.

ITeH STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

2 Normative references

ISO 1125:1999

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0357b4f5-16ae-4225-ac06-830627730848/iso-1125-1999>

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 1124:1988, *Rubber compounding ingredients — Carbon black shipment sampling procedures*.

ISO/TR 9272:1986, *Rubber and rubber products — Determination of precision for test method standards*.

3 Principle

An accurately weighed portion of dried sample is ignited in a crucible until all the carbonaceous material is oxidized. The crucible is cooled in a desiccator, weighed, and the percentage of ash calculated.

4 Apparatus

4.1 Muffle furnace, capable of maintaining a temperature of $550\text{ °C} \pm 25\text{ °C}$ (or other required temperature).

NOTE The use of a vented furnace would decrease the time of heating to constant mass (see 6.3).

4.2 Porcelain crucible, tall form, diameter 35 mm, height 30 mm, with lid.

The use of the lid on the crucible is optional. If it is not used, this shall be mentioned in the test report.

4.3 Analytical balance, accurate to 0,1 mg.

4.4 Desiccator.

4.5 Oven, preferably of the gravity-convection type, capable of temperature regulation to within ± 1 °C at 125 °C and temperature uniformity to within ± 5 °C.

5 Sampling

Carry out sampling in accordance with ISO 1124.

6 Procedure

6.1 Heat the crucible (4.2), with its lid (if used), in the muffle furnace (4.1) at a temperature of 550 °C \pm 25 °C for 1 h. Place the crucible (and lid) in the desiccator (4.4). Cool to ambient temperature and reweigh to the nearest 0,1 mg.

NOTE If, after cleaning, drying and reweighing at the end of the determination (see 6.4), the crucible is stored in a desiccator, step 6.1 is needed only for new crucibles.

6.2 Dry a little more than 2 g of furnace carbon black or a little more than 5 g of thermal or channel carbon black in the oven (4.5) at a temperature of 125 °C for 1 h. Allow to cool to room temperature.

6.3 Weigh, to the nearest 0,1 mg, about 2 g of dried furnace carbon black or 5 g of dried thermal or channel black into the crucible tared in 6.1, place in the furnace at a temperature of 550 °C \pm 25 °C and heat uncovered until constant mass is obtained. Cover with the lid (if used), remove to the desiccator, and allow to cool to ambient temperature. Weigh to the nearest 0,1 mg. To avoid repeated handling of the crucible, an adequate ashing time shall be established at each test site.

IMPORTANT — Take the following precautions:

- a) keep the door of the furnace open about 0,5 cm to admit air to support the combustion of organic material;**
- b) after the test portion has cooled in the desiccator, admit air slowly to avoid loss of ash from the crucible due to air currents.**

By mutual agreement between the interested parties, it is permissible to use another ashing temperature such as 750 °C \pm 25 °C or 825 °C \pm 25 °C (subclauses 4.1, 6.1 and 6.3 would have to be adapted accordingly). However, this temperature leads to lower ash contents than the ones obtained at 550 °C, and shall not be used for reference purposes.

6.4 Clean the crucible (and lid), dry in the oven (4.5) at 125 °C and reweigh to the nearest 0,1 mg.

7 Expression of results

The ash is given, as a percentage by mass, by the equation

$$\% \text{ ash} = \frac{m_2 - m_3}{m_1 - m_0} \times 100$$

where

m_0 is the mass, in grams, of the crucible (and lid) before the determination;

m_1 is the mass, in grams, of the crucible (and lid) plus the test portion;

m_2 is the mass, in grams, of the crucible (and lid) plus the ash;

m_3 is the mass, in grams, of the crucible (and lid) after the determination (should be the same as m_0).

8 Precision and bias

8.1 The precision of the method was determined in accordance with ISO/TR 9272. Refer to this document for terminology and other statistical details.

8.2 The precision data given below merely give an estimate of the precision. The precision parameters shall not therefore be used for acceptance/rejection testing of any group of materials without documentation that they are applicable to those particular materials and the specific test protocols that include this method.

8.3 A type 1 interlaboratory precision programme was conducted. Both repeatability and reproducibility were measured under short-term testing conditions. Ten laboratories tested five carbon black samples (A, B, C, D and E) twice on two different days. Therefore $p = 10$, $q = 5$ and $n = 4$.

Difference values were not measured.

8.4 The results of the precision calculations are given in Table 1, with the materials arranged in ascending order of the mean ash value.

Table 1 — Precision data

Material	Mean ash %	Within laboratory			Between laboratories		
		s_r	r	(r)	s_R	R	(R)
Black A	0,17	0,016	0,045	25,497	0,021	0,060	35,188
Black E	0,35	0,020	0,057	16,121	0,037	0,014	29,663
Black B	0,45	0,030	0,085	18,919	0,043	0,122	27,067
Black C	0,61	0,027	0,076	12,483	0,037	0,106	17,445
Black D	0,83	0,016	0,045	5,620	0,023	0,066	7,961
Pooled or averaged values	0,48	0,02	0,06	13,25	0,03	0,09	19,63

The symbols are defined as follows:

- s_r within-laboratory standard deviation;
- r repeatability (in measurement units);
- (r) repeatability (in percent);
- s_R between-laboratory standard deviation;
- R reproducibility (in measurement units);
- (R) reproducibility (in percent).

8.5 The precision for the pooled values for the ash may be expressed as follows:

8.5.1 Repeatability: The repeatability r of the result has been established as 0,06 % ash. Two individual test results (or determinations) that differ from each other by more than 0,06 % ash shall be considered suspect and dictate that some appropriate investigative action be taken.

8.5.2 Reproducibility: The reproducibility R of the result has been established as 0,09 % ash. Two individual test results (or determinations) produced in separate laboratories that differ by more than 0,09 % ash shall be considered suspect and dictate that some appropriate investigative action be taken.

8.6 Bias: In test method terminology, bias is the difference between an average test value and the reference (true) test property value. Reference values do not exist for this test method since the value of the test property is exclusively defined by the test method. Bias, therefore, cannot be determined.

9 Test report

The test report shall include the following particulars:

- a) a reference to this International Standard;
- b) the results and the units in which they have been expressed;
- c) any unusual features noted during the determination;
- d) any operation not included in this International Standard, or any operation regarded as optional such as the ashing temperature if different from the specified one or the omission of the crucible lid;
- e) the date of the test.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[ISO 1125:1999](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0357b4f5-16ae-4225-ac06-9830b0217308/iso-1125-1999)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0357b4f5-16ae-4225-ac06-9830b0217308/iso-1125-1999>

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 1125:1999

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0357b4f5-16ae-4225-ac06-9830b0217308/iso-1125-1999>

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 1125:1999

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0357b4f5-16ae-4225-ac06-9830b0217308/iso-1125-1999>