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Technical Specification

Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); New Generation DECT; Part 1: Wideband speech

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Contents

Intellectual Property Rights	7
Foreword.....	7
1 Scope	8
2 References	8
2.1 Normative references	9
2.2 Informative references.....	10
3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations	10
3.1 Definitions	10
3.2 Symbols.....	10
3.3 Abbreviations	11
4 Description of services	12
4.1 Enhanced wideband speech.....	12
4.1.1 Audio performance requirements	12
4.2 Wideband speech scenarios.....	12
4.2.1 Internal calls inside a New Generation DECT system.....	12
4.2.2 Calls between two New Generation DECT systems interconnected by ISDN	12
4.2.3 Calls between two New Generation DECT systems interconnected by IP packet based network.....	13
4.2.4 Calls between a New Generation DECT system and a digital phone supporting compatible codecs.....	13
4.2.4.1 Via ISDN	13
4.2.4.2 Via IP network	13
4.2.4.3 Internal PABX calls	13
4.2.5 Legacy scenarios.....	14
5 Service and feature definitions	14
5.1 New Generation DECT Speech Services	14
5.2 Network (NWK) features	14
5.3 Data Link Control (DLC) service definitions.....	14
5.4 Medium Access Control (MAC) service definitions	15
5.5 Physical Layer (PHL) service definitions.....	15
5.6 Speech coding and audio feature definitions	15
5.7 Application features	19
6 Inter-operability requirements	19
6.1 General	19
6.2 New Generation DECT Speech Services support status	19
6.3 Services to DECT feature implementation mappings.....	20
6.4 NWK features.....	27
6.5 Data Link Control (DLC) services	28
6.6 Medium Access Control (MAC) services	29
6.7 Physical layer (PHL) services	29
6.8 Speech coding and audio features	30
6.9 Application features	31
6.10 Network (NWK) feature to procedure mapping	31
6.11 Data Link Control (DLC) Service to procedure mapping	32
6.12 Medium Access Control (MAC) service to procedure mapping	33
6.13 Application feature to procedure mapping	34
6.14 General requirements	34
6.14.1 Network (NWK) layer message contents.....	34
6.14.2 Transaction identifier.....	34
6.14.3 Length of a Network (NWK) layer message	34
6.14.4 Handling of error and exception conditions.....	35
6.14.5 Generic Access Profile (GAP) default setup attributes	35
6.14.6 Coexistence of Mobility Management (MM) and Call Control (CC) procedures	35
6.14.7 Coding rules for information elements	35

7	Procedure description	36
7.1	Backward compatibility with Generic Access Profile (GAP)	36
7.1.1	Requirement for New Generation DECT Fixed Parts (FPs) requirement	36
7.1.2	Requirement for New Generation DECT Portable Parts (PPs) registered on GAP compliant FPs	36
7.2	Generic Access Profile (GAP) procedures	36
7.3	Network (NWK) layer procedures	36
7.3.1	Exchange of codec list during registration and location registration	37
7.3.2	Basic service wideband speech and default attributes	37
7.3.3	Codec Negotiation during call establishment	37
7.3.4	Codec Change	38
7.3.4.1	Service change info	38
7.3.5	Slot type modification	39
7.3.5.1	Failure of slot type modification	39
7.3.6	Internal call setup	39
7.3.7	Terminal capability indication	40
7.3.8	Indirect FT initiated link establishment	41
7.3.8.1	Paging messages	41
7.3.8.1.1	LCE-REQUEST-PAGE message	41
7.3.8.1.2	LCE-PAGE-RESPONSE message	43
7.3.8.2	Associated procedure	43
7.3.8.2.1	Timer F-<LCE.03> management	43
7.3.8.3	Exceptional cases	43
7.3.8.3.1	The IPUI received in the {LCE-PAGE-RESPONSE} does not match	43
7.3.8.3.2	Timer <LCE.03> expiry	44
7.3.8.3.3	Release from the higher entity	44
7.3.9	Higher layer information FP broadcast	44
7.3.9.1	Higher layer information in standard FP broadcast (Qh= 3)	45
7.3.9.2	Higher layer information in Extended FP broadcast part 2 (Qh= 11)	45
7.4	Implementation examples of specific procedures	45
7.5	Data Link Control (DLC) layer procedures	45
7.5.1	FU1 frame operation	46
7.5.2	FU12 frame operation for G.729.1 codec	46
7.6	Medium Access Control (MAC) layer procedures	46
7.6.1	MAC services	46
7.6.2	Frame formats and multiplexers	47
7.6.3	Downlink broadcast	47
7.6.3.1	N _T message	48
7.6.3.2	Q _T - static system information	48
7.6.3.3	Q _T - Fixed Part capabilities	49
7.6.3.4	Q _T - Extended Fixed Part capabilities	49
7.6.3.5	Q _T - Extended Fixed Part capabilities part 2	50
7.6.3.6	Q _T - SARI list contents	50
7.6.4	Paging broadcast	50
7.6.4.1	Short page, normal/extended paging	51
7.6.4.2	Zero page normal/extended paging	51
7.6.4.3	Full page, normal/extended paging	52
7.6.4.4	Blind slot information	52
7.6.4.5	Bearer handover information	52
7.6.5	Setup of advanced connection, advanced bearer setup (A-field)	52
7.6.5.1	M _T message	53
7.6.5.2	Associated procedures	53
7.6.5.2.1	Timer T200 management	53
7.6.5.2.2	Counter N200 management	53
7.6.5.3	Exceptional cases	53
7.6.5.3.1	Bearer setup attempt fails N200+1 times	53
7.6.5.3.2	Timer T200 expiry	53
7.6.6	Connection type modification: basic to/from advanced	54
7.6.7	Slot type modification	54
7.6.7.1	Failure of slot type modification	54
7.6.8	Service type modification	54
7.6.9	ECN number modification	54
7.6.10	Connection/bearer release	54

7.6.10.1	M _T message	55
7.6.11	Bearer handover request	55
7.6.11.1	M _T message	55
7.6.12	Connection handover request.....	56
7.6.12.1	M _T message	56
7.7	Physical layer (PHL) requirements.....	56
7.7.1	Modulation.....	56
7.7.2	Slot type (Physical packets)	56
7.8	Requirements regarding the speech transmission	57
7.8.1	General.....	57
7.8.2	Speech codecs	57
7.8.3	Audio performance requirements	57
7.9	Management procedures.....	57
7.10	Application procedures.....	57

Annex A (informative): Audio codecs..... **58**

A.1	Speech and audio coding.....	58
A.1.1	Overview	58
A.1.2	Narrow band speech coding	59
A.1.3	Wideband Speech coding	59
A.1.4	Super-wideband speech and audio coding.....	60

Annex B (normative): Audio patterns to indicate IP packet losses on the DECT link..... **62**

B.1	Audio patterns to indicate IP packet losses.....	62
B.1.1	Insertion of audio patterns	62
B.1.2	Reception of audio patterns	62
B.1.3	Contents of the audio patterns	62
B.1.4	Packet loss patterns for ITU-T Recommendation G.722.....	63
B.1.5	Packet loss patterns for ITU-T Recommendation G.711.....	63
B.1.6	Packet loss patterns for ITU-T Recommendation G.726.....	63
B.1.7	Packet loss patterns for ITU-T Recommendation G.729.1.....	64
B.1.8	Packet loss patterns for MPEG-4 ER AAC-LD	64

Annex C (normative): Configuration signalling for specific codecs..... **65**

C.1	MPEG-4 ER AAC-LD configuration signalling	65
C.1.1	<<IWU to IWU>> element to signal the supported capabilities (MPEG4CapabilityElement).....	65
C.1.2	<<IWU to IWU>> element to signal the used Configuration (MPEG4ConfigurationElement)	66

Annex D (informative): Recommended implementation of procedures..... **68**

D.1	Examples of implementation of specific procedures.....	68
D.1.1	General	68
D.1.2	Outgoing wideband call.....	69
D.1.2.1	Outgoing wideband call, no codec list, ITU-T Recommendation G.722 chosen.....	69
D.1.2.2	Outgoing Call Wideband, codec list, negotiation results in Wideband.....	70
D.1.2.3	Outgoing call with progress indicator with negotiation results in CC-INFO.....	72
D.1.2.4	Outgoing call with progress indicator; with negotiation results in CC-INFO codec change in 200 OK	73
D.1.2.5	Outgoing Call Wideband, negotiation results in Narrowband	74
D.1.2.6	Outgoing Call Wideband, negotiation results in longslot	74
D.1.3	Incoming Call Wideband.....	75
D.1.3.1	Incoming Call Wideband, negotiation results in Wideband	75
D.1.3.2	Incoming Call Wideband, negotiation results in Narrowband	75
D.1.3.3	Incoming Call Wideband, No SDP Offer in Invite, negotiation results in Narrowband	76
D.1.4	Service Change.....	77
D.1.4.1	Service Change from Wideband to Narrowband; re-negotiation initiated from IP-Network	77
D.1.4.2	Service Change from Wideband to Narrowband; re-negotiation initiated from FP	78
D.1.4.3	Service Change from Wideband to Narrowband; PP initiated; IP Network accepts Narrowband Codec	79
D.1.4.4	Service Change from Wideband ITU-T Recommendation G.722 to Narrowband; PP initiated; IP Network does not accept Narrowband Codec	79
D.1.5	Internal Call.....	80

D.1.5.1	Intercom Call, PP2 confirms Wideband	80
D.1.5.2	Intercom Call, PP2 confirms narrowband.....	81
D.1.5.3	Intercom Call with Interworking: WB Handset -> NB Handset.....	81
D.1.5.4	Internal Call transfer, WB -> NB.....	82
D.1.5.5	Internal Call transfer, NB -> WB.....	83
D.1.5.6	Internal Call transfer, NB -> WB, IP negotiation results in NB	84
D.1.6	Special cases.....	84
D.1.6.1	Service Change from Wideband to Narrowband with Call Waiting.....	84
D.1.6.2	Service Change from Wideband to Narrowband with Call Hold.....	85
D.1.6.3	Service Change from Wideband to Narrowband; Network layer Acknowledgment	86
D.1.6.4	Service Change from Narrowband to Wideband fails; Network layer Acknowledgment	87
D.1.6.5	Outgoing Call, slot type modification fails.....	88
D.1.7	Slot type and/or connection type modification.....	88
D.1.7.1	General.....	88
D.1.7.2	FT initiated connection modification	89
D.1.7.2.1	FT initiated connection modification (full slot In_minimum -> long slot In_minimum).....	89
D.1.7.2.2	FT initiated connection modification (full slot In_minimum -> long slot In_normal).....	91
D.1.7.2.3	FT initiated connection modification (long slot In_minimum -> full slot In_minimum).....	93
D.1.7.2.4	FT initiated connection modification (long slot In_normal -> full slot In_minimum).....	94
D.1.7.3	PT initiated connection modification.....	95
D.1.7.3.1	PT initiated connection modification (full slot In_minimum -> long slot In_minimum).....	95
D.1.7.3.2	PT initiated connection modification (full slot In_minimum -> long slot In_normal).....	97
D.1.7.3.3	PT initiated connection modification (long slot In_minimum -> full slot In_minimum).....	99
D.1.7.3.4	PT initiated connection modification (long slot In_normal -> full slot In_minimum).....	100
D.2	Examples of implementation of procedures for MPEG-4 ER AAC-LD voice service	101
D.2.1	MPEG-4 ER AAC-LD voice service codec configuration and negotiation process	101
D.2.1.1	Transmitting non default configuration using <<LOCATE-REQUEST>>, <<LOCATE-ACCEPT>> Message	101
D.2.1.2	Transmitting non default configuration using <<ACCESS-RIGHTS-REQUEST>>, << ACCESS-RIGHTS-ACCEPT>> Message	102
D.2.1.3	Outgoing Call Super-wideband, codec MPEG-4 ER AAC-LD	103
D.2.1.3.1	Outgoing Call Super-wideband, INVITE command: AudioSpecificConfig()	103
D.2.1.3.2	Outgoing Call Super-wideband, OK command: AudioSpecificConfig()	104
D.2.1.4	Incoming Call Super-wideband, codec MPEG-4 ER AAC-LD	104
D.2.1.4.1	Incoming Call Super-wideband, INVITE command: AudioSpecificConfig()	104
D.2.1.4.2	Incoming Call Super-wideband, OK command: AudioSpecificConfig().....	105
Annex E (informative):	Services and features defined in other specifications	106
E.1	Services and features defined in EN 300 444 (GAP)	106
E.1.1	GAP Network (NWK) features (clause 4.1 of EN 300 444)	106
E.1.2	GAP Speech coding and audio features (clause 4.2 of EN 300 444)	107
E.1.3	GAP Application features (clause 4.3 of EN 300 444).....	109
E.1.4	DLC service definitions (clause 5.1 of EN 300 444).....	109
E.1.5	GAP MAC service definitions (clause 5.2 of EN 300 444).....	109
E.2	GAP Feature/service to procedure mapping tables	110
E.2.1	GAP NWK feature to procedure mapping table (clause 6.8.1 of EN 300 444).....	111
E.2.2	GAP DLC service to procedure mapping table (clause 6.8.2 of EN 300 444)	113
E.2.3	GAP MAC service to procedure mapping table (clause 6.8.3 of EN 300 444)	114
E.2.4	GAP Application feature to procedure mapping table (clause 6.8.4 of EN 300 444).....	115
Annex F (informative):	Bibliography	116
History	117	

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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Project Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT).

The present document is based on EN 300 175 parts 1 [1] to 8 [8] and EN 300 444 [12]. General attachment requirements and speech attachment requirements are based on EN 301 406 [11] (replacing TBR 006 [i.2]) and EN 300 176-2 [10] (previously covered by TBR 010 [i.3]). Further details of the DECT system may be found in TR 101 178 [i.1].

The present document has been developed in accordance to the rules of documenting a profile specification as described in ISO/IEC 9646-6 [13].

The information in the present document is believed to be correct at the time of publication. However, DECT standardization is a rapidly changing area, and it is possible that some of the information contained in the present document may become outdated or incomplete within relatively short time-scales.

The present document is part 1 of a multi-part deliverable covering the New Generation DECT as identified below:

Part 1: "Wideband speech";

- Part 2: "Support of transparent IP packet data";
- Part 3: "Extended wideband speech services";
- Part 4: "Software Update Over The Air (SUOTA) and Content Download".

1 Scope

The present document specifies a set of functionalities of the New Generation DECT.

The New Generation DECT provides the following basic new functionalities:

- Wideband voice service.
- Packet-mode data service supporting Internet Protocol with efficient spectrum usage and high data rates.
- Extended Wideband speech services.

The present document describes the first part: Wideband speech service. For the description of the support of transparent IP packet data, see TS 102 527-2 [i.4]. For the description of Extended Wideband speech services, see TS 102 527-3 [i.5]

All New Generation DECT devices will offer at least one or both of these services. If the device offers the wideband voice service, it will support also the DECT standard 32 kbit/s voice service according to EN 300 444 [12] (GAP).

All DECT devices claiming to be compliant with this Application Profile will offer at least the basic services defined as mandatory. In addition to that, optional features can be implemented to offer additional DECT services.

The aim of the present document is to guarantee a sufficient level of interoperability and to provide an easy route for development of DECT wideband speech applications, with the features of the present document being a common fall-back option available in all compliant to this profile equipment.

2 References

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.

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2.1 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of the present document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For non-specific references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- [1] ETSI EN 300 175-1: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 1: Overview".
- [2] ETSI EN 300 175-2: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 2: Physical layer (PHL)".
- [3] ETSI EN 300 175-3: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 3: Medium Access Control (MAC) layer".
- [4] ETSI EN 300 175-4: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 4: Data Link Control (DLC) layer".
- [5] ETSI EN 300 175-5: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 5: Network (NWK) layer".
- [6] ETSI EN 300 175-6: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 6: Identities and addressing".
- [7] ETSI EN 300 175-7: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 7: Security features".
- [8] ETSI EN 300 175-8: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 8: Speech and audio coding and transmission".
- [9] Void.
- [10] ETSI EN 300 176-2: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Test specification; Part 2: Speech".
- [11] ETSI EN 301 406: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Harmonized EN for Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT) covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive; Generic radio".
- [12] ETSI EN 300 444: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Generic Access Profile (GAP)".
- [13] ISO/IEC 9646-6: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 6: Protocol profile test specification".
- [14] ISO/IEC 9646-7: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 7: Implementation Conformance Statements".
- [15] ITU-T Recommendation G.726 (12/1990): "40, 32, 24, 16 kbit/s Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation (ADPCM)".
- [16] ITU-T Recommendation G.711 (11/1988): "Pulse code modulation (PCM) of voice frequencies".
- [17] ITU-T Recommendation G.722 (11/1988): "7 kHz audio-coding within 64 kbit/s".
- [18] ITU-T Recommendation G.729.1 (05/2006): "G.729 based Embedded Variable bit-rate coder: An 8-32 kbit/s scalable wideband coder bitstream interoperable with G.729".
- [19] ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11 (MPEG): International Standard ISO/IEC 14496-3:2005/AMD 1:2007: "Coding of audio-visual objects - Part 3: Audio; AMENDMENT 1: Low Delay AAC profile".
- [20] ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11 (MPEG): International Standard ISO/IEC 14496-3:2005: "Information Technology - Coding of audio-visual objects - Part 3: Audio".

2.2 Informative references

The following referenced documents are not essential to the use of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- [i.1] ETSI TR 101 178: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); A high Level Guide to the DECT Standardization".
- [i.2] ETSI TBR 006: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); General terminal attachment requirements".
- [i.3] ETSI TBR 010: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); General terminal attachment requirements: Telephony applications".
- [i.4] ETSI TS 102 527-2: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); New Generation DECT; Part 2: Support of transparent IP packet data".
- [i.5] ETSI TS 102 527-3: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); New Generation DECT; Part 3: Extended wideband speech services".
- [i.6] ITU-T Recommendation P.311 (06/2005): "Transmission characteristics for wideband (150-7000 Hz) digital handset telephones".
- [i.7] IETF RFC 3640: "RTP Payload Format for Transport of MPEG-4 Elementary Streams".
- [i.8] IETF RFC 3016: "RTP Payload Format for MPEG-4 Audio/Visual Streams".
- [i.9] ITU-T Recommendation G.729: "Coding of speech at 8 kbit/s using conjugate structure algebraic-code-excited linear prediction (CS-ACELP)".
- [i.10] IETF RFC 3261: "SIP: Session Initiation Protocol".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in EN 300 444 [12] and the following apply:

New Generation DECT: further development of the DECT standard introducing wideband speech, improved data services, new slot types and other technical enhancements

super-wideband speech: voice service with enhanced quality compared to ADPCM G.726 and allowing the transmission of a maximum vocal frequency of at least 14 kHz

wideband speech: voice service with enhanced quality compared to ADPCM G.726 and allowing the transmission of a vocal frequency range of at least 150 Hz to 7 kHz, and fulfilling the audio performance requirements described in the ITU-T Recommendation P.311 [i.6]

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

M	Mandatory to support (provision mandatory, process mandatory)
O	Optional to support (provision optional, process mandatory)
I	out-of-scope (provision optional, process optional) not subject for testing
C	Conditional to support (process mandatory)
N/A	Not Applicable (in the given context the specification makes it impossible to use this capability)

Provision mandatory, process mandatory means that the indicated feature service or procedure shall be implemented as described in the present document, and may be subject to testing.

Provision optional, process mandatory means that the indicated feature, service or procedure may be implemented, and if implemented, the feature, service or procedure shall be implemented as described in the present document, and may be subject to testing.

NOTE: The used notation is based on the notation proposed in ISO/IEC 9646-7 [14].

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AAC	Advanced Audio Coding (MPEG)
AC	Authentication Code
ADPCM	Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation
AI	Air Interface
CC	Call Control
CI	Common Interface
CLIP	Calling Line Identification Presentation
CNIP	Calling Name Identification Presentation
DECT	Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications
DLC	Data Link Control
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-Frequency
ER	Error Resilient (MPEG)
FP	Fixed Part
FT	Fixed radio Termination
GAP	Generic Access Profile
IA	Implementation Alternative
IE	Information Element
IP	Internet Protocol
IPIUI	International Portable User Identity
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
IWU	InterWorking Unit
LA	Location Area
LD	Low Delay (MPEG)
LLME	Lower Layer Management Entity
MAC	Medium Access Control
MM	Mobility Management
MPEG	Motion Picture Experts Group
NB	Narrow Band
NG	New Generation
NG-DECT	New Generation DECT
NWK	NetWorK
P	Public (environment)
PA	Portable Application
PABX	Private Automatic Branch eXchange
PARK	Portable Access Rights Key
PHL	PHysical Layer
PP	Portable Part
PRA	Primary Rate Access (ISDN)
PT	Portable radio Termination
R/B	Residential/Business (environment)
RFP	Radio Fixed Part
S/T	ISDN S/T Interface
SARI	Secondary Access Rights Identity
TCL	Telephone Coupling Loss
TPUI	Temporary Portable User Identity
TRUP	TRansparent UnProtected service
U	ISDN U-Interface
WB	Wideband

4 Description of services

4.1 Enhanced wideband speech

In traditional telephony applications the supported bandwidth is 3,1 kHz (300 Hz to 3,4 kHz). For better speech quality and a more natural sound, a bandwidth of at least 150 Hz to 7 kHz should be supported and may be extended even further.

New Generation DECT improves audio quality by implementing wideband enhanced quality audio codecs. All New Generation DECT wideband speech devices shall implement wideband (150 Hz to 7 kHz) audio (16 kHz frequency sampling). DECT devices supporting wideband audio shall support the speech coding format according to ITU-T Recommendation G.722 [17]. In addition to that, other wideband and super-wideband audio codecs, providing even better audio quality, may be implemented.

In order to transport the higher bitrate of the new enhanced codecs, the bitrate per channel at the air interface is doubled from 32 kbit/s in traditional DECT to 64 kbit/s.

All New Generation DECT wideband speech devices shall be backward compatible with traditional DECT 32 kbit/s voice (GAP) devices. New PPs shall operate with legacy base stations, and new bases shall support existing PPs. In such cases, the voice quality is the traditional DECT quality (32 kbit/s ADPCM).

4.1.1 Audio performance requirements

New Generation DECT handsets shall fulfil the audio performance requirements described in EN 300 175-8 [8]. Different audio specifications are available for different applications, services and performance levels. The basic audio specification for Wideband speech handsets (known as PP type 2a, see EN 300 175-8 [8]) fulfils the requirements of ITU-T Recommendation P.311 [i.6]. There is the option of implementing more demanding specifications (PP types 2b and 2c of EN 300 175-8 [8]) providing superior performance.

4.2 Wideband speech scenarios

The following scenarios are envisaged.

4.2.1 Internal calls inside a New Generation DECT system

In such a case, wideband (150 Hz to 7 kHz) communication is possible between both terminals without any special issue.

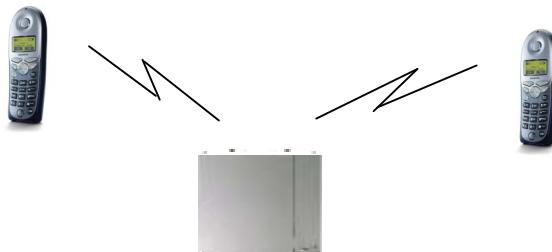


Figure 1: Internal wideband call

4.2.2 Calls between two New Generation DECT systems interconnected by ISDN

Two subscribers owning New Generation DECT base stations and handsets could establish a wideband voice communication between them if the DECT FPs are interconnected by an ISDN network with digital U or S/T interface, (or PRA) to the local exchange. The ISDN call should be digital unrestricted 64 kbit/s.

The scenario is also possible for business customers using PABX with DECT support and digital links to the public exchange.

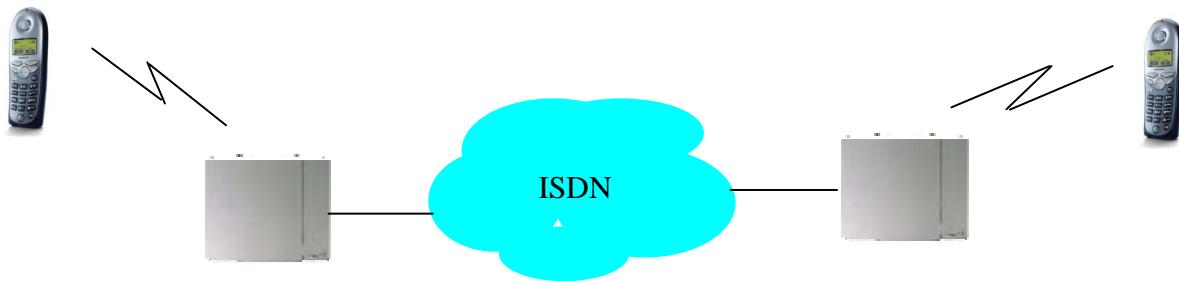


Figure 2: Wideband call via ISDN

4.2.3 Calls between two New Generation DECT systems interconnected by IP packet based network

Two subscribers owning New Generation DECT base stations and handsets, and interconnected via VoIP over an IP packet based network, could establish a wideband voice communication between them.

The IP packed based network can be either the Internet or a dedicated IP based network.



Figure 3: Wideband call via Internet

4.2.4 Calls between a New Generation DECT system and a digital phone supporting compatible codecs

This scenario is possible, at least in the following cases.

4.2.4.1 Via ISDN

ISDN digital phones with S/T interface and supporting the ITU-T Recommendation G.722 [17] codec could establish wideband calls with New Generation DECT equipment. Identical scenario is possible for PABX digital terminals calling or called by New Generation DECT systems.

4.2.4.2 Via IP network

Digital phones with a VoIP interface could also establish wideband communications with New Generation DECT equipment. This scenario includes both, dedicated VoIP phone devices and computers implementing the necessary software. Due to the evolution of computer industry, nearly all modern Personal Computers have the capability to become a wideband phone with DECT compatible codecs.

4.2.4.3 Internal PABX calls

PABX supporting New Generation DECT and digital extensions with compatible wideband codecs could also benefit from the wideband voice quality for their internal calls.