



SLOVENSKI STANDARD
oSIST prEN ISO 10993-1:2007
01-januar-2007

6]c`cý_c`cj fYXbchYb`Y`a YX]Wbg] `df]dca c _cj `!`%`rXY.`CWbU]b`dfYg_i ýUb`Y`
 nbclfU`g]ghYa U`cVj `UXcj Ub`U]j Y[Ub`UfIGC#B =G`\$- - `!%&\$*\$`Ł

Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management system (ISO/DIS 10993-1:2006)

Biologische Beurteilung von Medizinprodukten - Teil 1: Beurteilung und Prüfungen im Rahmen eines Risikomanagementsystems (ISO/DIS 10993-1:2006)

Évaluation biologique des dispositifs médicaux - Partie 1: Évaluation et essais au sein d'un système de gestion du risque (ISO/DIS 10993-1:2006)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN ISO 10993-1

ICS:

11.100.20 Óq || z\ [Á ç!^â} [ç} ð { ^âãä • \ãö |ã [{ [\ [ç Biological evaluation of medical devices

oSIST prEN ISO 10993-1:2007 en

EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

DRAFT
prEN ISO 10993-1

November 2006

ICS 11.100

Will supersede EN ISO 10993-1:2003

English Version

Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management system (ISO/DIS 10993-1:2006)

Évaluation biologique des dispositifs médicaux - Partie 1:
Évaluation et essais au sein d'un système de gestion du
risque (ISO/DIS 10993-1:2006)

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for parallel enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 206.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

This draft European Standard was established by CEN in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

Warning : This document is not a European Standard. It is distributed for review and comments. It is subject to change without notice and shall not be referred to as a European Standard.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

prEN ISO 10993-1:2006 (E)

Foreword

This document (prEN ISO 10993-1:2006) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 194 "Biological evaluation of medical devices" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 206 "Biocompatibility of medical and dental materials and devices", the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This document is currently submitted to the parallel Enquiry.

This document will supersede EN ISO 10993-1:2003.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 10993-1:2006 has been approved by CEN as prEN ISO 10993-1:2006 without any modifications.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN ISO 10993-1:2010](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14e9550a-1153-438e-9551-1c03ac4d83e7/sist-en-iso-10993-1-2010)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14e9550a-1153-438e-9551-1c03ac4d83e7/sist-en-iso-10993-1-2010>



DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO/DIS 10993-1

ISO/TC 194

Secretariat: DIN

Voting begins on:
2006-11-02

Voting terminates on:
2007-04-02

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Biological evaluation of medical devices —

Part 1:

Evaluation and testing within a risk management system

Évaluation biologique des dispositifs médicaux —

Partie 1: Évaluation et essais au sein d'un système de gestion du risque

[Revision of third edition (ISO 10993-1:2003)]

ICS 11.100.20

ISO/CEN PARALLEL ENQUIRY

The CEN Secretary-General has advised the ISO Secretary-General that this ISO/DIS covers a subject of interest to European standardization. **In accordance with the ISO-lead mode of collaboration as defined in the Vienna Agreement, consultation on this ISO/DIS has the same effect for CEN members as would a CEN enquiry on a draft European Standard.** Should this draft be accepted, a final draft, established on the basis of comments received, will be submitted to a parallel two-month FDIS vote in ISO and formal vote in CEN.

In accordance with the provisions of Council Resolution 15/1993 this document is circulated in the English language only.

Conformément aux dispositions de la Résolution du Conseil 15/1993, ce document est distribué en version anglaise seulement.

To expedite distribution, this document is circulated as received from the committee secretariat. ISO Central Secretariat work of editing and text composition will be undertaken at publication stage.

Pour accélérer la distribution, le présent document est distribué tel qu'il est parvenu du secrétariat du comité. Le travail de rédaction et de composition de texte sera effectué au Secrétariat central de l'ISO au stade de publication.

THIS DOCUMENT IS A DRAFT CIRCULATED FOR COMMENT AND APPROVAL. IT IS THEREFORE SUBJECT TO CHANGE AND MAY NOT BE REFERRED TO AS AN INTERNATIONAL STANDARD UNTIL PUBLISHED AS SUCH.

IN ADDITION TO THEIR EVALUATION AS BEING ACCEPTABLE FOR INDUSTRIAL, TECHNOLOGICAL, COMMERCIAL AND USER PURPOSES, DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS MAY ON OCCASION HAVE TO BE CONSIDERED IN THE LIGHT OF THEIR POTENTIAL TO BECOME STANDARDS TO WHICH REFERENCE MAY BE MADE IN NATIONAL REGULATIONS.

ISO/DIS 10993-1

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN ISO 10993-1:2010](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14e9550a-1153-438e-9551-1c03ac4d83e7/sist-en-iso-10993-1-2010)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14e9550a-1153-438e-9551-1c03ac4d83e7/sist-en-iso-10993-1-2010>

Copyright notice

This ISO document is a Draft International Standard and is copyright-protected by ISO. Except as permitted under the applicable laws of the user's country, neither this ISO draft nor any extract from it may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior written permission being secured.

Requests for permission to reproduce should be addressed to either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Reproduction may be subject to royalty payments or a licensing agreement.

Violators may be prosecuted.

Contents

Page

Foreword	iv
Introduction.....	vi
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	2
4 General principles applying to biological evaluation of medical devices	3
5 Categorization of medical devices	7
5.1 General	7
5.2 Categorization by nature of body contact	7
5.2.1 Surface-contacting devices.....	7
5.2.2 External communicating devices	7
5.2.3 Implant devices.....	8
5.3 Categorization by duration of contact.....	8
6 Biological evaluation process.....	8
6.1 Material characterization	8
6.2 Biological evaluation tests	9
6.2.1 General	9
6.2.2 Test descriptions.....	10
7 Interpretation of biological evaluation data and overall biological safety assessment	14
Annex A (informative) Biological evaluation tests	15
Annex B (informative) Guidance on the risk management process.....	17
B.1 General	17
B.2 Risk management process	17
B.2.1 Risk analysis.....	17
B.2.2 Overall residual risk/benefit evaluation	18
B.2.3 Biological evaluation report	18
B.2.4 Post-production information.....	18
B.3 Testing and test reports.....	19
B.4 Biological evaluation report	19
B.5 Conclusion	19
Annex ZA (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive (Add the reference and title of the Directive).....	20
Bibliography.....	21

ISO/DIS 10993-1

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 10993-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 194, *Biological evaluation of medical devices*, and by Technical Committee CEN/TC 206, *Biological evaluation of medical devices* in collaboration.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (EN ISO 10993-1:2003), which has been technically revised.

ISO 10993 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Biological evaluation of medical devices*:

- *Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management system*
- *Part 2: Animal welfare requirements*
- *Part 3: Tests for genotoxicity, carcinogenicity and reproductive toxicity*
- *Part 4: Selection of tests for interactions with blood*
- *Part 5: Tests for in vitro cytotoxicity*
- *Part 6: Tests for local effects after implantation*
- *Part 7: Ethylene oxide sterilization residuals*
- *Part 9: Framework for the identification and quantification of potential degradation products*
- *Part 10: Tests for irritation and delayed-type hypersensitivity*
- *Part 11: Tests for systemic toxicity*
- *Part 12: Sample preparation and reference materials*
- *Part 13: Identification and quantification of degradation products from polymeric medical devices*
- *Part 14: Identification and quantification of degradation products from ceramics*
- *Part 15: Identification and quantification of degradation products from metals and alloys*

- *Part 16: Toxicokinetic study design for degradation products and leachables*
- *Part 17: Method for the establishment of allowable limits for leachable substances*
- *Part 18: Chemical characterization of materials*
- *Part 19: Physico-chemical, morphological and topographical characterization of materials*
- *Part 20: Principles and methods for immunotoxicology testing of medical devices*

Future parts will deal with other relevant aspects of biological testing.

Annexes A and B are for information only.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN ISO 10993-1:2010](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14e9550a-1153-438e-9551-1c03ac4d83e7/sist-en-iso-10993-1-2010)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14e9550a-1153-438e-9551-1c03ac4d83e7/sist-en-iso-10993-1-2010>

Introduction

The primary aim of this part of ISO 10993 is the protection of humans from potential biological risks arising from the use of medical devices. It is compiled from numerous International and National Standards and Guidelines concerning the biological evaluation of medical devices. It is intended to be the guidance document for the biological evaluation of medical devices within a risk management process, as part of the overall evaluation and development of each device. This approach combines the review and evaluation of existing data from all sources with, where necessary, the selection and application of additional tests, thus enabling a full evaluation to be made of the biological responses to each medical device, relevant to its safety in use. It must be appreciated that the term “medical device” is wide-ranging and does, at one extreme, consist of a single material, which may exist in more than one physical form, and at the other extreme, of a complex instrument or piece of apparatus, consisting of numerous components made of more than one material.

This international standard addresses the determination of the effects of medical devices on tissues, mostly in a general way, rather than in a specific device-type situation. Thus, for a complete biological safety evaluation, it classifies medical devices according to the nature and duration of their anticipated contact with human tissues when in use and indicates, in matrices, the biological data sets that are thought to be relevant in the consideration of each device category.

The range of biological hazards is wide and complex. The tissue interaction with a constituent material alone cannot be considered in isolation from the overall device design. Thus, in designing a device, the choice of the best material with respect to its tissue interaction might result in a less functional device, tissue interaction being only one of a number of characteristics to be considered in making that choice. Where a material is intended to interact with tissue in order to perform its function, the biological evaluation needs to address this.

Tissue interactions that are regarded as adverse caused by a material in one application might not be regarded so in a different situation. Biological testing is based upon, among other things, in vitro and ex vivo test methods and upon animal models, so that the anticipated behaviour when a device is used in humans can be adjudged only with caution, as it cannot be unequivocally concluded that the same tissue reactions will also occur in this species. In addition, differences in the manner of response to the same material among individuals indicate that some patients can have adverse reactions, even to well-established materials.

The role of this part of ISO 10993 is to serve as a framework in which to plan a biological evaluation which, as scientific knowledge advances our understanding of the basic mechanisms of tissue responses, minimizes the number and exposure of test animals by giving preference to chemical constituent testing and in vitro models, in situations where these methods yield equally relevant information to that obtained from in vivo models.

It is not intended that this international standard will provide a rigid set of test methods, including pass/fail criteria, as this might result in either an unnecessary constraint on the development and use of novel medical devices, or a false sense of security in the general use of medical devices. Where a particular application warrants it, experts in the product or in the area of application concerned can choose to establish specific tests and criteria, described in a product-specific vertical standard.

This part of ISO 10993 is intended for use by professionals, appropriately qualified by training and experience, who are able to interpret its requirements and judge the outcomes of the evaluation for each medical device, taking into consideration all the factors relevant to the device, its intended use and the current knowledge of the medical device provided by review of the scientific literature and previous clinical experience.

Annex A contains an informative table which is generally helpful in identifying biological data sets recommended in the evaluation of medical devices, according to their category of body contact and duration of clinical exposure. Annex B contains guidance for the application of the risk management process to medical devices which encompasses biological evaluation.

Biological evaluation of medical devices —

Part 1:

Evaluation and testing within a risk management system

1 Scope

This part of ISO 10993 describes:

- the general principles governing the biological evaluation of medical devices within a risk management framework;
- the general categorization of devices based on the nature and duration of their contact with the body;
- the evaluation of existing relevant data from all sources;
- the identification of gaps in the available data set on the basis of a risk analysis;
- the identification of additional data sets necessary to analyze the biological safety of the medical device;
- the assessment of the biological safety of the medical device.

This part of ISO 10993 does not cover testing of materials and devices that do not come into direct or indirect contact with the patient's body, nor does it cover biological hazards arising from any mechanical failure. Other parts of ISO 10993 cover specific tests as indicated in the foreword.

2 Normative references

The following documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 10993-2, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 2: Animal welfare requirements*

ISO 10993-3, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 3: Tests for genotoxicity, carcinogenicity and reproductive toxicity*

ISO 10993-4, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 4: Selection of tests for interaction with blood*

ISO 10993-5, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 5: Tests for in vitro cytotoxicity*

ISO 10993-6, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 6: Tests for local effects after implantation*

ISO 10993-7, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 7: Ethylene oxide sterilization residuals*

ISO 10993-9, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 9: Framework for identification and quantification of potential degradation products*

ISO 10993-10, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 10: Tests for irritation and delayed-type hypersensitivity*

ISO/DIS 10993-1

ISO 10993-11, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 11: Tests for systemic toxicity*

ISO 10993-12, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 12: Sample preparation and reference materials*

ISO 10993-13, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 13: Identification and quantification of degradation products from polymeric medical device*

ISO 10993-14, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 14: Identification and quantification of degradation products from ceramics*

ISO 10993-15, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 15: Identification and quantification of degradation products from metals and alloys*

ISO 10993-16, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 16: Toxicokinetic study design for degradation products and leachables*

ISO 10993-17, *Biological evaluation of medical devices—Part 17: Establishment of allowable limits for leachable substances*

ISO 10993-18, *Biological evaluation of medical devices—Part 18: Chemical characterization of materials*

ISO/TS 10993-19, *Biological evaluation of medical devices—Part 19: Physico-chemical, morphological and topographical characterization of materials*

ISO TS 10993-20, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 20: Principles and methods for immunotoxicology testing of medical devices*

ISO 14971, *Medical Devices — Application of risk management to medical devices*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 10993, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

medical device

any instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, appliance, implant, in vitro reagent or calibrator, software, material or other similar or related article, intended by the manufacturer to be used, alone or in combination, for human beings for one or more of the specific purpose(s) of:

- diagnosis, prevention, monitoring, treatment or alleviation of disease,
- diagnosis, monitoring, treatment, alleviation of or compensation for an injury,
- Investigation, replacement, modification, or support of the anatomy or of a physiological process,
- supporting or sustaining life,
- control of conception,
- disinfection of medical devices,

providing information for medical purposes by means of in vitro examination of specimens derived from the human body, and which does not achieve its primary intended action in or on the human body by pharmacological, immunological or metabolic means, but which may be assisted in its function by such means.