# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



First edition 2003-12-01

# Glass-reinforced thermosetting plastics (GRP) pipes — Determination of the resistance to cyclic internal pressure

Tubes en plastiques thermodurcissables renforcés de verre (PRV) — Détermination de la résistance à la pression cyclique interne

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 15306:2003 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2481978b-947a-4cc7-847eade43257d6bd/iso-15306-2003



Reference number ISO 15306:2003(E)

#### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 15306:2003 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2481978b-947a-4cc7-847eade43257d6bd/iso-15306-2003

© ISO 2003

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org Published in Switzerland

## Contents

### Page

| Forewo | ordi                  | v |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | Scope                 |   |
| 2      | Terms and definitions | 1 |
| 3      | Principle             | 2 |
| 4      | Apparatus             | 2 |
| 5      | Test pieces           | 2 |
| 6      | Test temperature      | 4 |
| 7      | Procedure             | 4 |
| 8      | Expression of results | 5 |
| 9      | Test report           | 5 |

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 15306:2003 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2481978b-947a-4cc7-847eade43257d6bd/iso-15306-2003

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 15306 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 138, *Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Reinforced plastics pipes and fittings for all applications*.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 15306:2003 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2481978b-947a-4cc7-847eade43257d6bd/iso-15306-2003

## Glass-reinforced thermosetting plastics (GRP) pipes — Determination of the resistance to cyclic internal pressure

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for determining the resistance of glass-reinforced thermosetting plastics (GRP) pipes to cyclic internal pressure.

NOTE Whilst this standard refers to pipes, the procedure described can also be applied to fittings.

#### Terms and definitions 2

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

### 2.1

#### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW cyclic pressure

pressure, expressed in bars<sup>1</sup>), which fluctuates about a specified value at a given frequency and with the same amplitude above and below the specified values. Iteh. all

#### 2.2

ISO 15306:2003 mean pressure

specified pressure level, expressed in bars, about which the pressure fluctuates

#### 2.3

#### pressure amplitude

difference between the specified value, expressed in bars, of the cyclic pressure and the upper or lower pressure limit

#### 2.4

### cycle frequency

number of cycles per unit time, expressed in cycles per minute

#### 2.5

#### cycle length

time taken for the pressure to change from the lower limit to the upper limit and then return to the lower limit

#### 2.6

#### leakage

continuous loss of test fluid through the pipe wall to an extent detectable visually

#### 2.7

#### bursting

rupture of the pipe wall with immediate loss of test liquid

1) 1 bar =  $10^5 \text{ N/m}^2 = 0,1 \text{ MPa}$ 

#### Principle 3

A test piece is subjected to a specified cyclic pressure (see 2.1) having a fixed frequency and amplitude (see 2.4 and 2.3) for a specified number of cycles.

NOTE It is assumed that the following test parameters are set by the standard making reference to this standard:

- the type of end-sealing device to be used (see 4.3); a)
- the free length of the test pieces (see 5.2 and Figure 1); b)
- the number of test pieces (see 5.1); C)
- the conditioning requirements, if any (see 5.3); d)
- the test temperature and its tolerance (see Clause 6); e)
- the mean pressure (see 7.2); f)
- the pressure amplitude (see 7.2); g)
- the cycle frequency (see 7.5); h)
- the test liquid inside the test piece and the external environment (see 7.3); i)

## the number of cycles (see 7.5) Teh STANDARD PREVIEW j) (standards.iteh.ai)

#### 4 Apparatus

- Source of internal pressure, with a suitable control mechanism, capable of both of the following: 4.1
- applying the required pressure gradually;<sup>ade43257d6bd/iso-15306-2003</sup> a)
- maintaining the cycle for the duration of the test within an accuracy of  $\pm 4$  % of the specified minimum and b) maximum pressures.

Pressure-recording device, capable of measuring and recording the upper and lower pressure limits 4.2 and the number of cycles (see 4.1 and 7.2) under the applicable cyclic conditions.

End-sealing devices for the test pieces (see Figure 1), of the type specified [see item a) of the Note to 4.3 Clause 3], such that end thrust is induced by the internal pressure or not, as applicable.

#### Test pieces 5

#### Number 5.1

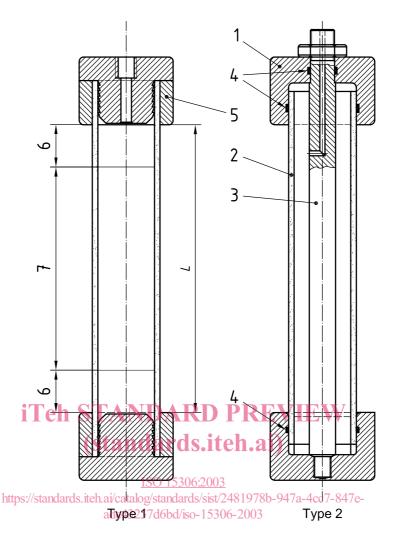
The number of test pieces shall be as specified in the referring standard.

#### 5.2 Length

The length of the test pieces shall be as specified in the referring standard.

#### 5.3 Conditioning

Unless otherwise specified in the referring standard, conditioning is not required.



### a) Type 1 end caps (for testing with end thrust)

b) Type 2 end caps (for testing without end thrust)

#### Key

- 1 end cap
- 2 test piece
- 3 tie bar carrying end thrust
- 4 elastomeric seal
- 5 end-sealing device
- 6 see Clause 8 for this dimension
- 7 valid failure zone
- L length of test piece
- Type 1: Testing with end thrust (external seals)
- Type 2: Testing without end thrust (internal seals)

## Figure 1 — Typical arrangement for pressure testing of pipes

## 6 Test temperature

The test temperature and the tolerance on the test temperature shall be as specified in the referring standard.

## 7 Procedure

7.1 Determine the following dimensions of each test piece:

- a) the external or internal diameter;
- b) the wall thickness;
- c) the length.

7.2 Unless otherwise specified in the referring standard, set the pressure settings as follows:

the mean pressure shall be equal to PN, the nominal pressure of the pipe, expressed in bars<sup>1</sup>);

— the pressure amplitude shall be  $\pm$  0,25 times PN expressed in bars<sup>1)</sup>.

EXAMPLE For a PN 10 pipe, the pressure amplitude will be  $\pm$  2,5 bar and hence the lower pressure limit is 7,5 bar and the upper limit 12,5 bar.

**7.3** Fit the end-sealing devices (4.3) and fill the test piece with the test liquid specified in the referring standard, ensuring that all air is expelled.

The external environment shall be air unless otherwise specified by the referring standard.

7.4 Connect the arrangement to the source of internal pressure.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2481978b-947a-4cc7-847e-

Prior to commencing the test, ensure that both the external environment and the test liquid are at the test temperature (see Clause 6).

7.5 Bring the internal pressure to the lower limit of the cycle.

Increase the internal pressure until the upper limit is reached. Then reduce the pressure to the lower limit. Repeat this process using the applicable cycle frequency given in Table 1, unless otherwise specified in the referring standard, until either the test piece fails (see Clause 8) or the minimum required number of cycles specified in the referring standard is reached.

**7.6** Record the number of cycles to failure (see Clause 8) for test pieces which fail before reaching the minimum required number of cycles.

| Nominal size of test<br>piece | Cycle frequency         |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| DN                            |                         |
| ≼ 150                         | (16 $\pm$ 4) cycles/min |
| $>$ 150 but $\leqslant$ 350   | (8 $\pm$ 2) cycles/min  |
| $>350~\text{but}\leqslant600$ | (4 $\pm$ 1) cycles/min  |

Table 1 — Cycle frequency

## 8 Expression of results

Pass/fail criteria for the series of test pieces tested shall be as given in the referring standard.

A failure may be disregarded if it can be shown to have occurred outside of the valid failure zone ("a" in Figure 1), i.e. within a distance from an end-sealing device ("b" in Figure 1) calculated from Equation (1) of:

$$3,3 \times \left(\mathsf{DN} \times e\right)^{0,5} \tag{1}$$

where

- DN is the numerical value of the nominal size of the pipe, expressed in millimetres;
- *e* is the wall thickness of the pipe, expressed in millimetres.

## 9 Test report

The test report shall include the following information:

- a) a reference to this standard and to the referring standard;
- b) full identification of the pipe tested;
- c) the number of test pieces tested, ANDARD PREVIEW
- d) the dimensions of each test piece, and ards.iteh.ai)
- e) equipment details, e.g. accuracy, details of calibration; https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2481978b-947a-4cc7-847e-
- f) the mean test pressure and the pressure/amplitude for each test piece;
- g) the number of cycles for each test piece (see 7.6);
- h) the type of failure for each test piece which suffers failure;
- i) whether the test was conducted with or without end thrust;
- j) the test temperature;
- k) the orientation of the test pieces during testing (e.g. horizontal, vertical);
- any factors which may have affected the result, such as any incidents or any operating details not specified in this International Standard;
- m) the dates and times of commencement and completion of testing of each test piece.