

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 13859-2:2010

01-oktober-2010

Nadomešča:

SIST EN 13859-2:2005+A1:2009

Hidroizolacijski trakovi - Definicije in lastnosti podložnih folij - 2. del: Podložne folije za stene

Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Definitions and characteristics of underlays - Part 2: Underlays for walls

Abdichtungsbahnen - Definitionen und Eigenschaften von Unterdeck- und Unterspannbahnen - Teil 2: Unterdeck- und Unterspannbahnen für Wände

Feuilles souples d'étanchéité - Définitions et caractéristiques des écrans souples - Partie 2: Ecrans souples pour murs et cloisons extérieures 4af2fb5-cb26-4e47-a792-0ad61bda678fsist-en-13859-2-2010

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 13859-2:2010

ICS:

01.040.91	Gradbeni materiali in gradnja (Slovarji)	Construction materials and building (Vocabularies)
91.060.10	Stene. Predelne stene. Fasade	Walls. Partitions. Facades
91.100.50	Veziva. Tesnilni materiali	Binders. Sealing materials

SIST EN 13859-2:2010 en,fr,de

SIST EN 13859-2:2010

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 13859-2:2010

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14af2fb5-cb26-4e47-a792-0ad61bda678f/sist-en-13859-2-2010

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 13859-2

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

June 2010

ICS 91.100.50

Supersedes EN 13859-2:2004+A1:2008

English Version

Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Definitions and characteristics of underlays - Part 2: Underlays for walls

Feuilles souples d'étanchéité - Définitions et caractéristiques des écrans souples - Partie 2: Ecrans souples pour murs et cloisons extérieures

Abdichtungsbahnen - Definitionen und Eigenschaften von Unterdeck- und Unterspannbahnen - Teil 2: Unterdeck- und Unterspannbahnen für Wände

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 May 2010.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

<u>SIST EN 13859-2:2010</u>

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14af2fb5-cb26-4e47-a792-0ad61bda678f/sist-en-13859-2-2010



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Cont	Contents		
1	Scope	5	
2	Normative references	5	
3	Terms and definitions		
	Product characteristics		
4 4.1	General		
4.1	Dimensions, straightness and mass per unit area		
4.2	Application related characteristics		
4.3.1	Reaction to fire		
4.3.2	Resistance to water penetration		
4.3.3	Water vapour transmission properties		
4.3.4	Resistance to penetration of air		
4.3.5	Tensile properties		
4.3.6	Resistance to tearing		
4.3.7	Dimensional stability		
4.3.8	Flexibility at low temperature (pliability)		
4.3.9	Artificial ageing behaviour.	8	
4.4	Dangerous substances TANDARD PREVIEW	9	
5	Testing	•	
5 5.1	Testing (standards.iteh.ai)	و	
5.1	Test methods	وع	
5.2.1	Determination of dimensions, straightness and mass per unit area		
5.2.1	Determination of reaction to fire	وع	
5.2.3	Determination of reaction to fire Determination of resistance to water penetration Class W1 Determination of resistance to water penetration Class W2 Determination of resistance to water penetration Class W2	۹	
5.2.4	Determination of resistance to water penetration Class W2	10	
5.2.5	Determination of water vapour transmission properties	10	
5.2.6	Determination of resistance to penetration of air		
5.2.7	Determination of tensile properties		
5.2.8	Determination of resistance to tearing (nail shank)		
5.2.9	Determination of dimensional stability		
5.2.10	Determination of flexibility at low temperature (pliability)		
5.2.11	Determination of resistance to artificial ageing	10	
c	Evaluation of conformity	44	
6 6.1	General		
6.2	Initial type testing		
6.2.1	General		
6.2.2	Sampling		
6.2.3	Test results		
6.3	Factory production control (FPC)		
6.3.1	General		
6.3.2	Frequency of testing		
7	Product data sheet and designation	12	
8	Marking, labelling and packaging	12	
Annex	A (normative) Determination of tensile properties	13	
A.1	General		
A.2	Apparatus		
A.3	Sampling		
A.4	Preparation of test specimens		
A E	Propoduro	42	

A.6	Expression and evaluation of results	
A .7	Test report	15
Annex	B (normative) Determination of resistance to tearing	16
B.1	General	
B.2	Apparatus	
B.3	Sampling	
B.4	Preparation of test specimens	
B.5	Procedure	
B.6	Expression and evaluation of results	17
B.7	Test report	17
Annov	C (normative) Artificial ageing by exposure to UV and heat	18
C.1	General	
C.2	Principle	
C.3	Apparatus	
C.3.1	Apparatus for exposure to UV-A irradiation and elevated temperature	
C.3.2	Apparatus for exposure to heat	
C.4	Preparation of test specimens	
C.4.1	Dimensions of test specimens	
C.4.2	Number of specimens	
C.4.3	Conditioning of test specimens	19
C.5	Procedure	19
C.5.1	Exposure to UV irradiation and elevated temperature	
C.5.2	Exposure to heat	
C.5.3	Testing of resistance to water penetration and tensile properties after artificial ageing	
C.6	Expression of results STANDARD PREVIEW Test report	19
C.7	Test report	19
Annex	D (normative) Initial type test and frequencies of testing for factory production control	21
Annex	E (informative) Example of a product data sheet	22
E.1	General information SIST EN 13859-2:2010	22
Annex	https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14af2fb5-cb26-4e47-a792-ZA (informative) Clauses of this European Standard addressing provision of the Construction Products Directive (CPD)	24
ZA.1	Scope and relevant characteristics	
ZA.1 ZA.2	Procedures for attestation of conformity of underlays for walls	
	Systems of attestation of conformity	
	EC Declaration of conformity	
ZA.3	CE marking and labelling.	
_		
Bibliod	ıranhv	32

Foreword

This document (EN 13859-2:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 254 "Flexible sheets for waterproofing", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2010, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2010.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 13859-2:2004+A1:2008.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

SIST EN 13859-2:2010 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14af2fb5-cb26-4e47-a792-0ad61bda678f/sist-en-13859-2-2010

1 Scope

This European standard specifies the characteristics of flexible sheets for underlays for walls which are to be used in walls behind outside wall coverings in order to avoid penetration of wind and water from outside. It specifies the requirements and test methods and provides for the evaluation of conformity of the products with the requirements of this document.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1107-1, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Part 1: Bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing — Determination of dimensional stability

EN 1107-2, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Determination of dimensional stability — Part 2: Plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing

EN 1109, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing — Determination of flexibility at low temperature

EN 1296, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Bitumen, plastic and rubber sheets for roofing — Method of artificial ageing by long term exposure to elevated temperature.

EN 1297, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Bitumen, plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing — Method of artificial ageing by long term exposure to the combination of UV radiation, elevated temperature and water

SIST EN 13859-2:2010

EN 1848-1, Flexible sheets for waterproofing the Determination of length, width and straightness — Part 1: Bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing d61bda678f/sist-en-13859-2-2010

EN 1848-2, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Determination of length, width, straightness and flatness — Part 2: Plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing

EN 1849-1, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Determination of thickness and mass per unit area — Part 1: Bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing

EN 1849-2, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Determination of thickness and mass per unit area — Part 2: Plastic and rubber sheets

EN 1928:2000, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Bitumen, plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing — Determination of watertightness

EN 1931, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Bitumen, plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing — Determination of water vapour transmission properties

EN 12114, Thermal performance of buildings — Air permeability of building components and building elements — Laboratory test method

EN 12310-1:1999, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Part 1: Bitumen sheets for waterproofing — Determination of resistance to tearing (nail shank)

EN 12311-1, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Part 1: Bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing — Determination of tensile properties

EN 13111, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Underlays for discontinuous roofing and walls — Determination of resistance to water penetration

EN 13416:2001, Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Bitumen, plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing — Rules for sampling

EN 13501-1:2007, Fire classification of construction products and building elements — Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

EN ISO 11925-2, Reaction to fire tests — Ignitability of building products subjected to direct impingement of flame — Part 2: Single-flame source test (ISO 11925-2:2002)

EN ISO 12572, Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products — Determination of water vapour transmission properties (ISO 12572:2001)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 13416:2001 and the following apply.

3.1

underlays for walls

factory made flexible sheets of plastics, bitumen, rubber or other suitable materials, which are used behind external wall coverings

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

manufacturer's limiting value

MLV

(standards.iteh.ai)

value stated by the manufacturer to be met during testing, that can be a minimum or a maximum value according to statements made under the product characteristics of this document

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14af2fb5-cb26-4e47-a792-

3.3 0ad61bda678f/sist-en-13859-2-2010

manufacturer's declared value

MDV

value declared by the manufacturer accompanied by a declared tolerance

3.4

sampling

procedure used to select or constitute a sample

3.5

sample

sheet from which a test piece is taken

3.6

test piece

part of the sample from which test specimens are taken

3.7

test specimen

piece of precise dimensions taken from the test piece

4 Product characteristics

4.1 General

The arithmetic mean value calculated from a number of test results shall lie within the tolerance declared for the characteristic. 95 % of the individual results shall lie within the declared tolerance unless otherwise specified in this document.

When tested for purposes other than initial type testing or factory production control, the tests to determine product characteristics indicated in this document shall be started within 1 month of delivery from the manufacturer.

4.2 Dimensions, straightness and mass per unit area

The dimensions, straightness and mass per unit area shall comply with the values declared by the manufacturer (see Annex D) in accordance with 5.2.1. The tolerances required are indicated in Table 1.

Table 1 — Tolerances on length, width, straightness and mass per unit area

Characteristic	Tolerance
Length	-0 %
widtheh STANDA	RD PREVIE _{0,5} % to +1,5 %
(standar	Maximum deviation from straightness:
Straightness SIST EN https://standards.itch.ai/catalog/star	13830 mm per 10 m length or in proportion for other lengths
	st-en-1\$hall fie within the declared tolerance of the MDV

4.3 Application related characteristics

4.3.1 Reaction to fire

Where required, the reaction to fire shall be determined in accordance with 5.2.2.

4.3.2 Resistance to water penetration

4.3.2.1 Class *W1*

The product shall be classified as resistant to water penetration Class W1 if it passes the resistance to water penetration test in accordance with 5.2.3. If the product fails the test of resistance to water penetration indicated in 5.2.3, it shall be tested in accordance with 4.3.2.2.

4.3.2.2 Class *W2*

A product failing to pass the test indicated in 5.2.3 shall be tested in accordance with 5.2.4. If the measured mean volume of water passing through the specimens tested is less than 100 ml, the product shall be classified as resistant to water penetration Class W2.

4.3.2.3 Class *W3*

If the product fails the test indicated in 4.3.2.2, e.g. the measured mean volume passing the specimens exceeds 100 ml, it shall be classified as resistant to water penetration Class W3.

Untested products shall also be classified as resistant to water penetration Class W3.

4.3.3 Water vapour transmission properties

The product shall be tested in accordance with 5.2.5 and the results shall lie within the declared tolerance of the manufacturer's declared value. Other measuring methods shall also be allowed if the correlation with 5.2.5 is proved and recorded. If the water vapour diffusion-equivalent air layer thickness s_d is above or equal to 0,2 m the product shall be tested in accordance with 5.2.5.1. If the s_d value is below 0,2 m the product shall be tested in accordance with 5.2.5.2. If the s_d value is below 0,1 m the standard deviation s_d shall also be recorded in the test report.

4.3.4 Resistance to penetration of air

The product shall be tested in accordance with 5.2.6. The test result shall be given as air permeability, expressed in m^3 air per m^2 , hour at 50 Pascals pressure difference ($m^3/(m^2 \times h \times 50 \text{ Pa})$). The value of air permeability shall be equal to or lower than the manufacturer's limiting value.

4.3.5 Tensile properties

The product shall be tested in accordance with 5.2.7 and the results shall lie within the declared tolerance of the manufacturer's declared values for tensile strength and the maximum and/or minimum values for elongation for both longitudinal and transverse directions.

4.3.6 Resistance to tearing

SIST EN 13859-2:2010

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14af2fb5-cb26-4e47-a792-

The resistance to tearing of underlays shall be tested in accordance with 5.2.8 and the results shall lie within the declared tolerance of the manufacturer's declared value in both (longitudinal and transverse) directions.

4.3.7 Dimensional stability

The dimensional stability shall be determined in accordance with 5.2.9.

The shrinkage or lengthening shall be equal to or less than the manufacturer's limiting value.

4.3.8 Flexibility at low temperature (pliability)

Where appropriate, the flexibility at low temperature (pliability) determined in accordance with 5.2.10 shall be equal to or less than the manufacturer's limiting value.

4.3.9 Artificial ageing behaviour

The product shall be tested in accordance with 5.2.11. The mean values of tensile strength and elongation of the test specimens before and after artificial ageing shall be declared on the product data sheet by the manufacturer. The resistance to water penetration of artificially aged materials shall pass the same class declared by the manufacturer as defined in 4.3.2.

For walls which do not exclude UV exposure, e.g. with open joints, the artificial ageing by UV shall be extended over a period of 5 000 h.

NOTE "UV-exposed" means that there are designed open joints in the wall covering which allow the penetration of daylight to reach the product.

4.4 Dangerous substances

For products placed on the market within the European Economic Area see ZA.1. Outside the EEA products shall conform to any applicable provisions related to dangerous substances valid in the place of use.

Underlays covered by this document shall not contain asbestos or coal tar constituents. The manufacturer shall disclose on the product wrapper and in the health and safety data sheets the use of any additive or constituent considered hazardous.

NOTE See also [3] and [4].

5 Testing

5.1 Sampling

Samples shall be taken in accordance with EN 13416.

5.2 Test methods

5.2.1 Determination of dimensions, straightness and mass per unit area

The length, width, straightness and mass per unit area of underlays shall be determined in accordance with EN 1848-1 and EN 1849-1 for bitumen sheets and in accordance with EN 1848-2 and EN 1849-2 for all other sheets.

5.2.2 Determination of reaction to fire

Where required, the product shall be tested and classified in accordance with EN 13501-1:2007, Table 1. When tested according to EN 1SO 1925-2, the products shall be tested under conditions of surface flame attack (surface exposure).

Oad61bda678f/sist-en-13859-2-2010

NOTE 1 It is currently considered that the Euroclasses Classification system at Classes D and above requires investigation to determine its appropriateness to the products covered by this document (the SBI test (EN 13823:2002) may be inappropriate for products covered by the standard). Pending results of such an investigation and discussions in the Fire Regulators Group, products covered by this document are tested to EN ISO 11925-2.

If and when a new fire test scenario and test method are developed for the products, this document will be amended to refer to them.

The underlays, where no limitation in the application is requested, shall be tested free hanging (without substrate) only. The classification obtained shall be applied to all unsupported and supported end use applications.

NOTE 2 If the intended use of the underlay is solely limited to being supported on a specific substrate, e. g. wood, mineral wool, polyurethane, it should be tested in the end use application in accordance with EN 13238.

5.2.3 Determination of resistance to water penetration Class W1

The resistance to water penetration Class WI shall be determined in accordance with EN 1928:2000, Method A, with the modifications that:

- the water column shall be 200 mm;
- using water dyed with 0,05 % eosin (instead of a moisture indicating mixture of sugar and methylene blue);

- one layer of laboratory filter paper with a mass per unit area of 80 g/m²;
- test period: 2 h (instead of 24 h);
- three test specimens are used.

5.2.4 Determination of resistance to water penetration Class W2

The resistance to water penetration Class *W2* shall be determined in accordance with EN 13111 using three test specimens.

5.2.5 Determination of water vapour transmission properties

5.2.5.1 Determination of water vapour transmission properties using EN 1931

The water vapour transmission properties shall be determined in accordance with EN 1931 using five test specimens.

5.2.5.2 Determination of water vapour transmissions properties using EN ISO 12572

The water vapour transmission properties shall be determined in accordance with EN ISO 12572 using the set of conditions C and using five test specimens.

5.2.6 Determination of resistance to penetration of air PREVIEW

The product shall be tested in accordance with EN 12114 ds.iteh.ai)

The test area A, in m², shall be $0.5 \text{ m}^2 \le A \le 1.0 \text{ m}^2$, the maximum pressure difference shall be $\Delta p_{\text{max}} = 100 \text{ Pa}$.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/14af2fb5-cb26-4e47-a792-

0ad61bda678f/sist-en-13859-2-2010

5.2.7 Determination of tensile properties

The tensile properties of foldable products shall be tested in accordance with EN 12311-1 and the modifications indicated in Annex A. Unfoldable products shall be tested in accordance with EN 12311-1 without these modifications.

5.2.8 Determination of resistance to tearing (nail shank)

The resistance to tearing of foldable products shall be tested in accordance with EN 12310-1 and the modifications indicated in Annex B. Unfoldable products shall be tested in accordance with EN 12310-1 without these modifications.

5.2.9 Determination of dimensional stability

The dimensional stability shall be tested in accordance with EN 1107-1 for bitumen sheets and in accordance with EN 1107-2 for all other materials.

5.2.10 Determination of flexibility at low temperature (pliability)

The flexibility at low temperature shall be tested in accordance with EN 1109.

5.2.11 Determination of resistance to artificial ageing

The product shall be tested in accordance with Annex C.