SLOVENSKI STANDARD
SIST EN ISO 15378:2007

01-november-2007

Primarni embalažni materiali za medicinske proizvode - Posebne zahteve za uporabo ISO 9001:2000 v povezavi z dobro proizvodno prakso (DPP) (ISO 15378:2006)

Primary packaging materials for medicinal products - Particular requirements for the application of ISO 9001:2000, with reference to Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) (ISO 15378:2006)

Primärverpackungen für Arzneimittel - Besondere Anforderungen für die Anwendung von ISO 9001:2000 entsprechend der Guten Herstellungspraxis (GMP) (ISO 15378:2006)

Matériaux d'emballage primaire pour médicaments - Exigences particulieres pour l'application de l'ISO 9001:2000 prenant en considération les Bonnes Pratiques de Fabrication (BPF) (ISO 15378:2006)

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11.040.01	Medicinska oprema na splošno	Medical equipment in general

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English Version

Primary packaging materials for medicinal products - Particular requirements for the application of ISO 9001:2000, with reference to Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) (ISO 15378:2006)

Matériaux d'emballage primaire pour médicaments - Exigences particulières pour l'application de l'ISO 9001:2000 prenant en considération les Bonnes Pratiques de Fabrication (BPF) (ISO 15378:2006)

Primärverpackungen für Arzneimittel - Besondere Anforderungen für die Anwendung von ISO 9001:2000 entsprechend der Guten Herstellungspraxis (GMP) (ISO 15378:2006)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 June 2007.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
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Foreword

The text of ISO15378:2006 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 76 "Transfusion, infusion and injection equipment for medical and pharmaceutical use" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 15378:2007 by Technical Committee CEN/SS F20 "Quality assurance", the secretariat of which is held by CMC.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2008, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2008.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 15378:2006 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 15378:2007 without any modifications.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 15378

First edition
2006-03-01

Primary packaging materials for medicinal products — Particular requirements for the application of ISO 9001:2000, with reference to Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP)

Matériaux d'emballage primaire pour médicaments — Exigences particulières pour l'application de l'ISO 9001:2000 prenant en considération les Bonnes Pratiques de Fabrication (BPF)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 15378 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 76, *Transfusion, infusion and injection equipment for medical and pharmaceutical use*.

0 Introduction

0.1 General

This International Standard identifies Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) principles and specifies requirements for a quality management system applicable to primary packaging materials for medicinal products. The realization of GMP principles in production and control of primary packaging materials within organizations is of great importance for the safety of a patient using the medicinal product, because of their direct product contact. The application of GMP for pharmaceutical packaging materials should ensure that these materials meet the needs and requirements of the pharmaceutical industry.

This International Standard is an application standard for primary packaging materials which contains the requirements text of ISO 9001:2000.

The conventions for the layout of this International Standard are the following.

— *Those clauses or subclauses that are quoted directly and unchanged from ISO 9001:2000 are in boxed text.*

— *Texts in italics contain additionally relevant GMP requirements for primary packaging materials.*

— *GMP terms and definitions are included in Clause 3. If listed, the source is referred to in brackets.*

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems — Requirements

0.1 General

The adoption of a quality management system should be a strategic decision of an organization. The design and implementation of an organization's quality management system is influenced by varying needs, particular objectives, the products provided, the processes employed and the size and structure of the organization. It is not the intent of this International Standard to imply uniformity in the structure of quality management systems or uniformity of documentation.

The quality management system requirements specified in this International Standard are complementary to requirements for products. Information marked "NOTE" is for guidance in understanding or clarifying the associated requirement.

This International Standard can be used by internal and external parties, including certification bodies, to assess the organization's ability to meet customer, regulatory and the organization's own requirements.

The quality management principles stated in ISO 9000 and ISO 9004 have been taken into consideration during the development of this International Standard.

A key objective of this International Standard is to define harmonized primary packaging material requirements. It includes some particular requirements for primary packaging materials, which are derived from Good Manufacturing Practices for the production, control, etc. of medicinal products.

0.2 Process approach

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems — Requirements

0.2 Process approach

This International Standard promotes the adoption of a process approach when developing, implementing and improving the effectiveness of a quality management system, to enhance customer satisfaction by meeting customer requirements.

For an organization to function effectively, it has to identify and manage numerous linked activities. An activity using resources, and managed in order to enable the transformation of inputs into outputs, can be considered as a process. Often the output from one process directly forms the input to the next.

The application of a system of processes within an organization, together with the identification and interactions of these processes, and their management, can be referred to as the "process approach".

An advantage of the process approach is the ongoing control that it provides over the linkage between the individual processes within the system of processes, as well as over their combination and interaction.

When used within a quality management system, such an approach emphasizes the importance of

a) understanding and meeting requirements,

b) the need to consider processes in terms of added value,

c) obtaining results of process performance and effectiveness, and

d) continual improvement of processes based on objective measurement.

The model of a process-based quality management system shown in Figure 1 illustrates the process linkages presented in clauses 4 to 8. This illustration shows that customers play a significant role in defining requirements as inputs. Monitoring of customer satisfaction requires the evaluation of information relating to customer perception as to whether the organization has met the customer requirements. The model shown in Figure 1 covers all the requirements of this International Standard, but does not show processes at a detailed level.

NOTE In addition, the methodology known as "Plan-Do-Check-Act" (PDCA) can be applied to all processes. PDCA can be briefly described as follows.

Plan: establish the objectives and processes necessary to deliver results in accordance with customer requirements and the organization's policies.

Do: implement the processes.

Check: monitor and measure processes and product against policies, objectives and requirements for the product and report the results.

Act: take actions to continually improve process performance.

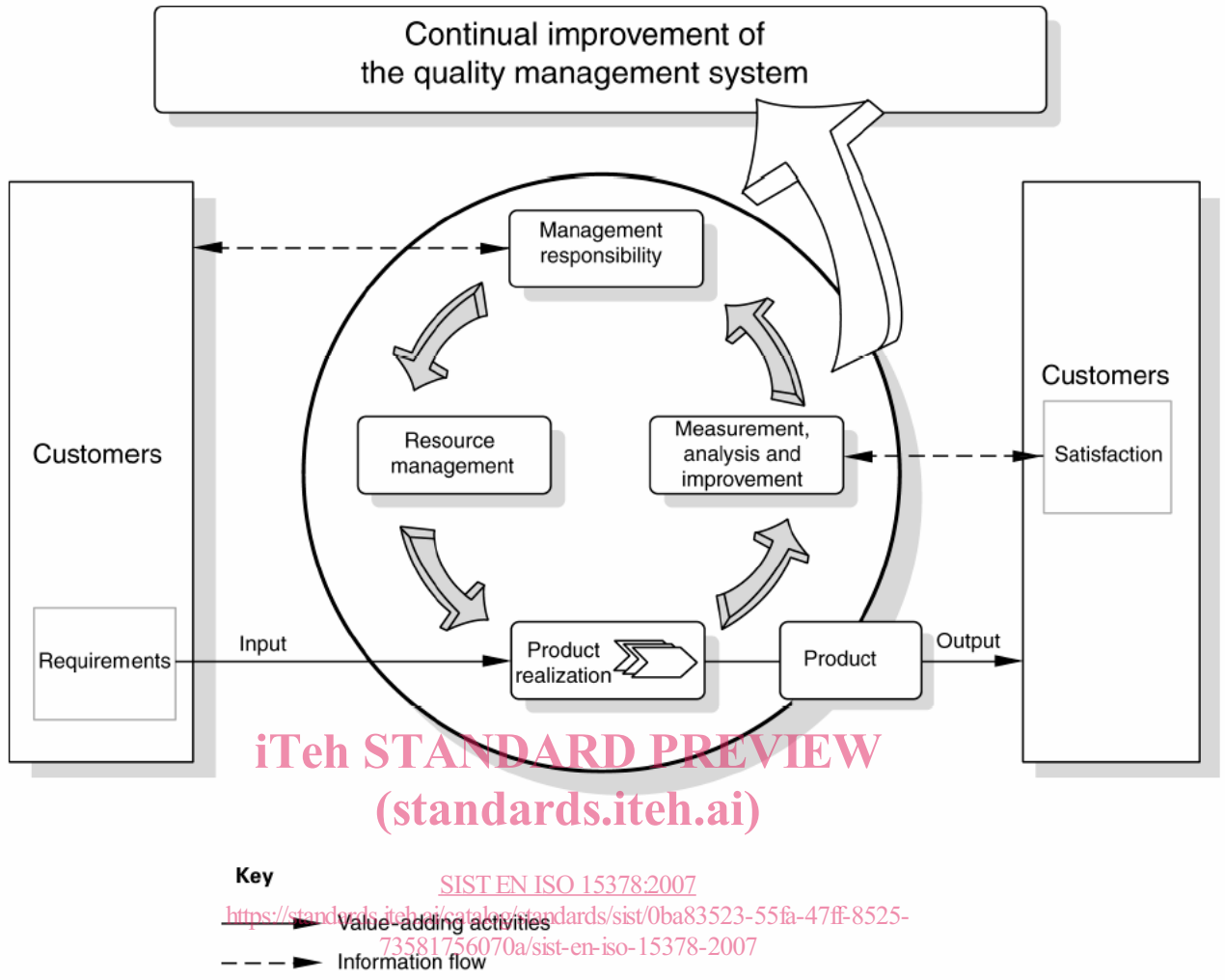

Figure 1 — Model of a process-based quality management system

0.3 Relationship with ISO 9004

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems — Requirements

0.3 Relationship with ISO 9004

The present editions of ISO 9001 and ISO 9004 have been developed as a consistent pair of quality management system standards which have been designed to complement each other, but can also be used independently. Although the two International Standards have different scopes, they have similar structures in order to assist their application as a consistent pair.

ISO 9001 specifies requirements for a quality management system that can be used for internal application by organizations, or for certification, or for contractual purposes. It focuses on the effectiveness of the quality management system in meeting customer requirements.

ISO 9004 gives guidance on a wider range of objectives of a quality management system than does ISO 9001, particularly for the continual improvement of an organization's overall performance and efficiency, as well as its effectiveness. ISO 9004 is recommended as a guide for organizations whose top management wishes to move beyond the requirements of ISO 9001, in pursuit of continual improvement of performance. However, it is not intended for certification or for contractual purposes.

0.4 Compatibility with other management systems

This International Standard incorporates the requirements of ISO 9001:2000 and additionally particular requirements for primary packaging materials, which are derived and adapted, as appropriate, from Good Manufacturing Practices for the production and control of medicinal products.

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems — Requirements

0.4 Compatibility with other management systems

This International Standard has been aligned with ISO 14001:1996 in order to enhance the compatibility of the two standards for the benefit of the user community.

This International Standard does not include requirements specific to other management systems, such as those particular to environmental management, occupational health and safety management, financial management or risk management. However, this International Standard enables an organization to align or integrate its own quality management system with related management system requirements. It is possible for an organization to adapt its existing management system(s) in order to establish a quality management system that complies with the requirements of this International Standard.

Primary packaging materials for medicinal products — Particular requirements for the application of ISO 9001:2000, with reference to Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP)

1 Scope

1.1 General

This International Standard specifies requirements for a quality management system where an organization needs to demonstrate its ability to provide primary packaging materials for medicinal products, which consistently meet customer requirements, including regulatory requirements and International Standards applicable to primary packaging materials.

In this International Standard the term "if appropriate" is used several times. When a requirement is qualified by this phrase, it is deemed to be "appropriate" unless the organization can document a justification otherwise.

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems — Requirements

1.1 General

This International Standard specifies requirements for a quality management system where an organization

a) needs to demonstrate its ability to consistently provide product that meets customer and applicable regulatory requirements, and

b) aims to enhance customer satisfaction through the effective application of the system, including processes for continual improvement of the system and the assurance of conformity to customer and applicable regulatory requirements.

NOTE In this International Standard, the term "product" applies only to the product intended for, or required by, a customer.

1.2 Application

This International Standard is an application standard for the design, manufacture and supply of primary packaging materials for medicinal products. It is also applicable for certification purposes.

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems — Requirements

1.2 Application

All requirements of this International Standard are generic and are intended to be applicable to all organizations, regardless of type, size and product provided.

Where any requirement(s) of this International Standard cannot be applied due to the nature of an organization and its product, this can be considered for exclusion.

Where exclusions are made, claims of conformity to this International Standard are not acceptable unless these exclusions are limited to requirements within clause 7, and such exclusions do not affect the organization's ability, or responsibility, to provide product that meets customer and applicable regulatory requirements.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems — Requirements

2 Normative reference

The following normative document contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the normative document indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 9000:2000, *Quality management systems — Fundamentals and vocabulary.*

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems — Requirements

ISO 14644-1:1999, Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments — Part 1: Classification of air cleanliness

ISO 14644-2:2000, Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments — Part 2: Specifications for testing and monitoring to prove continued compliance with ISO 14644-1

ISO 14644-3, Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments — Part 3: Test methods

ISO 14644-4:2001, Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments — Part 4: Design, construction and start-up

ISO 14644-5, Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments — Part 5: Operations

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 9000 and the following apply.

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems — Requirements

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the terms and definitions given in ISO 9000 apply.

The following terms, used in this edition of ISO 9001 to describe the supply chain, have been changed to reflect the vocabulary currently used:

supplier → **organization** → **customer**

The term "organization" replaces the term "supplier" used in ISO 9001:1994, and refers to the unit to which this International Standard applies. Also, the term "supplier" now replaces the term "subcontractor".

Throughout the text of this International Standard, wherever the term "product" occurs, it can also mean "service".

*NOTE 1 In addition, the terminology **subcontractor** (see 3.61) and **outsourcing** (see 3.34) is used for this International Standard.*

NOTE 2 The term "subcontractor" is still predominantly used in the pharmaceutical packaging industry over that of "supplier".

Additional terms and definitions used in this International Standard are specific to Good Manufacturing Practices applicable to the manufacture of primary packaging materials for medicinal products.

3.1
air-lock
enclosed space to control air-flow

NOTE The space typically has at least two interlocked doors between two or more rooms, used by either people or for goods, to control for different conditions, e.g. cleanliness, air-flow upon entering.

3.2
approved
confirmed conformity status

NOTE Conformity can be confirmed for any stage of the process (starting materials, process aids, packaging material or finished product).

3.3
assembly
*fitting together of **primary packaging materials** (3.35.1) and/or components*

NOTE Examples may include pipette assemblies for filling, prepared components of injection systems or positioning of needle shields on prefillable syringes.

3.4
automated inspection
conformity evaluation performed by inspection equipment without manual intervention

NOTE The inspection equipment can include optoelectronics (cameras), laser systems, ultrasonics and their associated data processing functions or others.

3.5
batch
lot
*defined quantity of **primary packaging material** (3.35.1) manufactured in one process or series of processes intended to have uniform characteristics with consistent, homogeneous quality*

NOTE 1 To meet production requirements or customer needs, a batch can be divided up into a number of sub-batches that are later combined to form a single, consistent batch.

NOTE 2 In the case of continuous production, the batch is a fraction of the production defined either as a fixed quantity or as the amount produced in a fixed time interval.

3.6
batch document
batch record
*documents and records that provide a history of the **batch** (3.5), including information relating to its production and control, and which facilitate its **traceability** (3.63)*

3.7
batch number
lot number
*unique identifier to identify a **batch** or **lot** (3.5)*

NOTE A batch number can be a combination of numbers, letters and/or symbols which identifies a batch (or lot) and from which the production and distribution history can be determined.