



Designation: F 2231 – 02

## Standard Test Method for Charpy Impact Test on Thin Specimens of Polyethylene Used in Pressurized Pipes<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 2231; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### 1. Scope

1.1 This test method describes the specimen preparation and the method of measuring the impact energy of polyethylene used in pressurized pipes.

1.2 The test specimens are taken from compression molded plaques of the resin from pellets or pipe.

1.3 *Units*—The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 ASTM Standards:

D 6110 Test Method for Determining the Charpy Impact Resistance<sup>2</sup>

F 412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems<sup>3</sup>

F 1473 Test Method for Notch Tensile Test to Measure the Resistance to Slow Crack Growth of PE Pipes and Resins<sup>3</sup>

#### 2.2 ISO Standard:

ISO 13477 Small Scale Steady State S-4 Test<sup>4</sup>

#### 2.3 Other References:

Brown, N. and Lu, X., “Dependence of Rapid Crack Propagation in PE Pipes on the Plane Stress Fracture Energy of the Resin,” *Polymer Engineering and Science*, Vol 41, 2001, p. 1140.

Brown, N. and Lu, X., “A Simple Test to Prevent Rapid Crack Propagation,” *Plastic Pipes XI*, Munich, 2001, p. 583.

### 3. Terminology

3.1 *critical temperature, (CT)*, for RCP in a pressurized pipe, the temperature above which RCP is not possible at any pressure.

### 4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 The Charpy specimen is 3 mm thick and taken from a compression-molded plaque of the resin. The specimen is notched precisely with a razor blade and tested at 23°C.

### 5. Significance and Use

5.1 The Charpy impact energy is related to the critical temperature of the rapid crack propagation [RCP] behavior as measured by the ISO 13477, S-4 test.<sup>5</sup>

5.2 The test method may be used to determine the impact energy of polyethylene used in the manufacture of pipe. This test method involves the preparation of a small compression molded specimen of PE resin that is then notched in a specified manner. The specimen is then broken in a pendulum impact machine. The impact energy is recorded in joules. The value obtained is referred to as the Charpy impact energy.

### 6. Apparatus

6.1 *Impact Tester*, with input energy of 1 to 3 J and impact velocity of about 3.0  $\mu$ s. The energy loss shall be measured with a precision of  $\pm 0.004$  J.

6.2 *Notching Machine*, capable of notching with a razor blade with a precision of  $\pm 0.01$  mm and which presses the razor blade into the specimen.

6.3 Details concerning pendulum impact machines are in Test Method D 6110 section on Apparatus.

### 7. Test Specimen

7.1 The specimen is cut from the compression molded plaque of the resin from pellets or from the compression molded plaque of sections taken from a pipe.

7.2 The specimen geometry is shown in Fig. 1.

7.3 The dimension tolerances are as follows: thickness =  $3 \pm 0.2$  mm; width =  $10 \pm 0.2$  mm; length =  $80 \pm 1$  mm; notch

<sup>5</sup> The critical temperature is also related to the dimensions of the pipe.

<sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.40 on Test Methods.

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<sup>2</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 08.03.

<sup>3</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 08.04.

<sup>4</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036.