# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Second edition 2001-12-15

# Hot-rolled carbon steel sheet as defined by chemical composition

Tôles en acier au carbone laminées à chaud définies par leur composition chimique

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<u>ISO 10384:2001</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/5f2e9503-5c2b-453d-bb51-96a8790b8d08/iso-10384-2001



Reference number ISO 10384:2001(E)

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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 10384 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, Steel, Subcommittee SC 12, Continuous mill flat rolled products.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 10384:1992) which has been technically revised. (standards.iteh.ai)

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### Hot-rolled carbon steel sheet as defined by chemical composition

#### 1 Scope

**1.1** This International Standard applies to continuously hot-rolled carbon steel sheet as defined by chemical composition. The product is generally used in the heat-treated condition after hot or cold working, press forming or cutting by the customer. For example, the product is used for general machinery such as sprocket wheels, chain links, washers, knife blades, agricultural implements, etc.

NOTE 1 Hot-rolled sheet up to but not including 3 mm in thickness is commonly known as "sheet". Hot-rolled sheet 3 mm and over in thickness is commonly known as either "sheet" or "plate".

NOTE 2 Steel sheet that is to be subjected to subsequent rerolling is not covered by this International Standard.

**1.2** Hot-rolled carbon steel sheet based on chemical composition is manufactured from killed steel of chemical composition listed in Table 1. It is usually produced in the range of thickness 0,8 mm to 12,5 mm inclusive, and widths 600 mm and over, in coils and cut lengths.

**1.3** Hot-rolled carbon sheet less than 600 mm wide may be slit from wide sheet and will be considered as sheet. (standards.iteh.ai)

#### 2 Normative references

ISO 10384:2001

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The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 643:—<sup>1)</sup>, Steels — Micrographic determination of the apparent grain size

ISO 3887:—<sup>2)</sup>, Steels — Determination of depth of decarburization

ISO 4967:1998, Steel — Determination of content of nonmetallic inclusions — Micrographic method using standard diagrams

ISO 6507-1:1997, Metallic materials — Vickers hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 6508-1:1999, Metallic materials — Rockwell hardness test — Part 1: Test method (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)

ISO 14284:1996, Steel and iron — Sampling and preparation of samples for the determination of chemical composition

<sup>1)</sup> To be published. (Revision of ISO 643:1983)

<sup>2)</sup> To be published. (Revision of ISO 3887:1976)

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.1

#### hot-rolled steel sheet

product obtained by rolling heated steel through a continuous-type strip mill to the required sheet thickness and tolerances

NOTE The product has a surface covered with oxide or scale resulting from the hot-rolling operation.

#### 3.2

#### hot-rolled descaled steel sheet

hot-rolled steel sheet from which oxide or scale has been removed, usually by pickling in an acid solution

NOTE Descaling may also be performed by appropriate mechanical means.

#### 3.3 edges

3.3.1

mill edge

normal edge without any definite contour produced in hot-rolling

NOTE Mill edges may contain some irregularities such as cracked or torn edges or thin (feathered) edges.

#### 3.3.2

3.4

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#### sheared edge

normal edge obtained by shearing, slitting of trimming a mill edge product

NOTE Normal processing does not necessarily provide a definite positioning of the slitting burr.

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#### resquared

attempt to approach a true 90° angle at the shear cut on steel sheet for which tighter than standard width, length, camber or out-of-square tolerances are required and which typically necessitates an additional shearing operation after the sheet has been cut to length from a coil

NOTE "Resquared" is referred to as "restricted" in some areas of the world.

#### 4 Conditions of manufacture

#### 4.1 Steelmaking

The processes used in making the steel and in manufacturing hot-rolled sheet are left to the discretion of the manufacturer. On request, the purchaser shall be informed of the steelmaking process used.

#### 4.2 Chemical composition

The chemical composition (heat analysis) shall comply with the values given in Tables 1 and 2.

Steel grade	С	Si <sup>a</sup>	Mn	Р	S
				max.	max.
S08C	0,10 max.	0,15 – 0,35	0,50 max.	0,030	0,035
S10C	0,08 – 0,13	0,15 – 0,35	0,30 – 0,60	0,030	0,035
S15C	0,13 – 0,18	0,15 – 0,35	0,30 - 0,60	0,030	0,035
S20C	0,18 – 0,23	0,15 – 0,35	0,30 – 0,60	0,030	0,035
S25C	0,22 – 0,28	0,15 – 0,35	0,30 – 0,60	0,030	0,035
S30C	0,27 – 0,33	0,15 – 0,35	0,60 - 0,90	0,030	0,035
S35C	0,32 – 0,38	0,15 – 0,35	0,60 - 0,90	0,030	0,035
S38C	0,35 – 0,41	0,15 – 0,35	0,60 - 0,90	0,030	0,035
S40C	0,37 – 0,43	0,15 – 0,35	0,60 - 0,90	0,030	0,035
S43C	0,40 - 0,46	0,15 – 0,35	0,60 - 0,90	0,030	0,035
S45C	0,42 - 0,48	0,15 – 0,35	0,60 - 0,90	0,030	0,035
S48C	0,45 – 0,51	0,15 – 0,35	0,60 - 0,90	0,030	0,035
S50C	0,47 – 0,53	0,15 – 0,35	0,60 - 0,90	0,030	0,035
S53C	0,50 – 0,56	0,15 – 0,35	0,60 – 0,90	0,030	0,035
S55C	0,52 – 0,58 en	0,15-0,35	0,60-0,90	0,030	0,035
S58C	0,55 – 0,61	(sta,15d035ds.i	teh0,60-0,90	0,030	0,035
a The silicon may be supplied within the limits agreed upon at the time of inquiry and ordering.					

Table 1 — Chemical composition (heat analysis) %

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Element	Heat analysis	Product analysis		
max. %				
Cu <sup>a</sup>	0,20	0,23		
Ni a	0,20	0,23		
Cr a, b	0,15	0,19		
Mo a, b	0,06	0,07		
Nb c	0,008	0,018		
V c	0,008	0,018		
Ti ℃	0,008	0,018		
IOTE Each of the elements listed in this table should be included in the report of the heat analysis. When the amount of copper				

#### Table 2 — Limits on additional chemical elements

NOTE Each of the elements listed in this table should be included in the report of the heat analysis. When the amount of copper, nickel, chromium or molybdenum present is less than 0,02 %, the analysis may be reported as "< 0,02 %".

<sup>a</sup> The sum of copper, nickel, chromium and molybdenum shall not exceed 0,50 % on heat analysis. When one or more of these elements are specified, the sum does not apply; in which case, only the individual limits on the remaining elements will apply.

<sup>b</sup> The sum of chromium and molybdenum shall not exceed 0,16 % on heat analysis. When one or more of these elements are specified, the sum does not apply; in which case, only the individual limits on the remaining elements will apply.

Heat analysis greater than 0,008 may be supplied after agreement between producer and consumer.

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### 4.3.1 Heat analysis

Chemical analysis

с

4.3

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A heat analysis of each heat of steel shall be made by the manufacturer to determine the percentage by mass of all elements listed in Tables 1 and 2. On request, this analysis shall be reported to the purchaser or his representative.

#### 4.3.2 Product analysis

A product analysis may be made by the purchaser to verify the specified analysis of the product and shall take into consideration any normal heterogeneity.

The permissible deviations between the specified heat analysis and the product analysis are shown in Table 3.

Element	Limit, or maximum of specified element	Permissible deviation
	L %	%
	<i>L</i> ≤ 0,15	+ 0,03 - 0,02
С	0,15 < <i>L</i> ≤ 0,40	+ 0,04 - 0,03
	0,40 < <i>L</i> ≤ 0,61	+ 0,05 - 0,03
Si	<i>L</i> ≤ 0,35	± 0,05
Ma	<i>L</i> ≤ 0,60	± 0,03
IVIN	0,60 < <i>L</i> ≤ 0,90	± 0,04
Р	<i>L</i> ≤ 0,030	± 0,01
S	<i>L</i> ≤ 0,035	± 0,01

#### Table 3 — Permissible deviations for product analysis

The sampling method shall be in accordance with ISO 14284. The requirements not specified in ISO 14284 shall be agreed upon by the manufacturer and purchaser at the time of ordering. **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW** 

#### 4.4 Application

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It is desirable that the specified product be identified for fabrication by name of the part or by intended application. Proper identification of the part may include visual examination, prints or description or a combination of these.

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#### 4.5 Mechanical properties and other tests 8d08/iso-10384-2001

**4.5.1** Tensile strength and elongation of the product are not generally specified because the product is subjected to heat treatment after delivery.

**4.5.2** The purchaser may request the following tests for the product. In this case, test items, sampling and test method, if an appropriate International Standard has not been published. Criteria of acceptance or rejection shall be agreed upon by the manufacturer and purchaser at the time of ordering.

- a) Depth of decarburization, see ISO 3887.
- b) Content of non-metallic inclusions, see ISO 4967.
- c) Austenitic grain size, see ISO 643.
- d) Hardness, see ISO 6507-1 or ISO 6508-1.
- e) Microscopic structure.

#### 4.6 Descaling

If mechanical means are used for descaling, some increase in hardness and some loss of ductility may result.

The purchaser should state whether descaling is required.