

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 4170:2008

01-september-2008

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Aerospace series - Paints and varnishes - Test method for measurement of resistance to cold crack temperature cycle

Luft- und Raumfahrt - Anstrichstoffe - Beständigkeit gegen thermische Kreisläufe (standards.iteh.ai)

Série aérospatiale - Peintures et vernis - Méthode de test pour mesurer la résistance aux cycles de basse température cycles de basse température 6486f9508dd0/sist-en-4170-2008

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 4170:2007

ICS:

49.040 Prevleke in z njimi povezani Coatings and related

postopki, ki se uporabljajo v processes used in aerospace

letalski in vesoljski industriji industry

SIST EN 4170:2008 en,de

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English Version

Aerospace series - Paints and varnishes - Test method for measurement of resistance to cold crack temperature cycle

Série aérospatiale - Peintures et vernis - Méthode de test pour mesurer la résistance aux cycles de basse température Luft- und Raumfahrt - Anstrichstoffe - Beständigkeit gegen thermische Kreisläufe

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 April 2007.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (EN 4170:2007) has been prepared by the Aerospace and Defence Industries Association of Europe - Standardization (ASD-STAN).

After enquiries and votes carried out in accordance with the rules of this Association, this Standard has received the approval of the National Associations and the Official Services of the member countries of ASD, prior to its presentation to CEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2008, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2008.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom. ARD PREVIEW

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1 Scope

This standard describes a procedure of ageing to assess the resistance of a coated panel (metallic or organic substrate) to a temperature cycle (cold, hot, hot and wet) for aerospace purposes.

This test deals with the assessment of the capability of the paint to support modification of internal stresses without any crack formation, peeling or other defects due to modification of the mechanical properties of the paint system.

2 Principle

The principle of the method is to create, using a temperature cycle (see 5.2), a periodic fatigue of the paint applied on a given substrate (fatigue of the interfaces or the paint itself). Generally failures occurring are:

- loss of adhesion;
- cracks if the energy due to internal stress development is greater than the cohesive strength of the paint;
- loss of flexibility, gloss;
- blistering.

3

Apparatus

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Climatic chamber: capable of reproducing the temperature cycle define in 5.2 or other required cycle.

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4 Specimen

The panels for the determination of the properties after the ageing process are selected and treated according to the material specification. The tests are indicated in the material specification.

Paint system is applied according to the manufacturers instructions (viscosity, overcoating time).

5 Procedure

5.1 General

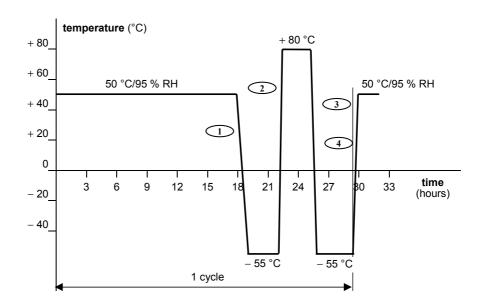
After the drying period defined in the material standard:

- If required gloss and colour are measured using relevant test method;
- The test panels are exposed vertically in the climatic chamber. A distance of 2 cm should separate successive panels.

Unless otherwise the duration of the test is defined by the number of cycles: 30.

5.2 Cold crack cycle

See Figure 1.



Key

 \bigcirc = rate: 1 and 4: (2 < R < 3) °C/min

2 and 3: 10 To min STANDARD PREVIEW

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All temperatures are given with an accuracy of ± 64869508dd0/sist-en-4170-2008

All relative humidity are given with an accuracy of \pm 10 % RH.

The thermal cycle is described hereafter:

- panels are exposed for 18 hours in a (50 \pm 1) °C/(90 \pm 10) % RH atmosphere,
- at a rate of 2-30 °C/min, the atmosphere is cooled to 55 °C,
- the temperature is controlled for 2 hours at (-55 ± 1) °C,
- the ambiance is quickly heated up to (80 \pm 1) °C at 10 °C/min,
- the temperature is controlled for 2 hours at (80 ± 1) °C,
- at a rate of 10 °C/min, the atmosphere is cooled to 55 °C,
- the temperature is controlled for 2 hours at (-55 ± 1) °C,
- the atmosphere is heated up to (50 ± 1) °C and (90 ± 10) % at a rate of 2 °C/min to 3 °C/min.

6 Results

Requirements and test methods are defined in the material specification. The evaluation of the results and test procedures are described in the relevant test methods.

7 Designation

EX	AMPLE				
		Description block	Identity block		
	R	ESISTANCE TO THERMAL CYCLES	EN4170		
Number of the standard —					
8	Test report				
a)	designation;				
b)	date;	TAL CTANDADD DDEVIEW			
c)	thermal cycle;	iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai) SIST EN 4170:2008 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a0485a70-652e-46cd-bfca-6486f9508dd0/sist-en-4170-2008			
d)	paint system;				
e)	batch numbers;				
f)	reference;				
g)	application device;				
h)	drying time and temperature, relative humidity;				
.,					

- i) overcoating time;
- j) thickness of the dry film;
- k) thickness of the different layers;
- I) results;
- m) results and requirements;
- n) gloss;
- o) colour;
- p) defects.