

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 12390-8:2008

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Preskušanje strjenega betona - 8. del: Globina vpijanja vode pod pritiskom

Testing hardened concrete - Part 8: Depth of penetration of water under pressure

Prüfung von Festbeton - Teil 8: Wassereindringtiefe unter Druck

Essai pour béton durci - Partie 8: Profondeur de pénétration d'eau sous pression

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 12390-8

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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Will supersede EN 12390-8:2000

English Version

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This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for unique acceptance procedure. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 104.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

This draft European Standard was established by CEN in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This European Standard (prEN 12390-8:2008) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 104 "Concrete and related products", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This document is currently submitted to the Unique Acceptance Procedure.

This document will supersede EN 12390-8:2000.

The standard has been restricted to tests on specimens cured in water.

This standard is one of a series concerned with testing concrete.

The series EN 12390 includes the following parts:

EN 12390 Testing hardened concrete –

- Part 1: Shape, dimensions and other requirements for specimens and moulds;
- Part 2: Making and curing specimens for strength tests;
- Part 3: Compressive strength of test specimens;
- Part 4: Compressive strength Specification for testing machines;
- Part 5: Flexural strength of test specimens;
- Part 6: Tensile splitting strength of test specimens;
- Part 7: Density of hardened concrete;
- Part 8: Depth of penetration of water under pressure.

The following amendments have been made to the 2000-10 edition of this standard:

editorial revision

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies a method for determining the depth of penetration of water under pressure in hardened concrete which has been water cured.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

prEN 12390-2, Testing hardened concrete - Part 2: Making and curing specimens for strength tests

3 Principle

Water is applied under pressure to the surface of hardened concrete. The specimen is then split and the depth of penetration of the waterfront is measured.

4 Apparatus

4.1 Testing equipment

The test specimen, of given dimensions, shall be placed in any suitable equipment in such a manner that the water pressure can act on the test area and the pressure applied can be continuously indicated. An example of a test arrangement is shown in Figure 1.

- NOTE 1 It is preferable that the apparatus should allow the other surfaces of the test specimen to be observed.
- NOTE 2 The water pressure may be applied to the surface of the test specimen either from the bottom, or the top.

A necessary seal shall be made of rubber or other similar material.

The dimensions of a test area shall be approximately half of the length of the edge or diameter of the test surface.

5 Specimen

The specimen shall be cubic, cylindrical or prismatic with the minimum dimension of the surface of the specimen to be tested not less than 150 mm and no other dimension less than 100 mm.

6 Procedure

6.1 Preparation of the test specimen

Immediately after the specimen is de-moulded, roughen the surface to be exposed to water pressure, with a wire brush and cure the specimen under water in accordance with the procedures given in prEN 12390-2.

6.2 Application of water pressure

The test shall be started when the specimen is at least 28 days old. Do not apply the water pressure to a trowelled surface of a specimen. Place the specimen in the apparatus and apply a water pressure of (500 \pm 50) kPa for (72 \pm 2) h. During the test, periodically observe the appearance of the surfaces of the test specimen not exposed to the water pressure to note the presence of water. If leakage is observed then consider the validity of the result and record the fact.

NOTE The use of tap water is satisfactory.

6.3 Examination of specimen

After the pressure has been applied for the specified time, remove the specimen from the apparatus. Wipe the face on which the water pressure was applied to remove excess water. Split the specimen in half, perpendicularly to the face on which the water pressure was applied. When splitting the specimen, and during the examination, place the face of the specimen exposed to the water pressure on the bottom. As soon as the split face has dried to such an extent that the water penetration front can be clearly seen, mark the water front on the specimen. Measure the maximum depth of penetration under the test area and record it to the nearest mm.

7 Test result

The maximum depth of penetration, expressed in mm, is the test result.

8 Test report

The report shall include:

- a) identification of the test specimen; SISTEN 12390-8:2009
- b) date of start of the test;
- c) description of the specimen (shape and dimensions);
- d) direction of application of water pressure with respect to the casting direction;
- e) maximum depth of penetration, in mm;
- f) any leakage and consideration of the validity of the result; (if appropriate)
- g) any deviation from the standard test method;
- h) a declaration by the person technically responsible for the test that it was carried out in accordance with this document, except as noted in item g).

9 Precision

There is no precision data available.