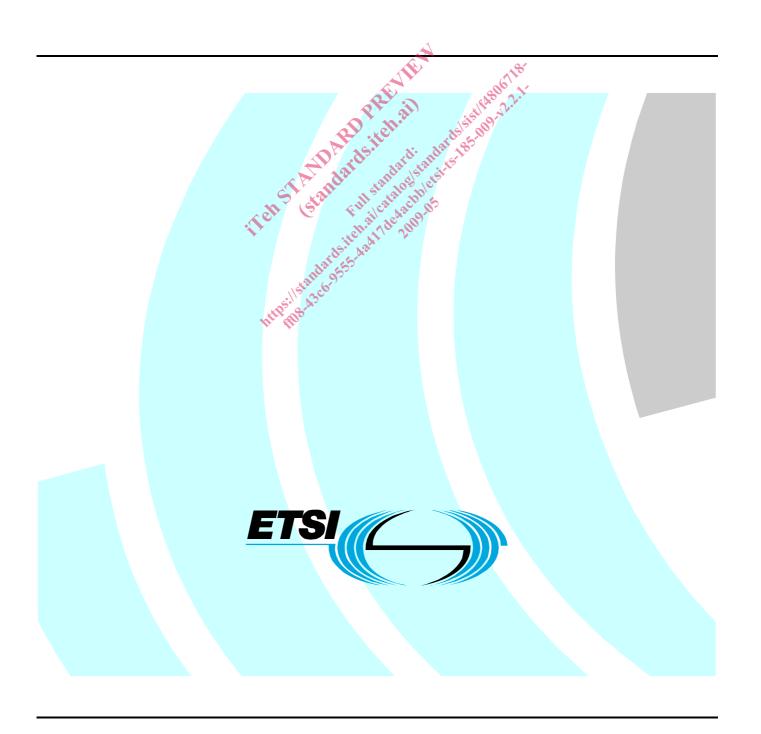
# ETSI TS 185 009 V2.2.1 (2009-05)

Technical Specification

Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN);
Architecture and reference points of a customer network device for IMS based IPTV services



### Reference RTS/TISPAN-05026-NGN-R2

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#### **Foreword**

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN).

## Introduction

The present document describes the main type of IMS based IPTV Customer Devices that take part in Customer Premises Network in terms of general architecture and in terms of reference points with the NGN and CNG.

## 1 Scope

The present document defines the stage 2 Customer Network Devices for IPTV services (IPTV-CND) specifications. It is therefore addressing the overall architecture of the customer network device (CND) enabling the IPTV service consumption. The architectural definition is covering both transport and service layer related functionalities. The reference points between the CND and the Customer Network Gateway (CNG) are also part of the specifications.

The 2 solutions elaborated specified in TS 182 027 [2] and TS 182 028 [4] are IMS based IPTV and IPTV Dedicated Subsystem solutions but only the IMS based IPTV solution is considered in the present document.

### 2 References

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.

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## 2.1 Normative references

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- [1] ETSI TS 181 016: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); Service Layer Requirements to integrate NGN services and IPTV".
- [2] ETSI TS 182 027: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); IPTV Architecture; IPTV functions supported by the IMS subsystem".
- [3] ETSI TS 183 063: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); IMS-based IPTV stage 3 specification".
- [4] ETSI TS 182 028: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); IPTV Architecture; Dedicated subsystem for IPTV functions".
- [5] ETSI TS 183 064: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); Dedicated IPTV subsystem stage 3 specification".
- [6] ETSI TS 185 003: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); Customer Network Gateway Architecture and Reference Points".

- [7] ETSI TS 185 006: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); Customer Devices architecture and interfaces and Reference Points".
- [8] ETSI ES 282 001: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); NGN Functional Architecture".
- [9] ETSI TS 181 005: "Telecommunications and Internet Converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); Service and Capability Requirements".

## 2.2 Informative references

The following referenced documents are not essential to the use of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

[i.1] ETSI TR 185 004: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); High level customer network architectures".

## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

## 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

Customer Network Device (CND): physical device enabling service(s) usage

NOTE: CNDs can be dedicated to the internet, conversational and audio-video services, but they could be also Consumer Electronics equipment and other devices which may have nothing to do with these premium services (e.g. services performing a content sharing within a CPN, typically between a PC and a music system, through the CNG).

Customer Network Gateway (CNG): gateway between the Customer Premises Network (CPN) and the Access Network able to perform networking functions from physical connection to bridging and routing capabilities, but also possibly implementing functions related to the service support

**Customer Premises Network (CPN):** in-house network composed by customer network gateway, customer network devices, network segments (physical wired or wireless connections between customer network elements), network adapters (performing a L1/L2 conversion between different network segments) and nodes (network adapters with L3 routing capabilities)

IPTV services Customer Network Device (IPTV-CND): physical device enabling consumption of IPTV service(s)

NOTE: IPTV-CNDs are dedicated to the TV like audio-visual services such as live TV or On demand.

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ACF Access Configuration Function

AtF Attachment Function
B2BUA Back-to-Back User Agent

BC BroadCast Browser Function

BTA Broadcast TV Application C-BGF Core Border Gateway Function

CDA CoD Application CF Configuration Function

CMF Configuration and Maintenance Function

**CMM** Configuration Management and Monitoring

**CND** Customer Network Device **CNG** Customer Network Gateway

Customer Network Gateway Configuration Function **CNGCF** 

COD Content On Demand **CPA** Client PVR Application **CPN Customer Premises Network** 

cPVR client PVR

**DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol DLNA** Digital Living Network Alliance **EPG** Electronic Programme Guide **ESG** Electronic Service Guide

Internet Group Management Protocol **IGMP** 

IP Multimedia Subsystem **IMS IPTV** Internal Protocol TeleVision

**IPTVF IPTV Function** 

**Local Authentication Function** LAF

MD Media Delivery **MDA** MetaData Application **MDF** Media Delivery Function **MDP** MetaData Processing MPC Media Player Control

**MPPF** Media Packet Processing Function **NACF NAPT** 

NAT NGN **NPA** 

**NPVR** NTF **PCF** 

P-CSCF

ersonal Video recorder

ArT Traversal Function
Policy Control Function
Proxy Call Session Control Function
Plug and Play Function
Personal Video Recorder
Quality of Experience
Quality of Service
leal Time P
ep 1 **PPF PVR** QoE QoS **RTP RTSP** Real Time Streaming Protocol **SCF** Session Control Function **SDF** Service Discovery Function Session Initiation Protocol SIP

SPA Service Profile Application **SPM** Service Profile Management SSF Service Selection Function

Set Top Box

UA User Agent UE User Equipment Universal Plug and Play UPnP VOD Video On Demand

STB

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# 4 High level functional architecture for IPTV-CNDs

The high level functional architecture of IPTV-CND is composed of 3 layers as represented in figure 4.1.

## 4.1 Architecture layers

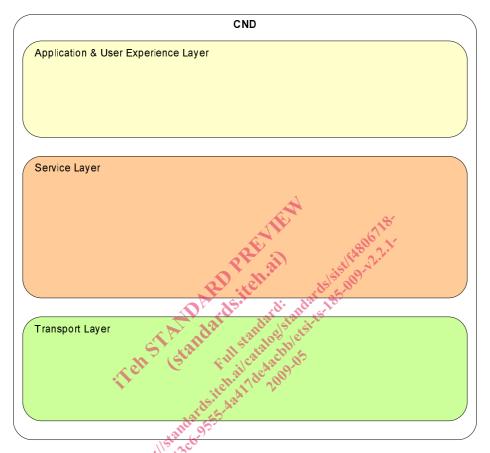


Figure 4.1: Architecture layers

## 4.1.1 Transport layer

This layer comprises functional entities that provide relevant IPTV transport level functions such as network attachment and media processing and streaming functions.

## 4.1.2 Service layer

This layer comprises functional entities that provide relevant IPTV functionality to applications above and also include entities that are used for management and control of platform itself. Depending on the type of services, the service layer entity must communicate either with other devices in the customer network or the external network using the transport layer. Service layer entities do not have a direct user interface and may be controlled via appropriate applications layer entities.

#### Examples include:

- Media Management function.
- Service Discovery function.
- Platform security function.
- CA/DRM function.

• Configuration and Management function, etc.

## 4.1.3 Application and User Experience layer

This layer comprises IPTV applications that have user interface (user driven input and /or output) and use the services provided by the underlying Service Layer to drive end user experience.

Examples of applications include:

- VOD.
- Broadcast TV.
- IPTV Service Guide interface, etc.

The user may be a customer or a service operator.

For the service operator, these functions may include service specific functions such as measurement applications (e.g. user satisfaction).

## 4.2 IPTV operating modes

IPTV CNDs can be simple terminals connected to the NGN or be part of a CPN in connection with the CNG. Different configuration are discussed in TR 185 004 [i.1]. Consequently, the IPTV CND can work in different modes in relation with the CNG.

- **Bridged mode:** In this mode, the IPTV CND is working in compliance with TS 183 063 [3] and is connected to the NGN network or connects to the NGN via a CNG operating in bridged mode. In bridged mode of operation, the CNG provides only L1 L2 functionality. The CND connects over G<sub>m</sub> to the NGN.
- Routed mode: In this mode, the IPTV CND connects to the NGN via a CNG operating in routed mode and is capable to interact with other devices in the CPN with other protocols above L3. In routed mode of operation, the CNG includes routing and service layer functionality as well (L3 and above). The routed mode shall be related to an authentication session. A session operating in one of the following routed modes can only operate in one of them at the same time:
  - NGN mode: IPTV CND connects directly to the NGN through the CNG over G<sub>m</sub>. The CNG-PCF and CNG-NFF as defined in EFSLTS 185 003 [6] may perform functionality such as NAPT and CNG internal QoS.
  - CPN mode: IPTV CND connects to the NGN through CNG over G<sub>m'</sub>. The CNG-SIP Proxy B2BUA, CNG-ACF, CNG-PCF as defined in TS 185 003 [6] may perform functionality such as NAT/FW traversal, CNG internal QoS or IETF SIP to IMS SIP conversion.
- **Intra CPN mode:** At service layer, the 2 devices interact with or without the support of the CNG.

NOTE: Specifications for the intra CPN mode are not part of the present document but in this case, for example, IPTV CND could follow DLNA (Digital Living Network Alliance) interoperability guidelines.

## 5 IPTV Customer Network Device Architecture

The present document categorizes IPTV-CNDs into two types depending on TISPAN IPTV solutions that have been developed by WG2. They are:

- Devices compatible with the IPTV dedicated subsystem solution.
- Devices compatible with the IMS based IPTV solution.