INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 16589-1

First edition 2001-12-15

Rotary shaft lip-type seals incorporating thermoplastic sealing elements —

Part 1: Nominal dimensions and tolerances

Bagues d'étanchéité à lèvres pour arbres tournants incorporant des éléments d'étanchéité thermoplastiques —

Partie 1: Dimensions nominales et tolérances

ISO 16589-1:2001 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9abdf559-ed4b-4a66-8421-83a8ef46317e/iso-16589-1-2001



PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 16589-1:2001 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9abdf559-ed4b-4a66-8421-83a8ef46317e/iso-16589-1-2001

© ISO 2001

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.ch
Web www.iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

Cont	tents	Page
Forew	vord	iv
Introdu	uction	ν
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4 4.1 4.2	Seal types and examplesSeal outside diameter constructionSealing lip arrangements	2
5	Letter symbols	3
6	Nominal dimensions	3
7 7.1 7.2 7.3	ShaftsShaft endsDiametral toleranceSurface roughness and hardness	5 5
8 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4	Housings iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW General (Standards.iteh.ai) Housing bore tolerance Housing bore surface roughness (Standards.iteh.ai)	6 6 7
9	Seal tolerances https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9abdf559-ed4b-4a66-8421-	7
10	83a8ef46317e/iso-16589-1-2001 Size identification code	8
11	Identification statement (Reference to this part of ISO 16589)	
Annex	A (informative) Seal specification	
	graphy	
- •	♥ 1 	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 16589 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 16589-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 131, *Fluid power systems*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Sealing devices*.

ISO 16589 consists of the following parts, under the general title Rotary shaft lip-type seals incorporating thermoplastic sealing elements:

- Part 1: Nominal dimensions and tolerances
- Part 2: Vocabulary

ISO 16589-1:2001

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9abdf559-ed4b-4a66-8421-

- Part 3: Storage, handling and installation 83a8ef46317e/iso-16589-1-2001
- Part 4: Performance test procedures
- Part 5: Identification of visual imperfections

Annex A of this part of ISO 16589 is for information only.

Introduction

Rotary shaft lip-type seals are used to retain fluid in equipment where the differential pressure is relatively low. Typically, the shaft rotates and the housing is stationary, although in some applications the shaft is stationary and the housing rotates.

Dynamic sealing is normally the result of a designed interference fit between the shaft and a flexible element incorporated in the seal.

Similarly, a designed interference fit between the outside diameter of the seal and the diameter of the housing bore retains the seal and prevents static leakage.

Careful storage, handling and proper installation of all seals are necessary to avoid hazards, both prior to and during installation, which would adversely affect service life.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 16589-1:2001 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9abdf559-ed4b-4a66-8421-83a8ef46317e/iso-16589-1-2001

© ISO 2001 – All rights reserved

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 16589-1:2001 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9abdf559-ed4b-4a66-8421-83a8ef46317e/iso-16589-1-2001

Rotary shaft lip-type seals incorporating thermoplastic sealing elements —

Part 1:

Nominal dimensions and tolerances

1 Scope

ISO 16589 describes seals utilizing sealing elements manufactured from suitably formulated compounds, based on thermoplastic materials, such as polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE).

NOTE ISO 16589 is complementary to ISO 6194 which covers elastomeric seals.

This part of ISO 16589 specifies the nominal dimensions and tolerances of the seals, shafts and housings, as well as a dimensional identification code.

2 Normative references

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 16589. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 16589 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards 17e/iso-16589-1-2001

ISO 286-2:1988, ISO system of limits and fits — Part 2: Tables of standard tolerance grades and limit deviations for holes and shafts

ISO 4287:1997, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters

ISO 4288:1996, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Rules and procedures for the assessment of surface texture

ISO 5598:1985, Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary

ISO 16589-2:2001, Rotary shaft lip-type seals incorporating thermoplastic sealing elements — Part 2: Vocabulary

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 16589, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5598 and ISO 16589-2 apply.

© ISO 2001 – All rights reserved

4 Seal types and examples

4.1 Seal outside diameter construction

The constructions shown in Figure 1 show three basic types.

NOTE Because of some variations in design details, or seals made by different manufacturers, the constructions shown are intended only as representative of the basic types.

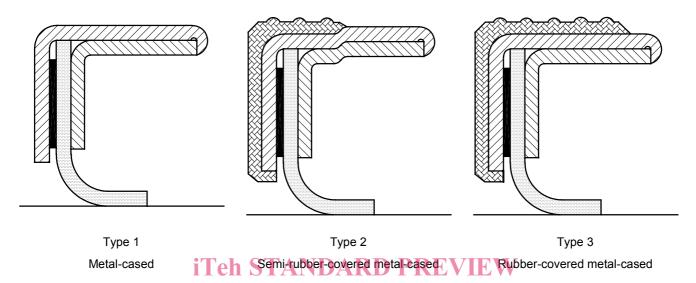


Figure 1 — Three basic types of outside diameter construction

4.2 Sealing lip arrangements

ISO 16589-1:2001

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9abdf559-ed4b-4a66-8421-Some examples of sealing lip arrangements are shown in Figure 2.1-2001

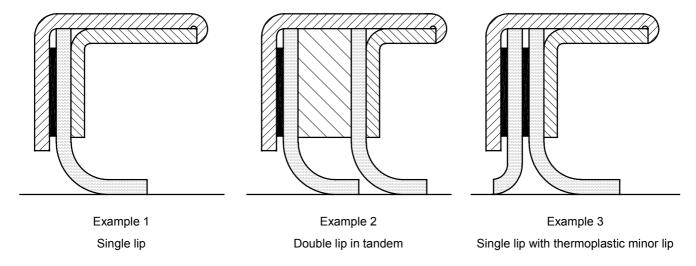


Figure 2 — Sealing lip arrangements

The sealing lip arrangements shown in Figure 2 can be used with each seal outside diameter construction shown in Figure 1.

Hydrodynamic aids are incorporated by some manufacturers in certain applications.

The design of the sealing lip should be agreed on between manufacturer and purchaser.

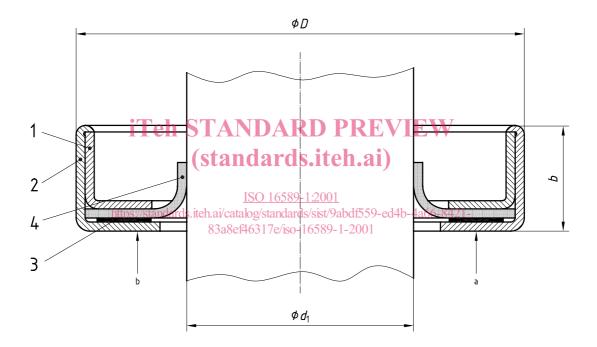
5 Letter symbols

Letter symbols used in this part of ISO 16589 are as follows:

- b is the nominal width of the seal and is associated with the housing bore depth (see Figure 3);
- d_1 is the nominal diameter of the shaft to be used with the seal (see Figure 4);
- d_2 is the minor diameter at the shaft lead-in chamfer (see Figure 4);
- *D* is the nominal diameter of the housing bore and of the outer diameter of the seal (see Figures 3 and 5).

6 Nominal dimensions

The nominal dimensions of the seals are shown in Figure 3 and given in Table 1:



Key

- 1 Inner case
- 2 Outer case
- 3 Gasket (if incorporated)
- 4 Sealing element
- a Rotation viewed from back face
- b Identification (preferred location) on back side

Figure 3 — Seal

Table 1 — Nominal dimensions

Dimensions in millimetres

d_1	D	b^{a}	d_1	D	b^{a}	d_1	D	b^{a}	<i>d</i> ₁	D	b^{a}
6	16	7	25	52	7	45	65	8	120	150	12
6	22	7	28	40	7	50	65	8	130	160	12
7	22	7	28	47	7	50	72	8	140	170	15
8	22	7	28	52	7	55	72	8	150	180	15
8	24	7	30	42	7	55	80	8	160	190	15
9	22	7	30	47	7	60	80	8	170	200	15
10	22	7	30	52	7	60	85	8	180	210	15
10	25	7	32	45	8	65	85	10	190	220	15
12	24	7	32	47	8	65	90	10	200	230	15
12	25	7	32	52	8	70	90	10	220	250	15
12	30	7	35	50	8	70	95	10	240	270	20
15	26	7	35	52	8	75	95	10	260	300	20
15	30	7	35	55	8	75	100	10	280	320	20
15	35	7	38	55	8	80	100	10	300	340	20
16	30	7	i38 el		N ₈ D _A	R 80	R10 V	10	320	360	20
18	30	7	38	62	ndar	85 to	110	12	340	380	20
18	35	7	40	(Sta	8	85	120	12	360	400	20
20	35	7	40	62	<u>ISO 165</u>	89- 99 001	120	12	380	420	20
20	40	7	attps:4/2tanda		atalo 8 /stanc	lards 95 st/9a	bdf 320 ed4	lb-4a (2 6-84	21-400	440	20
22	35	7	42	62 ^{83a}	8ef46317e/i	so-16589-1 100	-2001 125	12	450	500	25
22	40	7	45	62	8	110	140	12	480	530	25
22	47	7									
25	40	7									
25	47	7									

The width \emph{b} may be increased to permit the use of more complex seal configurations.

7 Shafts

7.1 Shaft ends

The end of the shaft shall be provided with a lead-in chamfer as shown in Figure 4 and given in Table 2, and shall be free from burrs, sharp corners or rough machining marks.

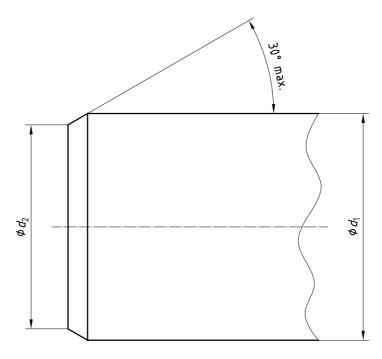


Figure 4 — Shaft lead-in chamfer

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Dimensions in millimetres

Shaft diameter	(Stanuaru	Shaft diameter	
d_1	$d_1 - d_2^{a}_{1SO\ 16589}$	-1:2001 d ₁	$d_1 - d_2^a$
https://s	andards.iteh.ai/natalog/standard	ls/sist/9abdf559-ed4b-4a66-8421-	min.
$d_1 \leqslant 10$	1,5	$50 < d_1 \le 70$	4
$10 < d_1 \le 20$	2	$70 < d_1 \leqslant 95$	4,5
$20 < d_1 \le 30$	2,5	$95 < d_1 \leqslant 130$	5,5
$30 < d_1 \le 40$	3	$130 < d_1 \leqslant 240$	7
$40 < d_1 \le 50$	3,5	$240 < d_1 \leqslant 480$	11

NOTE Assembly tools are specified in ISO 16589-3 and should be used to ensure that the sealing lip/elements are not damaged.

7.2 Diametral tolerance

The shaft shall have a diametral tolerance not greater than h11 (see ISO 286-2).

7.3 Surface roughness and hardness

7.3.1 Surface roughness

The seal contact surface of a ground shaft shall be finished to a surface roughness of between $\it Ra~0,2~\mu m$ and $\it Ra~0,63~\mu m$, or between $\it Rz~0,8~\mu m$ and $\it Rz~2,5~\mu m$, measured in the axial direction in accordance with ISO 4287 and ISO 4288.

© ISO 2001 – All rights reserved