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**Neporušitveno preskušanje jeklenih cevi - 7. del: Ugotavljanje napak varov pri jeklenih ceveh, obločno varjenih pod praškom, z digitalno radiografsko preiskavo (ISO 10893-7:2011)**

Non-destructive testing of steel tubes - Part 7: Digital radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections (ISO 10893-7:2011)

Zerstörungsfreie Prüfung von Stahlrohren - Teil 7: Digitalisierte Durchstrahlungsprüfung der Schweißnaht geschweißter Stahlrohre zum Nachweis von Unregelmäßigkeiten (ISO 10893-7:2011)

Essais non destructifs des tubes en acier - Partie 7: Contrôle radiographique numérique du cordon de soudure des tubes en acier soudés pour la détection des imperfections (ISO 10893-7:2011)

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 10893-7:2011**

**ICS:**

23.040.10	Železne in jeklene cevi	Iron and steel pipes
77.040.20	Neporušitveno preskušanje kovin	Non-destructive testing of metals

**SIST EN ISO 10893-7:2011**

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**Non-destructive testing of steel tubes - Part 7: Digital  
radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for  
the detection of imperfections (ISO 10893-7:2011)**

Essais non destructifs des tubes en acier - Partie 7:  
Contrôle radiographique numérique du cordon de soudure  
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imperfections (ISO 10893-7:2011)

Zerstörungsfreie Prüfung von Stahlrohren - Teil 7: Digitale  
Durchstrahlungsprüfung der Schweißnaht geschweißter  
Stahlrohre zum Nachweis von Unvollkommenheiten (ISO  
10893-7:2011)

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## Foreword

This document (EN ISO 10893-7:2011) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17 "Steel" in collaboration with Technical Committee ECISS/TC 110 "Steel tubes, and iron and steel fittings" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2011.

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**Non-destructive testing of steel tubes —  
Part 7:  
Digital radiographic testing of the weld  
seam of welded steel tubes for  
the detection of imperfections**

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
*Essais non destructifs des tubes en acier —*

*(standards.iteh.ai)*  
*Partie 7: Contrôle radiographique numérique du cordon de soudure  
des tubes en acier soudés pour la détection des imperfections*

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## ISO 10893-7:2011(E)

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

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Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 10893-7 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, *Steel*, Subcommittee SC 19, *Technical delivery conditions for steel tubes for pressure purposes*.

ISO 10893 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Non-destructive testing of steel tubes*:

- *Part 1: Automated electromagnetic testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the verification of hydraulic leaktightness*
- *Part 2: Automated eddy current testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of imperfections*
- *Part 3: Automated full peripheral flux leakage testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections*
- *Part 4: Liquid penetrant inspection of seamless and welded steel tubes for the detection of surface imperfections*
- *Part 5: Magnetic particle inspection of seamless and welded ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of surface imperfections*
- *Part 6: Radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections*
- *Part 7: Digital radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections*
- *Part 8: Automated ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded steel tubes for the detection of laminar imperfections*
- *Part 9: Automated ultrasonic testing for the detection of laminar imperfections in strip/plate used for the manufacture of welded steel tubes*
- *Part 10: Automated full peripheral ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections*
- *Part 11: Automated ultrasonic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections*
- *Part 12: Automated full peripheral ultrasonic thickness testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes*

## Introduction

Digital radiography has been used for the testing of longitudinal weld seams in submerged arc-welded steel tubes for some years. Digital radiography can be automated, and is considered to be more environmentally friendly than film-based radiographic techniques.

Digital radiography maintains the levels of security and availability afforded by X-ray film testing, which have been in place for many years. Images can be made available in a fraction of the time previously taken by film-based techniques, and usually at a lower exposure level and increased detector unsharpness when compared to film.

The storage and handling of digital images maintain the same levels of integrity available from film-based techniques, yet gain all the benefits associated with comprehensive data storage and retrieval systems.

Imaging systems are constantly under development, and an important aspect of this part of ISO 10893 is to qualify the use of those alternative systems currently available. This part of ISO 10893 describes the steps required to deliver these benefits.

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