



SLOVENSKI STANDARD
SIST ISO 4381:2002

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Drсни ležaji - Svinčeve in kositrove zlitine za večslojne drsne ležaje

Plain bearings -- Lead and tin casting alloys for multilayer plain bearings

Paliers lisses -- Alliages moulés à base de plomb et à base d'étain pour paliers lisses multicouches

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ICS:

21.100.10	Drсни ležaji	Plain bearings
77.150.60	Svinčeni, cinkovi in kositrovi izdelki	Lead, zinc and tin products

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en

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO
4381**

Third edition
2000-04-15

Plain bearings — Lead and tin casting alloys for multilayer plain bearings

*Paliers lisses — Alliages moulés à base de plomb et à base d'étain pour
paliers lisses multicouches*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 4381 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 123, *Plain bearings*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Materials and lubricants, their properties, characteristics, test methods and testing conditions*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 4381:1991) which has been technically revised.

Annex A of this International Standard is for information only.

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Plain bearings — Lead and tin casting alloys for multilayer plain bearings

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for bearing metals based on lead and tin casting alloys for multilayer plain bearings.

NOTE Environmental concerns will, in the future, restrict the use of some materials such as lead.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 4384-1, *Plain bearings — Hardness testing of bearing metals — Part 1: Compound materials.*

ISO 4384-2, *Plain bearings — Hardness testing of bearing metals — Part 2: Solid materials.*

ISO 4386-2, *Plain bearings — Metallic multilayer plain bearings — Part 2: Destructive testing of bond for bearing metal layer thicknesses equal to or greater than 2 mm.*

3 Requirements

3.1 Chemical composition

The chemical composition shall be within the limits specified in Tables 1 and 2, where single figures denote maximum values.

The chemical analysis is decisive for the acceptance of the bearing metals.

3.2 Material properties

Material properties shall be in accordance with the data given in Tables 1 and 2.

The Brinell hardness at 20 °C is regarded as the test and acceptance value. All other indicated values are mean values or ranges and are regarded as typical values for the designer. In view of the range of possible alloy compositions and the marked influence exerted by the cooling conditions on the mechanical properties, relatively large deviations from the indicated values are to be expected in individual cases.

3.3 Selection of material

Guidance on the uses of bearing metals and the hardness of the mating bearing part (shaft) is given in annex A.

Table 1 — Lead casting alloys

Chemical element	Chemical composition, % (m/m)			
	PbSb15SnAs	PbSb15Sn10	PbSb10Sn6	
Pb	Remainder	Remainder	Remainder	
Sb	13,5 to 15,5	14 to 16	9 to 11	
Sn	0,9 to 1,7	9 to 11	5 to 7	
Cu	0,7	0,7	0,7	
As	0,8 to 1,2	0,6	0,25	
Bi	0,1	0,1	0,1	
Fe	0,1	0,1	0,1	
Al	0,01	0,01	0,01	
Zn	0,01	0,01	0,01	
Total others	0,2	0,2	0,2	
Material properties of test bar				
Brinell hardness ^a HB 10/250/180	20 °C min.	18	21	16
	50 °C ≈	15	16	16
	120 °C ≈	14	14	14
	150 °C ≈	10	10	8
0,2 % Proof stress $R_{p0,2}$ N/mm ²	20 °C ≈	39	43	39
	50 °C ≈	37	32	32
	100 °C ≈	25	30	27
Bond strength, R_{Ch} , between bearing metal (limiting value; see ISO 4386-2) and steel with C = 0,1 % (m/m) bearing metal thickness ≥ 6 mm N/mm ² ≈	60	70	65	
Rotating bending fatigue, R_{rbf} , 10 ⁷ cycles, N/mm ² ≈	± 24	± 25	± 21	
Linear thermal expansion coefficient, α_1 10 ⁻⁶ /K ≈	25	24	25,3	
Melting range °C ≈	240 to 350	240 to 270 ^b	240 to 260 ^b	
Casting range °C ≈	450 to 500	480 to 520	480 to 520	
Density, ρ kg/dm ³ ≈	9,7	9,9	10,3	
^a For hardness testing, see ISO 4384-1 and ISO 4384-2.				
^b The upper limit of the melting range will be 380 °C if the copper content is higher than 0,5 % (m/m).				

Table 2 — Tin casting alloys

Chemical element	Chemical composition, % (m/m)		
	SnSb12Cu6Pb	SnSb8Cu4	
Sn	Remainder	Remainder	
Sb	11 to 13	7 to 8	
Cu	5 to 7	3 to 4	
Pb	1 to 3	0,35	
As	0,1 ^a	0,1 ^b	
Bi	0,08	0,08	
Fe	0,1	0,1	
Al	0,01	0,01	
Zn	0,01	0,01	
Total others	0,4	0,2	
Material properties of test bar			
Brinell hardness ^c HB10/250/180	20 °C min.	25	22
	50 °C ≈	20	17
	120 °C ≈	12	11
	150 °C ≈	8	8
0,2 % Proof stress, $R_{p,0,2}$ N/mm ²	20 °C ≈	61	47
	50 °C ≈	60	44
	100 °C ≈	36	27
Bond strength, R_{Ch} between bearing metal (limiting value; see ISO 4386-2) and steel with C = 0,1 % (m/m) bearing metal thickness ≥ 6 mm N/mm ² ≈	40	80	
Rotating bending fatigue, R_{rbf} 10 ⁷ cycles, N/mm ² ≈	± 28	± 31	
Linear thermal expansion coefficient, α_l 10 ⁻⁶ /K ≈	22,7	23,9	
Melting range °C ≈	183 to 400	233 to 360	
Casting range °C ≈	480 to 520	440 to 460	
Density, ρ kg/dm ³ ≈	7,4	7,3	
<p>^a In special cases a maximum of 0,8 % (m/m) is permissible.</p> <p>^b In special cases a maximum of 0,5 % (m/m) is permissible.</p> <p>^c For hardness testing, see ISO 4384-1 and ISO 4384-2.</p>			