

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 15171-2:2001

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Connections for fluid power and general use -- Hydraulic couplings for diagnostic purposes -- Part 2: Coupling with M16 x 2 end for connection under pressure

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Raccordements pour transmissions hydrauliques et pneumatiques et usage général --Raccords hydrauliques pour diagnostics -- Partie 2: Raccord avec extrémité M16 x 2 pour connexion sous pression SISTISO 15171-2:2001

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO 15171-2:2000

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 15171-2

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Connections for fluid power and general use — Hydraulic couplings for diagnostic purposes —

Part 2:

Coupling with M16 \times 2 end for connection iTeh Sunder pressure REVIEW

Raccordements pour transmissions hydrauliques et pneumatiques et usage général — Raccords hydrauliques pour diagnostics — SIST ISO 15171-2:2001

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ISO 15171-2:2000(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 15171 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 15171-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 131, *Fluid power systems*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Connectors and similar products and components*.

ISO 15171 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Connections for fluid power and general use — Hydraulic couplings for diagnostic purposes*:

- Part 1: Coupling not for connection under pressure ds.iteh.ai)
- Part 2: Coupling with M16 \times 2 end for connection under pressure

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Introduction

In hydraulic fluid power systems, power is transmitted and controlled through a liquid under pressure within an enclosed circuit. In general applications, a fluid may be conveyed under pressure.

Components are equipped with ports providing diagnostic points in a hydraulic system. Diagnostic couplings may be installed to aid in the diagnosis of hydraulic systems.

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Connections for fluid power and general use — Hydraulic couplings for diagnostic purposes —

Part 2:

Coupling with M16 imes 2 end for connection under pressure

1 Scope

This part of ISO 15171 specifies dimensions, performance requirements and test procedures for a diagnostic coupling with an M14 \times 1,5 straight stud end to mate with an ISO 6149-1 port and an M16 \times 2 connection end that can be connected under pressure without tools to a maximum pressure of 40 MPa [400 bar¹⁾]. The dimensions of the coupling counterpart are specified. The coupling is designed for use in hydraulic systems that use mineral oil.

NOTE The use of this coupling with fluids other than mineral oil requires an agreement between the supplier and the purchaser.

Couplings in accordance with this part of ISO 15171 may be used at a maximum working pressure of 63 MPa (630 bar). The permissible working pressure depends upon the materials, design, working conditions, application, etc.

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Conformance to the dimensional information in this part of ISO 15171 does not guarantee rated performance. Each manufacturer should perform testing according to the specification contained in this part of ISO 15171 to assure that components comply with the performance rating.

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The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 15171. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 15171 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 261:1998, ISO general-purpose metric screw threads — General plan.

ISO 965-1:1998, ISO general-purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances — Part 1: Principles and basic data.

ISO 1629:1995, Rubber and latices — Nomenclature.

ISO 5598:1985, Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary.

ISO 6149-1:—²⁾, Connections for fluid power and general use — Ports and stud ends with ISO 261 threads and Oring sealing — Part 1: Ports with O-ring seal in truncated housing.

ISO 6149-2:—³⁾, Connections for fluid power and general use — Ports and stud ends with ISO 261 threads and Oring sealing — Part 2: Dimensions, design, test methods and requirements for heavy-duty (S series) stud ends.

- 1) $1 \text{ bar} = 0.1 \text{ MPa} = 10^5 \text{ Pa}; 1 \text{ Pa} = 1 \text{ N/m}^2$
- 2) To be published. (Revision of ISO 6149-1:1993)
- 3) To be published. (Revision of ISO 6149-2:1993)

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ISO 7241-2:2000, Hydraulic fluid power — Quick-action couplings — Part 2: Test methods.

ISO 8434-5:1995, Metallic tube connections for fluid power and general use — Part 5: Test methods for threaded hydraulic fluid power connections.

ISO 9227:1990, Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres — Salt spray tests.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 15171, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5598 apply.

4 Performance requirements

4.1 Working pressure and temperature

Couplings shall be designed for use at a maximum working pressure of 63 MPa (630 bar) within a temperature range from -20 °C to +120 °C.

NOTE The temperature range of couplings with elastomeric seals depends on the limits of the temperature range of the seals.

4.2 Flow rate and pressure drop

- 4.2.1 At a flow rate of 6 l/min, the pressure drop of the diagnostic coupling shall not exceed 20 MPa (200 bar).
- **4.2.2** The value of the pressure drop does not include the pressure drop for the hose pin, which is necessary in order to carry out the measurements. The pressure drop test shall be conducted in accordance with ISO 7241-2 and the special provisions given in 4.2.2.1 to 4.2.2.3. SIST ISO 15171-2:2001
- **4.2.2.1** Conduct a pressure drop test with the complete coupling.
- **4.2.2.2** Conduct a pressure drop test with the poppet and spring removed from the coupling.
- **4.2.2.3** Subtract the value of the pressure drop obtained from 4.2.2.2 from the pressure drop obtained from 4.2.2.1. The result is the net pressure drop.

NOTE The rating of the male half of the coupling is to be considered without the pressure drop of the pin.

4.3 Connection of the coupling with a coupling counterpart

If a coupling counterpart is used as described in clause 5, it shall be ensured that the coupling is sealed before the pin opens the male coupling half.

The thread engagement between both parts shall be not less than two pitches before opening.

4.4 Burst and cyclic endurance (impulse) test pressures

Couplings shall meet at least a burst pressure of 252 MPa (2 520 bar) and a cyclic endurance (impulse) pressure of 84 MPa (840 bar) when tested in accordance with 4.5.

4.5 Test methods

Testing shall be conducted in accordance with ISO 8434-5 for burst, cyclic endurance (impulse) and vacuum tests.

The test samples shall be tightened to a torque in accordance with ISO 6149-2.

The coupling shall meet the requirements:

- without any cap;
- assembled with a protection cap;
- assembled with the coupling counterpart.

After the cyclic endurance test, it shall be possible to disconnect and re-connect the coupling without leakage or malfunction. The results shall be reported using the form given in ISO 8434-5:1995.

5 Design

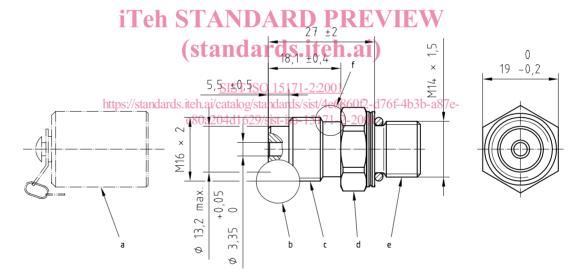
Dimensions of the coupling shall conform to those given in Figure 1. Stud end and O-ring shall be in accordance with ISO 6149-2.

The dimensions for the coupling counterpart are shown in Figure 2.

The threads are in conformity with ISO 261, tolerance grade 6g for external and 6H for internal thread in accordance with ISO 965-1.

Unless otherwise agreed upon between the supplier and the purchaser, the delivery includes the protection cap and the seal on the stud end.

Dimensions in millimetres



- a Design of the cap at the discretion of the manufacturer
- b Design at the discretion of the manufacturer
- ^c Diagnostic connection
- d Optional design
- e Stud end and O-ring in accordance with ISO 6149-2
- f Vibration lock at the discretion of the manufacturer

Figure 1 — Diagnostic coupling

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