

Designation: A 510M – 03

Standard Specification for General Requirements for Wire Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel [Metric]¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 510M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers general requirements for carbon steel wire rods and uncoated coarse round wire in coils or straightened and cut lengths.

1.2 In case of conflict, the requirements in the purchase order, on the drawing, in the individual specification, and in this general specification shall prevail in the sequence named.

NOTE 1—This metric specification is equivalent to Specification A 510, and is compatible in technical content.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products²
- A 700 Practices for Packaging, Marking, and Loading Methods for Steel Products for Domestic Shipment³
- A 751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products²
- E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications⁴
- E 30 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Steel, Cast Iron, Open-Hearth Iron, and Wrought Iron⁵
- E 112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size⁶
- E 527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys (UNS)⁷
- 2.2 Society of Automotive Engineers Standard:⁸

J 1086 Numbering Metals and Alloys

2.3 AIAG Standard:

AIAG B-5 02.00 Primary Metals Identification Tag Application Standard⁹

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *carbon steel*—steel is considered to be carbon steel when no minimum content is specified or required for aluminum, chromium, cobalt, columbium, molybdenum, nickel, titanium, tungsten, vanadium, or zirconium, or any other element added to obtain a desired alloying effect; when the specified minimum for copper does not exceed 0.40 %; or when the maximum content specified for any of the following elements does not exceed these percentages: manganese 1.65, silicon 0.60, or copper 0.60.

3.1.2 *Discussion*— In all carbon steels small quantities of certain unspecified and unrequired residual elements (such as copper, nickel, molybdenum, chromium, etc.) unavoidably retained from raw materials are sometimes found. These elements are considered as incidental and are not normally determined or reported.

Elements (such as sulfur and lead) may be specified to improve machinability of carbon steels.

3.1.3 *coarse round wire—from 0.90 to 25 mm in diameter, inclusive*, wire produced from hot-rolled wire rods or hot-rolled coiled rounds by one or more cold reductions primarily for the purpose of obtaining a desired size with dimensional accuracy, surface finish, and mechanical properties. By varying the amount of cold reduction and other wire mill practices, including thermal treatment, a wide diversity of mechanical properties and finishes are made available. Suggested wire diameters are shown in Table 1.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A1 on Steel, Stainless Steel, and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.03 on Steel Rod and Wire.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.03.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.05.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

⁵ Discontinued—See 1994 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.

⁶ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.

Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.01.

⁸ Available from Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001.

⁹ Available from Automotive Industry Action Group (AIAG), 26200 Lahser Rd., Suite 200, Southfield, MI 48034.

0.90	6.0
1.00	6.5
1.10	7.0
1.20	7.5
1.30	8.0
1.40	8.5
1.60	9.0
1.80	9.5
2.0	10.0
2.1	11.0
2.2	12.0
2.4	13.0
2.5	14.0
2.6	15.0
2.8	16.0
3.0	17.0
3.2	18.0
3.5	19.0
3.8	20.0
4.0	21.0
4.2	22.0
4.5	23.0
4.8	24.0
5.0	25.0
5.5	

TABLE 1 Suggested Diameters for Steel Wire, mm

3.1.4 *straightened and cut wire*—wire produced from coils of wire by means of special machinery that straightens the wire and cuts it to a specified length.

3.1.5 Discussion—The straightening operation may alter the mechanical properties of the wire, especially the tensile strength. The straightening operation may also induce changes in the diameter of the wire. The extent of the changes in the properties of the wire after cold straightening depends upon the kind of wire and also on the normal variation in the adjustments of the straightening equipment. It is therefore not possible to forecast the properties of straightened and cut wire. Each kind of wire needs individual consideration. In most cases, the application of straightened and cut wire is not seriously influenced by these changes.

3.1.6 *wire rods*—rods that are hot rolled from billets to an approximately round cross section and into coils of one continuous length. Rods are not comparable to hot-rolled bars in accuracy of cross section or surface finish and as a semi-finished product are intended primarily for the manufacture of wire.

3.1.7 Discussion—Table 2 shows the nominal diameter for

5.5	12.5
6	13
6.5	13.5
7	14
7.5	14.5
8	15
8.5	15.5
9	16
9.5	16.5
10	17
10.5	17.5
11	18
11.5	18.5
12	19

hot-rolled wire rods. Sizes are shown in 0.5-mm increments from 5.5 to 19 mm.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for hot-rolled wire rods under this specification should include the following information:

- 4.1.1 Quantity (kilograms or megagrams),
- 4.1.2 Name of material (wire rods),
- 4.1.3 Diameter (Table 2),
- 4.1.4 Chemical composition grade number (Table 3, Table
- 4, Table 5, and Table 6),
 - 4.1.5 Packaging,
 - 4.1.6 ASTM designation and date of issue, and
 - 4.1.7 Special requirements, if any_____

NOTE 2—A typical ordering description is as follows: 50 000 kg Steel Wire Rods, 5.5 mm, Grade G10100 in approximately 600-kg Coils to ASTM A 510M-XX.

4.2 Orders for coarse round wire under this specification shall include the following information:

- 4.2.1 Quantity (kilograms or pieces),
- 4.2.2 Name of material (uncoated carbon steel wire),
- 4.2.3 Diameter (Table 1),
- 4.2.4 Length (straightened and cut only),

4.2.5 Chemical composition (Table 3, Table 4, Table 5, and Table 6), Table 6

- 4.2.6 Packaging,
- 4.2.7 ASTM designation and date of issue, and
- 4.2.8 Special requirements, if any.

Note 3—A typical ordering description is as follows: 15 000 kg Uncoated Carbon Steel Wire, 3.8 mm diameter, Grade G10080 in 1000-kg Coils on Tubular Carriers, to ASTM A 510M-XX, or 2500 Pieces, Carbon Steel Wire, 9.5 mm diameter, Straightened and Cut, 0.76 m, Grade G10500, in 25-Piece Bundles on Pallets to ASTM A 510M-XX.

5. Manufacture c8-35c5e25a609e/astm-a510m-03

5.1 The steel may be made by any commercially accepted steel making process. The steel may be either ingot cast or strand cast.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 The chemical composition for steel under this specification shall conform to the requirements set forth in the purchase order. Chemical compositions are specified by ranges or limits for carbon and other elements. The grades commonly specified for carbon steel wire rods and coarse round wire are shown in Table 3, Table 4, Table 5, and Table 6.

6.2 *Cast or Heat Analysis*—An analysis of each heat shall be made by the producer to determine the percentage of the elements specified. The analysis shall be made from a test sample, preferably taken during the pouring of the heat. The chemical composition thus determined shall be reported, if required, to the purchaser or his representative. Reporting of significant figures and rounding shall be in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A 751.

6.3 *Product Analysis*—A product analysis may be made by the purchaser. The analysis is not used for a duplicate analysis to confirm a previous result. The purpose of the product analysis is to verify that the chemical composition is within



TABLE 3 Nonresulfurized Carbon Steel Cast or Heat Chemical Ranges and Limits

Note 1—*Silicon*—When silicon is required the following ranges and limits are commonly used for nonresulfurized carbon steels: 0.10 max %, 0.07 to 0.15 %, 0.10 to 0.20 %, 0.15 to 0.35 %, 0.20 to 0.40 %, or 0.30 to 0.60 %.

NOTE 2-Copper-When required, copper is specified as an added element.

NOTE 3—Lead—When lead is required as an added element, a range from 0.15 to 0.35 % is specified. Such a steel is identified by inserting the letter "L" between the second and third numerals of the grade number, for example, 10L18.

NOTE 4—*Boron Addition to Improve Hardenability*—Standard killed carbon steels, which are fine grain, may be produced with a boron addition to improve hardenability and typically contain an intentional addition of .01 % minimum titanium. Such steels are produced to a range of 0.0005 to 0.003 % boron. These steels are identified by inserting the letter "B" between the second and third numerals of the grade number, for example, 10B46. The UNS designation is also modified by changing the last digit to "1" to indicate boron, for example, G 10461.

NOTE 5—Boron Additions to Control Strain-Ageing Behavior—Intentional additions of boron to low carbon steels for the purpose of controlling strain-ageing behavior during wire drawing is permissible only with the agreement of the purchaser. In such cases, the boron content shall be reported in either a material test report or certification.

NOTE 6—For steels that do not have intentional boron additions for hardenability or for control of strain aging behavior, the boron content will not normally exceed .0008 %.

UNS Grade No.	Grada No		Chemical Compositi	,		
	Carbon	Manganese	Phosphorus, max	Sulfur, max	SAE No.	
G 10050	1005	0.06 max	0.35 max	0.040	0.050	1005
G 10060	1006	0.08 max	0.25 to 0.40	0.040	0.050	1006
G 10080	1008	0.10 max	0.30 to 0.50	0.040	0.050	1008
G 10100	1010	0.08 to 0.13	0.30 to 0.60	0.040	0.050	1010
G 10110	1011	0.08 to 0.13	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1011
G 10120	1012	0.10 to 0.15	0.30 to 0.60	0.040	0.050	1012
G 10130	1013	0.11 to 0.16	0.50 to 0.80	0.040	0.050	1013
G 10150	1015	0.13 to 0.18	0.30 to 0.60	0.040	0.050	1015
G 10160	1016	0.13 to 0.18	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1016
G 10170	1017	0.15 to 0.20	0.30 to 0.60	0.040	0.050	1017
G 10180	1018	0.15 to 0.20	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1018
G 10190	1019	0.15 to 0.20	0.70 to 1.00	0.040	0.050	1019
G 10200	1020	0.18 to 0.23	0.30 to 0.60	0.040	0.050	1020
G 10210	1021	0.18 to 0.23	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1020
G 10220	1022	0.18 to 0.23	0.70 to 1.00	0.040	0.050	1021
G 10220	1022	0.20 to 0.25	0.30 to 0.60	0.040	0.050	1022
G 10250	1025	0.22 to 0.28	0.30 to 0.60	0.040	0.050	1025
G 10260	1026	0.22 to 0.28	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1025
G 10200	1020	0.25 to 0.31	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1020
G 10290	1029	0.28 to 0.34	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1029
G 10300	1034	0.32 to 0.34	0.50 to 0.80	0.040	0.050	
G 10340	1034	0.32 to 0.38 AS	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1035
G 10350	1035	0.32 to 0.38	0.70 to 1.00	0.040	0.050	1035
G 10370	ds.iteb ₁₀₃₈ catalo	0.32 to 0.38	c3790.60 to 0.90 -46	3d-a1 0.040 5c5e	25a6 0.050 astm-	a510 1037
G 10380	1038	0.37 to 0.44	0.70 to 1.00	0.040	0.050	1038
	1039	0.37 to 0.44	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	
G 10400 G 10420	1040	0.40 to 0.47		0.040	0.050	1040 1042
G 10420 G 10430	1042	0.40 to 0.47	0.60 to 0.90 0.70 to 1.00	0.040	0.050	1042
G 10430 G 10440	1043			0.040	0.050	1043
G 10440 G 10450	1044	0.43 to 0.50 0.43 to 0.50	0.30 to 0.60 0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1044
G 10460	1046	0.43 to 0.50	0.70 to 1.00	0.040	0.050	1046
G 10490	1049 1050	0.46 to 0.53	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1049 1050
G 10500	1050	0.48 to 0.55	0.60 to 0.90	0.040 0.040	0.050	1050
G 10530		0.48 to 0.55	0.70 to 1.00		0.050	
G 10550	1055	0.50 to 0.60	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1055
G 10590	1059	0.55 to 0.65	0.50 to 0.80	0.040	0.050	1059
G 10600	1060	0.55 to 0.65	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1060
G 10640	1064	0.60 to 0.70	0.50 to 0.80	0.040	0.050	1064
G 10650	1065	0.60 to 0.70	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1065
G 10690	1069	0.65 to 0.75	0.40 to 0.70	0.040	0.050	1069
G 10700	1070	0.65 to 0.75	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1070
G 10740	1074	0.70 to 0.80	0.50 to 0.80	0.040	0.050	1074
G 10750	1075	0.70 to 0.80	0.40 to 0.70	0.040	0.050	1075
G 10780	1078	0.72 to 0.85	0.30 to 0.60	0.040	0.050	1078
G 10800	1080	0.75 to 0.88	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1080
G 10840	1084	0.80 to 0.93	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1084
G 10850	1085	0.80 to 0.93	0.70 to 1.00	0.040	0.050	1085
G 10860	1086	0.80 to 0.93	0.30 to 0.50	0.040	0.050	1086
G 10900	1090	0.85 to 0.98	0.60 to 0.90	0.040	0.050	1090
G 10950	1095	0.90 to 1.03	0.30 to 0.50	0.040	0.050	1095

^A Designation established in accordance with Practice E 527 and SAE J 1086.