

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 14761:2006+A1:2008

01-december-2008

Lesene talne obloge - Parket iz masivnega lesa - Pokončne lamele, prečne lamele in modularne kocke (kladice)

Wood flooring - Solid wood parquet - Vertical finger, wide finger and module brick

Holzfußböden - Massivholzparkett - Hochkantlamelle, Breitlamelle und Modulklotz

Plancher en bois - Parquet en bois massif - Lamelle verticale, sur chant et à coupe de pierre (standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 14761:2006+A1:2008

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ICS:

79.080 Polizdelki iz lesa Semi-manufactures of timber 97.150 Netekstilne talne obloge Non-textile floor coverings

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EN 14761:2006+A1

NORME EUROPÉENNE

**EUROPÄISCHE NORM** 

July 2008

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# **English Version**

# Wood flooring - Solid wood parquet - Vertical finger, wide finger and module brick

Plancher en bois - Parquet en bois massif - Lamelle verticale, sur chant et à coupe de pierre

Holzfußböden - Massivholzparkett - Hochkantlamelle, Breitlamelle und Modulklotz

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 30 December 2005 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 30 May 2008.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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| Cont   | ents   | Page |
|--|--|------|
| Forewo   | ord  | 3    |
| 1  | Scope  | 4    |
| 2  | Normative references   | 2    |
| 3  | Terms and definitions  |      |
| 4  | Symbols and abbreviations  |      |
| 5.5.1<br>5.2<br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4<br>5.3<br>5.4.1<br>5.4.2<br>5.4.3<br>5.4.4<br>5.4.5<br>5.4.6<br>5.4.7<br>5.4.8<br>5.5.5<br>5.5.1<br>5.5.5 | Specific product requirements  Wood species  Appearance  General rules  Rules for wide fingers and module bricks  Rules for vertical finger  Free class  Moisture content  Geometrical characteristics  General  Vertical finger  Wide finger  Module brick  Vertical finger laying unit – like a ladder  Word finger laying unit – like a ladder  Module parquet laying unit – made up from component squares  Machining  Multips://standards.itch.ai.cataba/standards/sist/5354869f.accl_4810-94d8-  Technical specifications and properties by/sist-on-14761_2006a1_2008  Technical characteristics required when in service  Specific site requirements  Appearance  Renovation and repair |      |
| 6  | Marking  | 13   |
| Annex  | A (informative) Botanical and trade names of the most commonly used species for wood flooring (hardwood and softwood species)  | 14   |
| Annex  | B (normative) Principles for the classification of the free class  | 20   |
| Bibliography   |  |      |

# **Foreword**

This document (EN 14761:2006+A1:2008) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 175 "Round and sawn timber", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2009 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2009.

This document includes Amendment 1, approved by CEN on 2008-05-30.

This document supersedes EN 14761:2006.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags [A] (A)

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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# 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the characteristics of solid vertical and wide finger as well as Module brick including the laying units made of softwood or hardwood for internal use as flooring. This standard covers products without surface treatments.

This standard covers also treated or untreated elements.

# 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 844-1:1995, Round and sawn timber – Terminology – Part 1: General terms common to round timber and sawn timber

EN 844-3:1995, Round and sawn timber – Terminology – Part 3: General terms relating to sawn timber

EN 844-4:1997, Round and sawn timber – Terminology – Part 4: Terms relating to structure content

EN 844-6:1997, Round and sawn timber – Terminology – Part 6: Terms relating to dimensions of sawn timber

EN 844-7:1997, Round and sawn timber Standards itch ai relating to anatomical structure of timber SISTEN 14761:2006+A1:2008

EN 844-9:1997, Round and sawn timber 5208afd2b3b9/sist-en-14761-2006a1-2008

EN 844-10:1998, Round and sawn timber – Terminology – Part 10: Terms relating to stain and fungal attack

EN 844-11:1998, Round and sawn timber – Terminology – Part 11: Terms relating to degrade by insects

EN 844-12:2000, Round and sawn timber – Terminology – Part 12: Additional terms and general index

EN 1310, Round and sawn timber - Method of measurement of features

EN 1534, Wood and parquet flooring - Determination of resistance to indentation (Brinell) - Test method

EN 13183-1, Moisture content of a piece of sawn timber - Part 1: Determination by oven dry method

EN 13183-2, Moisture content of a piece of sawn timber - Part 2: Estimation by electrical resistance method

EN 13647, Wood and parquet flooring and wood panelling and cladding - Determination of geometrical characteristics

EN 13756:2002, Wood flooring – Terminology

EN 14342, Wood flooring - Characteristics, evaluation of conformity and marking

# 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard the terms and definitions given in EN 844-1:1995, EN 844-3:1995, EN 844-4:1997, EN 844-6:1997, EN 844-7:1997, EN 844-9:1997, EN 844-10:1998, EN 844-11:1998, EN 844-12:2000 and EN 13756:2002 and the following apply.

#### 3.1

## vertical finger

element of solid sawn wood, of small dimensions having flat edges similar to the mosaic parquet finger, and with tolerances in regard of the rectangular shape and the dimensions regarding the width and the thickness

## 3.2

# wide finger

small element of solid wood, with rectangular shape, having flat edges

NOTE See dimensions in Tables 4 (wide finger) and 5 (module brick)

#### 3.3

#### module brick

element of solid wood, with rectangular shape having flat edges

NOTE See dimensions in Tables 4 (wide finger) and 5 (module brick)

#### 3.4

# vertical finger laying unit

pre-assembled laying unit made up of a certain number of fingers laid on their longest edge forming a pattern like a ladder

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NOTE The particular fingers are held together by an adequate material either on their face and/or at the back for means of transportation and installation

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# 3.5 https wide finger laying unit

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pre-assembled laying unit made up from a certain number of wide fingers which are assembled edge to edge forming a pattern like a ladder

NOTE The particular fingers are held together by an adequate material on their back for means of transportation and installation

### 3.6

### module parquet laying unit

pre-assembled laying unit made up of module bricks which are assembled edge to edge in a certain way in order to form a pattern, e. g. squares or other designs

NOTE The module bricks are held together by an adequate material on their face and/or at the back for means of transportation and installation

# 4 Symbols and abbreviations

- Length of the face of the element
- b Width of the face of the element
- t Thickness between the face and the back of the element

# 5 Specific product requirements

# 5.1 Wood species

A list of the most commonly used species for elements and laying units as described in this standard is given in Annex A.

# 5.2 Appearance

#### 5.2.1 General rules

A classification with three appearance classes is specified, designated O,  $\Delta$  and  $\Box$ .

Tables 1 and 2 define the classification relating to appearance rules for the face of wide fingers and module bricks made of oak, beech and ash.

Appearance rules for vertical fingers are given in 5.2.3.

A classification named "Free class" is based on the principle laid out in Annex B.

The wood shall be sound and the surface free of insect galleries. All annual growth layer as well as medullary ray are permitted.

# 5.2.2 Rules for wide fingers and module bricks DARD PREVIEW

# 5.2.2.1 For Quercus spp. (oak)

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Rules for oak are given in Table 1.

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Table 1 — Classification for Quercus spp. (oak)

| Features           | Class                                |                   |           |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| reatures           | 0                                    | Δ                 |           |
| Sapwood            | Not permitted                        | Permitted         | Permitted |
| Knots <sup>a</sup> | Not permitted                        | Not permitted     | Permitted |
| Checks             | Not permitted                        | Not permitted     | Permitted |
| Bark pocket        | Not permitted                        | Not permitted     | Permitted |
| Lightning shakes   | Not permitted                        | Not permitted     | Permitted |
| Slope of grain     | Permitted                            | Permitted         | Permitted |
| Biodeterioration   | Not permitted                        | Not permitted     | Permitted |
| Colour variation   | Large variation not permitted ANDARD | Permitted PREVIEW | Permitted |

Sound knots not exceeding 2 mm in diameter and black knots not exceeding 1 mm in diameter are permitted, if they do not occur in clusters.

5151 LN 14/01.2000 A1.2000

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/535d869f-aec1-4810-94d8-

# 5.2.2.2 For Fraxinus excelsior (ash) and Fagus sylvatica (beech)

Rules for ash and beech shall be as specified in Table 1 except for the specific features given in Table 2.

Table 2 — Classification for Fraxinus excelsior (ash) and Fagus sylvatica (beech)

| Features          | Class         |           |           |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| reatures          | 0             | Δ         |           |
| For ash:          |               |           |           |
| Sound brown heart | Not permitted | Permitted | Permitted |
| Sapwood           | Permitted     | Permitted | Permitted |
| For beech:        |               |           |           |
| Sound red heart   | Not permitted | Permitted | Permitted |

# 5.2.3 Rules for vertical finger

The vertical finger shall have no limitations regarding colour, knots and structure.

Sapwood and stain shall be permitted.

On the surface, decay and insect attack shall not be permitted.

### 5.2.4 Free class

The free class covers any species which may be used for wood flooring and for which hardness HB has a minimum mean value of 10 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Hardness shall be measured according to EN 1534. The free class covers any classification which the producer wishes to offer or which is requested by the buyer. The proportions or limits of features shall be specifically indicated in the producer's literature/data sheets, in conformity with Annex B and stated according to Table B.1.

NOTE 10N/mm<sup>2</sup>: approximately 1kgf/mm<sup>2</sup>

#### 5.3 Moisture content

Individual elements shall have a moisture content at the time of first delivery of the product of between 7 % and 11 %.

The moisture content shall be measured with an electric moisture meter in accordance with EN 13183-2. In case of dispute, the moisture content shall be determined by oven-drying in accordance with EN 13183-1.

# 5.4 Geometrical characteristics

#### 5.4.1 General

All elements and laying units shall have their actual dimensions within the dimensions and permitted deviations specified to 5.4.2 to 5.4.4.

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All dimensions are given at a reference moisture content of 9 %.

Unless there is evidence to the contrary, it shall be assumed that the thickness and width of a piece of timber increase by 0,25 % for every 1 % of moisture content above the reference moisture content, and decrease by 0,25 % for every 1 % of moisture content below the reference moisture content.

The methods of measurement of geometrical characteristics are given in EN 13647.

# 5.4.2 Vertical finger

The dimensions and permitted deviations for vertical finger are given in Table 3 and refer to Figures 1 and 2.

Table 3 — Dimensions and permitted deviations for vertical [A] deleted text (A) finger

 $A_1$ 

|                      | Thickness t | Width b | Length /   |
|----------------------|-------------|---------|------------|
|                      | mm          | mm      | mm         |
| Dimensions           | 8 to 35     | 6 to 10 | 115 to 320 |
| Permitted deviations | ± 0,5       | ± 0,5   | ± 0,5      |

 $\langle A_1 \rangle$ 

NOTE The batch is composed of elements with the same nominal thickness and length

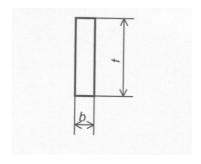
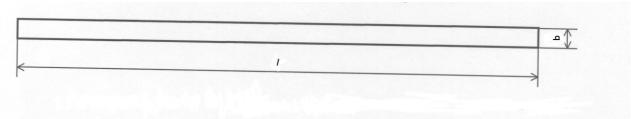


Figure 1 — Cross-section of a vertical finger



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SIST EN 14761:2006+A1:2008

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# 5.4.3 Wide finger

The dimensions and permitted deviations for wide fingers are given in Table 4 and refer to Figures 3 and 4.

Table 4 — Dimensions and permitted deviations for wide fingers



|                      | Thickness t | Width b  | Length /   |
|----------------------|-------------|----------|------------|
|                      | mm          | mm       | mm         |
| Dimensions           | 8 to 35     | 11 to 23 | 115 to 320 |
| Permitted deviations | ± 0,5       | ± 0,5    | ± 0,5      |

