



Designation: C 150 – 02a^{ε1}

Standard Specification for Portland Cement¹

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This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

^{ε1} NOTE—Changed reference in 4.1.5 to cite the table on “Optional Physical Requirements” editorially September 2003.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers eight types of portland cement, as follows (see Note 2):

1.1.1 *Type I*—For use when the special properties specified for any other type are not required.

1.1.2 *Type IA*—Air-entraining cement for the same uses as Type I, where air-entrainment is desired.

1.1.3 *Type II*—For general use, more especially when moderate sulfate resistance or moderate heat of hydration is desired.

1.1.4 *Type IIA*—Air-entraining cement for the same uses as Type II, where air-entrainment is desired.

1.1.5 *Type III*—For use when high early strength is desired.

1.1.6 *Type IIIA*—Air-entraining cement for the same use as Type III, where air-entrainment is desired.

1.1.7 *Type IV*—For use when a low heat of hydration is desired.

1.1.8 *Type V*—For use when high sulfate resistance is desired.

NOTE 1—Some cements are designated with a combined type classification, such as Type I/II, indicating that the cement meets the requirements of the indicated types and is being offered as suitable for use when either type is desired.

1.2 When both SI and inch-pound units are present, the SI units are the standard. The inch-pound units are approximations listed for information only.

1.3 The text of this standard references notes and footnotes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*

C 33 Specification for Concrete Aggregates²

C 109/C 109M Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2-in. or 50-mm Cube Specimens)³
C 114 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Hydraulic Cement³
C 115 Test Method for Fineness of Portland Cement by the Turbidimeter³
C 151 Test Method for Autoclave Expansion of Portland Cement³
C 183 Practice for Sampling and the Amount of Testing of Hydraulic Cement³
C 185 Test Method for Air Content of Hydraulic Cement Mortar³
C 186 Test Method for Heat of Hydration of Hydraulic Cement³
C 191 Test Method for Time of Setting of Hydraulic Cement by Vicat Needle³
C 204 Test Method for Fineness of Hydraulic Cement by Air Permeability Apparatus³
C 219 Terminology Relating to Hydraulic Cement³
C 226 Specification for Air-Entraining Additions for Use in the Manufacture of Air-Entraining Hydraulic Cement³
C 266 Test Method for Time of Setting of Hydraulic Cement Paste by Gillmore Needles³
C 451 Test Method for Early Stiffening of Hydraulic Cement (Paste Method)³
C 452 Test Method for Potential Expansion of Portland-Cement Mortars Exposed to Sulfate³
C 465 Specification for Processing Additions for Use in the Manufacture of Hydraulic Cements³
C 563 Test Method for Optimum SO₃ in Hydraulic Cement Using 24-h Compressive Strength³
C 1038 Test Method for Expansion of Hydraulic Cement Mortar Bars Stored in Water³
E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C01 on Cement and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C01.10 on Hydraulic Cements for General Concrete Construction.

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² *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 04.02.

³ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 04.01.

Determine Conformance with Specifications⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—See Terminology C 219.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following:

- 4.1.1 This specification number and date,
- 4.1.2 Type or types allowable. If no type is specified, Type I shall be supplied,
- 4.1.3 Any optional chemical requirements from Table 2, if desired,
- 4.1.4 Type of setting-time test required, Vicat or Gillmore. If not specified, the Vicat shall be used, and
- 4.1.5 Any optional physical requirements from Table 3, if desired.

NOTE 2—Cement conforming to the requirements for all types are not carried in stock in some areas. In advance of specifying the use of cement other than Type I, determine whether the proposed type of cement is, or can be made, available.

5. Additions

5.1 The cement covered by this specification shall contain no addition except as follows:

- 5.1.1 Water or calcium sulfate, or both, if added, shall be in amounts such that the limits shown in Table 1 for sulfur trioxide and loss-on-ignition are not exceeded.
- 5.1.2 Processing additions used in the manufacture of the cement shall have been shown to meet the requirements of Specification C 465 in the amounts used or greater.
- 5.1.3 Air-entraining portland cement shall contain an inter-ground addition conforming to the requirements of Specification C 226.

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a569ce03-9622-4000-b013-000000000000/astm-c150-02a>

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 Portland cement of each of the eight types shown in Section 1 shall conform to the respective standard chemical requirements prescribed in Table 1. In addition, optional chemical requirements are shown in Table 2.

NOTE 3—When comparing oxide analyses and calculated phases from different sources or from different historic times, be aware that they may not have been reported on exactly the same basis. Chemical data obtained by Reference and Alternate Test Methods of Test Methods C 114 (wet chemistry) may include titania and phosphorus as alumina unless proper correction has been made (see Test Methods C 114), while data obtained by rapid instrumental methods usually do not. This can result in small differences in the calculated phases. Such differences are usually within the precision of the analytical methods, even when the methods are properly qualified under the requirements of Test Methods C 114.

7. Physical Properties

7.1 Portland cement of each of the eight types shown in Section 1 shall conform to the respective standard physical requirements prescribed in Table 4. In addition, optional physical requirements are shown in Table 3.

8. Sampling

- 8.1 When the purchaser desires that the cement be sampled and tested to verify compliance with this specification, perform sampling and testing in accordance with Practice C 183.
- 8.2 Practice C 183 is not designed for manufacturing quality control and is not required for manufacturer's certification.

9. Test Methods

- 9.1 Determine the applicable properties enumerated in this specification in accordance with the following test methods:
 - 9.1.1 *Air Content of Mortar*—Test Method C 185.
 - 9.1.2 *Chemical Analysis*—Test Methods C 114.
 - 9.1.3 *Strength*—Test Method C 109/C 109M.
 - 9.1.4 *False Set*—Test Method C 451.
 - 9.1.5 *Fineness by Air Permeability*—Test Method C 204.
 - 9.1.6 *Fineness by Turbidimeter*—Test Method C 115.

TABLE 1 Standard Composition Requirements

Cement Type ^A	Applicable Test Method	I and IA	II and IIA	III and IIIA	IV	V
Silicon dioxide (SiO ₂), min, %	C 114	...	20.0 ^{B,C}	...	...	...
Aluminum oxide (Al ₂ O ₃), max, %	C 114	...	6.0	...	...	...
Ferric oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃), max, %	C 114	...	6.0 ^{B,C}	...	6.5	...
Magnesium oxide (MgO), max, %	C 114	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Sulfur trioxide (SO ₃), ^D max, %	C 114					
When (C ₃ A) is 8 % or less		3.0	3.0	3.5	2.3	2.3
When (C ₃ A) is more than 8 %		3.5	^E	4.5	^E	^E
Loss on ignition, max, %	C 114	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.5	3.0
Insoluble residue, max, %	C 114	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
Tricalcium silicate (C ₃ S), max, %	See Annex	...	...	...	35 ^B	...
Dicalcium silicate (C ₂ S), min, %	See Annex	...	...	...	40 ^B	...
Tricalcium aluminate (C ₃ A), max, %	See Annex	...	8	15	7 ^B	5 ^C
Tetracalcium aluminoferrite plus twice the tricalcium aluminate (C ₄ AF + 2(C ₃ A)), or solid solution (C ₄ AF + C ₂ F), as applicable, max, %	See Annex	...	...	...	...	25 ^C

^A See Note 2.

^B Does not apply when the heat of hydration limit in Table 3 is specified.

^C Does not apply when the sulfate resistance limit in Table 3 is specified.

^D There are cases where optimum SO₃ (using Test Method C 563) for a particular cement is close to or in excess of the limit in this specification. In such cases where properties of a cement can be improved by exceeding the SO₃ limits stated in this table, it is permissible to exceed the values in the table, provided it has been demonstrated by Test Method C 1038 that the cement with the increased SO₃ will not develop expansion in water exceeding 0.020 % at 14 days. When the manufacturer supplies cement under this provision, he shall, upon request, supply supporting data to the purchaser.

^E Not applicable.

TABLE 2 Optional Composition Requirements^A

Cement Type	Applicable Test Method	I and IA	II and IIA	III and IIIA	IV	V	Remarks
Tricalcium aluminate (C ₃ A), max, %	See Annex	...	...	8	...	...	for moderate sulfate resistance
Tricalcium aluminate (C ₃ A), max, %	See Annex	...	...	5	...	...	for high sulfate resistance
Sum of tricalcium silicate and tricalcium aluminate, max, %	See Annex	...	58 ^B	...	...	...	for moderate heat of hydration
Equivalent alkalies (Na ₂ O + 0.658K ₂ O), max, %	C 114	0.60 ^C	0.60 ^C	0.60 ^C	0.60 ^C	0.60 ^C	low-alkali cement

^A These optional requirements apply only when specifically requested. Verify availability before ordering. See Note 2 in Section 4.

^B The optional limit for heat of hydration in Table 3 shall not be requested when this optional limit is requested.

^C Specify this limit when the cement is to be used in concrete with aggregates that are potentially reactive and no other provisions have been made to protect the concrete from deleteriously reactive aggregates. Refer to Specification C 33 for information on potential reactivity of aggregates.

TABLE 3 Optional Physical Requirements^A

Cement Type ^A	Applicable Test Method	I	IA	II	IIA	III	IIIA	IV	V
False set, final penetration, min, %	C 451	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Heat of hydration:	C 186								
7 days, max, kJ/kg (cal/g)		...	...	290 (70) ^B	290 (70) ^B	...	...	250 (60) ^C	...
28 days, max, kJ/kg (cal/g)		...	...	...	...	...	...	290 (70) ^C	...
Strength, not less than the values shown:									
Compressive strength, MPa (psi)	C 109/ C 109M								
28 days		28.0 (4060)	22.0 (3190)	28.0 (4060) 22.0 ^B (3190) ^B	22.0 (3190) 18.0 ^B (2610) ^B	...	...	...	...
Sulfate resistance, ^D 14 days, max, % expansion	C 452	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.040

^A These optional requirements apply only when specifically requested. Verify availability before ordering. See Note 2 in Section 4.

^B The optional limit for the sum of the tricalcium silicate and tricalcium aluminate in Table 2 shall not be requested when this optional limit is requested. These strength requirements apply when either heat of hydration or the sum of tricalcium silicate and tricalcium aluminate requirements are requested.

^C When the heat of hydration limit is specified, it shall be instead of the limits of C₃S, C₂S, C₃A, SiO₂, and Fe₂O₃ listed in Table 1.

^D When the sulfate resistance is specified, it shall be instead of the limits of C₃A, C₄AF + 2 C₃A, SiO₂, and Fe₂O₃ listed in Table 1.

^E Cement meeting the high sulfate resistance limit for Type V is deemed to meet the moderate sulfate resistance requirement of Type II.

9.1.7 *Heat of Hydration*—Test Method C 186.

9.1.8 *Autoclave Expansion*—Test Method C 151.

9.1.9 *Time of Setting by Gillmore Needles*—Test Method C 266.

9.1.10 *Time of Setting by Vicat Needles*—Test Method C 191.

9.1.11 *Sulfate Resistance*—Test Method C 452 (sulfate expansion).

9.1.12 *Calcium Sulfate (expansion of) Mortar*—Test Method C 1038.

9.1.13 *Optimum SO₃*—Test Method C 563.

10. Inspection

10.1 Inspection of the material shall be made as agreed upon between the purchaser and the seller as part of the purchase contract.

11. Rejection

11.1 The cement shall be rejected if it fails to meet any of the requirements of this specification.

11.2 At the option of the purchaser, retest, before using, cement remaining in bulk storage for more than 6 months or cement in bags in local storage in the custody of a vendor for more than 3 months after completion of tests and reject the cement if it fails to conform to any of the requirements of this specification. Cement so rejected shall be the responsibility of the owner of record at the time of resampling for retest.

11.3 Packages shall identify the mass contained as net weight. At the option of the purchaser, packages more than 2 %

below the mass marked thereon shall be rejected and if the average mass of packages in any shipment, as shown by determining the mass of 50 packages selected at random, is less than that marked on the packages, the entire shipment shall be rejected.

12. Manufacturer's Statement

12.1 At the request of the purchaser, the manufacturer shall state in writing the nature, amount, and identity of any air-entraining addition and of any processing addition used, and also, if requested, shall supply test data showing compliance of such air-entraining addition with Specification C 226 and of such processing addition with Specification C 465.

13. Packaging and Package Marking

13.1 When the cement is delivered in packages, the words "Portland Cement," the type of cement, the name and brand of the manufacturer, and the mass of the cement contained therein shall be plainly marked on each package. When the cement is an air-entraining type, the words "air-entraining" shall be plainly marked on each package. Similar information shall be provided in the shipping documents accompanying the shipment of packaged or bulk cement. All packages shall be in good condition at the time of inspection.

NOTE 4—With the change to SI units, it is desirable to establish a standard SI package for portland cements. To that end 42 kg (92.6 lb) provides a convenient, even-numbered mass reasonably similar to the traditional 94-lb (42.6-kg) package.