

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 2896:2003

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Rigid cellular plastics -- Determination of water absorption

Plastiques alvéolaires rigides - Détermination de l'absorption d'eau

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO 2896:200

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Rigid cellular plastics — Determination of water absorption

Plastiques alvéolaires rigides — Détermination de l'absorption d'eau

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ISO 2896:2001(E)

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Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.ch
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ISO 2896:2001(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 2896 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Cellular plastics*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 2896:1987), which has been technically revised.

Annex A forms a normative part of this International Standard. iteh.ai)

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Rigid cellular plastics — Determination of water absorption

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of the water absorption of rigid cellular plastics by measuring the buoyant force on a test specimen after immersion under a 50 mm head of water for 4 days. Corrections are specified to take account of any change in volume of the specimen and also to correct for the volume of water in the cut surface cells of the specimen. The water absorption is expressed as the average, for several specimens, of the percentage increase in volume relative to the original volume.

The method described is intended for quality control and for use in product specifications.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 291:1997, Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a8861d46-4a60-4d08-874a-

ISO 1923:1981, Cellular plastics and rubbers de Determination of linear dimensions

3 Principle

The water absorption of a material is determined by measurement of the buoyant force on a specimen immersed in distilled water for a specified time.

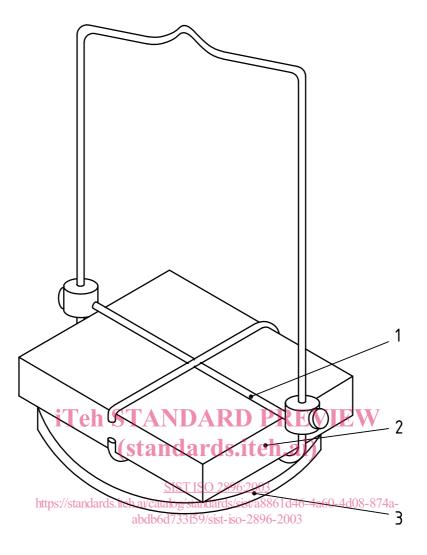
4 Materials

4.1 Distilled water, de-aerated (by storage for at least 48 h after distillation), for use as the immersion liquid.

5 Apparatus

- **5.1 Balance**, accurate to 0,1 g and capable of suspending the cage (5.2).
- **5.2 Underwater-weighing cage,** made of a stainless material not attacked by distilled water and large enough to contain a test specimen. A sinker heavy enough to compensate for the upthrust produced by the test specimen shall be attached to the base of the cage. The cage shall be fitted with a means of suspending it from the balance. See Figure 1 for an example.
- **5.3 Cylindrical vessel,** at least 250 mm in diameter and 250 mm in height.
- **5.4** Low-permeability plastic film, for example polyethylene.

ISO 2896:2001(E)



Key

- 1 Mesh cage
- 2 Specimen
- 3 Sinker

Figure 1 — Test specimen in mesh underwater-weighing cage

- **5.5 Slicer:** cutting-blade apparatus capable of preparing thin specimens (0,1 mm to 0,4 mm thick) for cell size viewing. Figure 2 shows an acceptable apparatus.
- **5.6 Slide assembly**, consisting of two pieces of slide glass hinged by tape along one edge, between which is placed a calibrated scale (3 cm in length) printed on a thin plastic sheet (see Figure 3).
- **5.7 Projector:** conventional 35 mm slide projector that accepts standard 50 mm \times 50 mm slides, or a projection microscope with a calibrated scale.



NOTE https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a8861d46-4a60-4d08-874a-NOTE The spacer thickness is chosen to give the required viewing-specimen thickness.

Figure 2 — Razor-blade equipment for slicing cellular plastics for determination of average cell diameter