



# SLOVENSKI STANDARD

## SIST EN 13754:2009

01-maj-2009

Nadomešča:  
SIST EN 13754:2003

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**Kemikalije, ki se uporabljajo za pripravo pitne vode - Bentonit**

Products used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Bentonite

Produkte zur Aufbereitung von Wasser für den menschlichen Gebrauch - Bentonit

Produits utilisés pour le traitement de l'eau destinée à la consommation humaine -  
Bentonite

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**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 13754:2009**  
SIST EN 13754:2009  
http://www.sist.si/log/stan...a7-47ca-96d2-  
c6c3653ed690/sist-en-13754-2009

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**ICS:**

13.060.20	Pitna voda	Drinking water
71.100.80	Kemikalije za čiščenje vode	Chemicals for purification of water

**SIST EN 13754:2009**

**en,fr,de**

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EUROPEAN STANDARD  
NORME EUROPÉENNE  
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN 13754**

March 2009

ICS 71.100.80

Supersedes EN 13754:2003

English Version

**Products used for treatment of water intended for human  
consumption - Bentonite**

Produits utilisés pour le traitement de l'eau destinée à la  
consommation humaine - Bentonite

Produkte zur Aufbereitung von Wasser für den  
menschlichen Gebrauch - Bentonit

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1 February 2009.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
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EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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## Foreword

This document (EN 13754:2009) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 164 "Water supply", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2009, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2009.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 13754:2003.

Differences between this edition and EN 13754:2003 are editorial to harmonize the text with other standards in this series.

Annex A is informative.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

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## Introduction

In respect of potential adverse effects on the quality of water intended for human consumption, caused by the product covered by this standard:

- a) this standard provides no information as to whether the product may be used without restriction in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA;
- b) it should be noted that, while awaiting the adoption of verifiable European criteria, existing national regulations concerning the use and/or the characteristics of this product remain in force.

NOTE Conformity with this standard does not confer or imply acceptance or approval of the product in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA. The use of the product covered by this European Standard is subject to regulation or control by National Authorities.

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## 1 Scope

This European Standard is applicable to bentonite used for treatment of water intended for human consumption. It describes the characteristics of bentonite and specifies the requirements and the corresponding test methods for bentonite. It gives information on its use in water treatment.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 12485, *Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption- Calcium carbonate, high-calcium lime and half-burnt dolomite - Test methods*

EN 12901:1999, *Products used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Inorganic supporting and filtering materials – Definitions*

EN 12902, *Products used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Inorganic supporting and filtering materials - Methods of test*

## 3 Terms, definitions and symbols

For the purposes of this document, the terms, definitions and symbols given in EN 12901:1999 apply.

## 4 Description

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### 4.1 Identification

#### 4.1.1 Chemical name

Not applicable.

#### 4.1.2 Synonym or common names

Montmorillonite, Bentonite, Amargosite, Ardmorite, Askanite, Confolensite, Erinite, Galapectite, Malthacite, Samoïte, Steargilite, Stolpenite, Wilkonite.

Montmorillonite and bentonite are the most commonly used names.

#### 4.1.3 Chemical formula

$\text{Si}_4\text{Al}_{2-x}\text{M(II)}_x\text{M(I)}_x^+\text{O}_{10}(\text{OH})_2 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , where x varies from 0 to 2.

The divalent metal M(II) can be replaced completely or partly by monovalent metal M(I) so as to maintain electrical charge equilibrium.

#### 4.1.4 CAS Registry Number <sup>1)</sup>

1302-78-9.

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<sup>1)</sup> Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

**EN 13754:2009 (E)****4.1.5 EINECS Reference <sup>2)</sup>**

215-108-5.

**4.2 Commercial form**

The product is available in powder form in many grades differing in purity and monovalent ion ( $\text{Na}^+$ ) concentration.

**5 Physical properties****5.1 Appearance**

The product is a white to light brown or green powder.

**5.2 Particle size distribution**

At least a mass fraction of 95 % of the product shall have a particle size less than 500  $\mu\text{m}$ .

NOTE The particle size distribution is commonly specified as a given mass fraction less than a given particle size.

The particle size distribution shall be within the manufacturer's declared values.

**5.3 Bulk density packed**

The bulk density packed shall be in the range 800  $\text{kg/m}^3$  to 1000  $\text{kg/m}^3$ .

**6 Chemical properties****6.1 General**

This European Standard specifies the minimum purity requirements for bentonite used for the treatment of water intended for human consumption. Limits are given for impurities commonly present in the product. Depending on the raw material and the manufacturing process, other impurities may be present and, if so, this shall be notified to the user and when necessary to relevant authorities.

NOTE Users of this product should check the national regulations in order to clarify whether it is of appropriate purity for treatment of water intended for human consumption, taking into account raw water quality, contents of other impurities and additives used in the products not stated in the product standard.

Limits have been given for impurities where these are likely to be present in significant quantities from the current production process and raw materials. If the production process or raw materials lead to significant quantities of impurities, by-products or additives being present, this shall be notified to the user.

**6.2 Impurities and main by-products**

The composition of the commercial product shall conform to Table 1.

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<sup>2)</sup> European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.



**Table 1 — Composition of commercial product**

Limit as a mass fraction in % of the product		
Parameter	Minimum	Maximum
SiO <sub>2</sub>	50	70
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	10	20
MgO	1	4,5
CaO	0,5	4
Na <sub>2</sub> O	0,5	3
Mass loss at 105 °C	0	15

NOTE 1 When used in treatment to produce drinking water, bentonite should not increase the concentrations of chemical parameters above the regulated values (see [1]).

NOTE 2 Water extractable substances, determined in accordance with the method for powders given in EN 12902, can be used to estimate the leaching of the chemicals specified in EN 12902.

## 7 Test methods

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### 7.1 Sampling

Prepare the laboratory sample(s) required by the relevant procedures described in EN 12902.

[SIST EN 13754:2009](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/dfc7e288-bfa7-47ca-96d2-c6c3653ed690/sist-en-13754-2009)

### 7.2 Analysis

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/dfc7e288-bfa7-47ca-96d2-c6c3653ed690/sist-en-13754-2009>

#### 7.2.1 Particle size distribution

The particle size distribution shall be determined in accordance with EN 12902.

#### 7.2.2 Bulk density packed

The bulk density packed shall be determined in accordance with EN 12902.

#### 7.2.3 Chemical analysis

The content of SiO<sub>2</sub> shall be determined in accordance with EN 12902.

The content of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, CaO, Na<sub>2</sub>O and MgO shall be determined in accordance with EN 12485.

#### 7.2.4 Mass loss at 105 °C

The mass loss shall be determined by the method for water content, heating to 105 °C, in accordance with EN 12902.

## 8 Labelling, transportation and storage

### 8.1 Means of delivery

Bentonite shall be delivered in bags, big bags and bulk.