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Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design - Part 2: Technical principles (ISO 12100-2:2003)

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ICS 01.040.13; 13.110

SLOVENSKI

STANDARD

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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Supersedes EN 292-2:1991

English version

Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design - Part 2: Technical principles (ISO 12100-2:2003)

Sécurité des machines - Notions fondamentales, principes généraux de conception - Partie 2: Principes techniques (ISO 12100-2:2003) Sicherheit von Machinen - Grundbegriffe, allgemeine Gestaltungsleitsätze - Teil 2: Technische Leitsätze (ISO 12100-2:2003)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 9 June 2003.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 12100-2:2003) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 199 "Safety of machinery" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 114 "Safety of machinery", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2004, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2004.

This document supersedes EN 292-2:1991.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZB, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom. <u>SIST EN ISO 12100-2:2004</u>

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The text of ISO 12100-2:2003 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 12100-2:2003 without any modifications.

NOTE Normative references to International Standards are listed in Annex ZA (normative).

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod.), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	<u>Year</u>	Title	EN	<u>Year</u>
ISO 12100-1	2003 iTe	Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for C design - Part 1: Basic terminology, methodology Cen.ai	EN ISO 12100-1	2003
		SIST EN ISO 12100-2:2004		

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Annex ZB

(informative)

Relationship of this document with EC Directives

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association and supports essential requirements of EC Directive(s) :

Machinery Directive 98/37/EC, amended by Directive 98/79/EC.

Compliance with this document provides one means of conforming with the specific essential requirements of the Directive concerned and associated EFTA regulations.

WARNING: Other requirements and other EC Directives <u>may</u> be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this document.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 12100-2

First edition 2003-11-01

Safety of machinery — Basic concepts, general principles for design —

Part 2: Technical principles

Sécurité des machines — Notions fondamentales, principes généraux

iTeh ST^{de conception} Partie 2: Principes techniques (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 12100-2:2004</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f0e12367-7dd1-45b6-b28a-90e67f259e04/sist-en-iso-12100-2-2004



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Contents

Forewo	ord	. iv
Introdu	iction	v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9 4.10	Inherently safe design measures	1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6
4.11	Applying inherently safe design measures to control system	6
4.12 4.13 4.14 4.15	Minimizing the probability of failure of safety functions Limiting exposure to hazards through reliability of equipment. Limiting exposure to hazards through mechanization or automation of loading (feeding) /unloading (removal) operations logstandards/sist/0e12367-7dd1-45b6-b28a- Limiting exposure to hazards through location of the setting and maintenance points outside of danger zones.	12 13 13
5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	Safeguarding and complementary protective measures General Selection and implementation of guards and protective devices Requirements for the design of guards and protective devices Safeguarding for reducing emissions Complementary protective measures	13 13 19 21
6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Information for use General requirements Location and nature of the information for use Signals and warning devices Markings, signs (pictograms), written warnings Accompanying documents (in particular, instruction handbook)	25 25 25 26 27
Bibliog	raphy	30

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 12100-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 199, Safety of machinery.

This edition cancels and replaces ISO/TR 12100-2:1992, which has been technically revised.

ISO 12100 consists of the following parts under the general title Safety of machinery — Basic concepts, general principles for design:

- Part 1: Basic terminology, methodology, expressing the basic overall methodology to be followed when designing machinery and when producing safety standards for machinery, together with the basic terminology related to the philosophy underlying this work;
- Part 2: Technical principles, giving advice on how this philosophy can be applied using available techniques.

Introduction

The primary purpose of ISO 12100 is to provide designers with an overall framework and guidance to enable them to produce machines that are safe for their intended use. It also provides a strategy for standard makers.

The concept of safety of machinery considers the ability of a machine to perform its intended function(s) during its lifecycle where risk has been adequately reduced.

This standard is the basis for a set of standards which has the following structure:

- type-A standards (basic safety standards) giving basic concepts, principles for design, and general aspects that can be applied to all machinery;
- type-B standards (generic safety standards) dealing with one safety aspect or one type of safeguard that can be used across a wide range of machinery:
 - type-B1 standards on particular safety aspects (e.g. safety distances, surface temperature, noise);
 - type-B2 standards on safeguards (e.g. two-hand controls, interlocking devices, pressure sensitive devices, guards);
 Teh STANDARD PREVIEW
- type-C standards (machine safety standards) dealing with detailed safety requirements for a particular machine or group of machines Standards.iten.al)

This standard is a type-A standard. <u>SIST EN ISO 12100-2:2004</u>

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The subject of numerous clauses or subclauses of this standard is also dealt with, in a more detailed manner, in other type-A or B standards.

When a type-C standard deviates from one or more provisions dealt with by Part 2 of this standard or by a type-B standard, the type-C standard takes precedence.

It is recommended that this standard be incorporated in training courses and manuals to convey basic terminology and general design methods to designers.

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Safety of machinery — Basic concepts, general principles for design — Part 2: Technical principles

1 Scope

This standard defines technical principles to help designers in achieving safety in the design of machinery.

ISO 12100-2 is intended to be used together with ISO 12100-1 when considering the solution to a specific problem. The two parts of ISO 12100 can be used independently of other documents or as a basis for the preparation of other type-A standards or type-B or -C standards.

This standard does not deal with damage to domestic animals, property or the environment.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies. **ICS.ICE.1.21**)

IEC 60204-1:1997, Safety of machinery relectrical equipment of machines – Part 1: General requirements.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f0e12367-7dd1-45b6-b28a-ISO 12100-1:2003, Safety of machinery 59 Basic concepts general principles for design – Basic terminology, methodology.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the terms and definitions given in ISO 12100-1:2003 apply.

4 Inherently safe design measures

4.1 General

Inherently safe design measures are the first and most important step in the risk reduction process because protective measures inherent to the characteristics of the machine are likely to remain effective, whereas experience has shown that even well-designed safeguarding may fail or be violated and information for use may not be followed.

Inherently safe design measures are achieved by avoiding hazards or reducing risks by a suitable choice of design features of the machine itself and/or interaction between the exposed persons and the machine.

NOTE Clause 5 gives safeguarding and complementary measures to achieve the risk reduction objectives where inherently safe design measures are not sufficient (see 3-step method in ISO 12100-1:2003, clause 5).