# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 15500-7

First edition 2002-09-01

### Road vehicles — Compressed natural gas (CNG) fuel system components —

Part 7: Gas injector

Véhicules routiers — Composants des systèmes de combustible gaz naturel comprimé (GNC) — Partie 7: Injecteur de gaz h. ai

ISO 15500-7:2002 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0060c51a-42c1-47f7-8b83-88ed21476d84/iso-15500-7-2002



#### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 15500-7:2002 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0060c51a-42c1-47f7-8b83-88ed21476d84/iso-15500-7-2002

#### © ISO 2002

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.ch
Web www.iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 15500 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 15500-7 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 25, *Road vehicles using natural gas*.

ISO 15500 consists of the following parts, under the general title Road vehicles Compressed natural gas (CNG) fuel system components: (standards.iteh.ai)

- Part 1: General requirements and definitions
- Part 2: Performance and general test methods 15500-7:2002

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0060c51a-42c1-47f7-8b83-

Part 3: Check valve

88ed21476d84/iso-15500-7-2002

- Part 4: Manual valve
- Part 5: Manual cylinder valve
- Part 6: Automatic valve
- Part 7: Gas injector
- Part 8: Pressure indicator
- Part 9: Pressure regulator
- Part 10: Gas-flow adjuster
- Part 11: Gas/air mixer
- Part 12: Pressure relief valve (PRV)
- Part 13: Pressure relief device (PRD)
- Part 14: Excess flow valve
- Part 15: Gas-tight housing and ventilation hose
- Part 16: Rigid fuel line
- Part 17: Flexible fuel line
- Part 18: Filter
- Part 19: Fittings

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 15500-7:2002 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0060c51a-42c1-47f7-8b83-88ed21476d84/iso-15500-7-2002

### Road vehicles — Compressed natural gas (CNG) fuel system components

#### Part 7:

#### Gas injector

#### Scope

This part of ISO 15500 specifies tests and requirements for the gas injector, a compressed natural gas fuel system component intended for use on the types of motor vehicles defined in ISO 3833.

This part of ISO 15500 is applicable to vehicles using natural gas in accordance with ISO 15403 (mono-fuel, bi-fuel or dual-fuel applications). It is not applicable to injectors intended for high-pressure injection to the combustion chamber, or to the following:

- a) liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components located upstream of, and including, the vaporizer;
- b) fuel containers:
- c) stationary gas engines; iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
- (standards.iteh.ai) d) container mounting hardware;
- e) electronic fuel management;

ISO 15500-7:2002

refuelling receptacles. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0060c51a-42c1-47f7-8b83-

NOTE 1 It is recognized that miscellaneous components not specifically covered herein can be examined to meet the criteria of this part of ISO 15500 and tested according to the appropriate functional tests.

NOTE 2 All references to pressure in this part of ISO 15500 are to be considered gauge pressures unless otherwise specified.

NOTE 3 This part of ISO 15500 is based upon a service pressure for natural gas as fuel of 20 MPa [200 bar] settled at 15 °C. Other service pressures can be accommodated by adjusting the pressure by the appropriate factor (ratio). For example, a 25 MPa [250 bar] service pressure system will require pressures to be multiplied by 1,25.

NOTE 4 1 bar =  $0.1 \text{ MPa} = 10^5 \text{ Pa}$ ; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

#### 2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 15500. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 15500 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 3833:1977, Road vehicles — Types — Terms and definitions

ISO 15500-1, Road vehicles — Compressed natural gas (CNG) fuel system components — Part 1: General requirements and definitions

ISO 15500-2, Road vehicles — Compressed natural gas (CNG) fuel system components — Part 2: Performance and general test methods

ISO 15403, Natural gas — Designation of the quality of natural gas for use as a compressed fuel for vehicles

#### Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 15500, the terms and definitions given in ISO 15500-1 and the following apply.

#### 3.1

#### duty cycle

percentage of time that the gas injector is operating in the period

#### period

P

time elapsed between the beginning of one injection pulse and the beginning of the next injection pulse

NOTE It is expressed in milliseconds.

#### Marking

Marking of the component shall provide sufficient information to allow the following to be traced:

- the manufacturer's or agent's name, trademark or symbol;
- the model designation (part number); NDARD PREVIEW
- the service pressure or pressure and temperature range. standards.iteh.ai)

The following additional markings are recommended:

the direction of flow (when necessary for correct installation).

https://standards.tich.a/catalog/standards/sist/0060c51a-42c1-47f7-8b83d)

the type of fuel;

88ed21476d84/iso-15500-7-2002

- electrical ratings (if applicable); f)
- the symbol of the certification agency;
- the type approval number;
- the serial number or date code; i)
- the reference to this part of ISO 15500. j)

NOTE This information can be provided by a suitable identification code on at least one part of the component when it consists of more than one part.

#### Construction and assembly

- The gas injector shall be in the closed position when de-energized.
- 5.2 The gas injector shall comply with the applicable provisions of ISO 15500-1 and ISO 15500-2, and with the tests specified in clause 6 of this part of ISO 15500.

#### **Tests**

#### 6.1 Applicability

The tests required to be carried out are indicated in Table 1.

Table 1 — Test applicable

Test	Applicable	Test procedure as required by ISO 15500-2	Specific test requirements of this part of ISO 15500
Pneumatic strength	X		X (see 6.2)
Leakage	X	X	
Excess torque resistance	X	X	
Bending moment	X	X	
Continued operation	X		X (see 6.3)
Corrosion resistance	X	X	
Oxygen ageing	X	X	
Electrical overvoltages	X	X	
Non-metallic synthetic immersion	X	X	
Vibration resistance	X	X	
Brass material compatibility	X	X	
Insulation resistance	X		X (see 6.4)
Minimum opening voltage	Х		X (see clause 7)

#### 6.2 Pneumatic strength

This test has two parts, with the procedures to be carried out in the sequence as given.

- a) Plug the outlet opening of the gas injector and have the valve seat or internal blocks assume the open position. Apply two times the working pressure to the inlet of the gas injector for a period of at least 3 min.
  - On completion of this procedure, the gas injector shall remain gas-tight.
- b) Increase the gas inlet pressure from two times the working pressure up to a maximum of four times the working pressure, until such time as the gas injector leaks of bursts.0060c51a-42c1-47f7-8b83-
  - On completion of this procedure, the gas injector shall not have burst before leaking.

NOTE If the gas injector fails in the closed position due to its construction, then it is considered to have passed both parts of this test.

The test samples used for this test shall not be used for any other tests.

#### 6.3 Continued operation

#### 6.3.1 Bench durability

Prior to this test, the gas injector shall pass the leakage test in accordance with ISO 15500-2:2001, clause 6, and the insulation resistance test given in this part of ISO 15500 (see 6.4).

Subject the gas injector to  $600 \times 10^6$  pulses at working pressure and room temperature. This procedure may be interrupted at 20 % intervals in order to check test criteria.

Upon completion of this test, the gas injector shall pass the leakage test in accordance with ISO 15500-2:2001, clause 6, and the insulation resistance test given in this part of ISO 15500 (see 6.4).

#### 6.3.2 Temperature

#### 6.3.2.1 Hot static

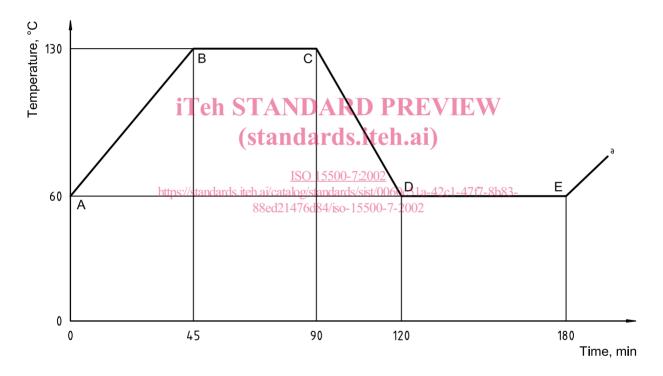
Expose the gas injector to a stabilized ambient temperature of 140  $^{\circ}$ C  $\pm$  2  $^{\circ}$ C for 16 h. The gas injector shall not be operated during this test.

#### 6.3.2.2 Cold static

Expose the gas injector to a stabilized ambient temperature of  $-40\,^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 16 h. The gas injector shall not be operated during this test.

#### 6.3.2.3 Thermocycle

Expose the gas injector to the thermocycle in accordance with Figure 1 for a total of 140 cycles. The gas injector shall be operated only during segment D to E as shown in Figure 1 with a 50 % duty cycle and a period of 7 ms.



a Repeat cycle.

Figure 1 — Thermocycle

#### 6.3.2.4 Requirements

Upon completion of the procedures given in 6.3.2.1, 6.3.2.2 and 6.3.2.3, the test samples shall pass the leakage test in accordance with ISO 15500-2:2001, clause 6, and the insulation resistance test given in this part of ISO 15500 (see 6.4).

#### 6.4 Insulation resistance

This test is designed for checking the insulation resistance between the connector pin and the housing.

Apply a test voltage of 500 V d.c. for a duration of 60 s. For injectors with circuitry of 3,8 mm pitch or below, 100 V d.c. shall be used.

The minimum allowable resistance shall be  $> 10 \text{ M}\Omega$ .

#### 7 Minimum opening voltage

This is an interface requirement. It shall be in line with existing petrol or diesel injector practice.

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 15500-7:2002 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0060c51a-42c1-47f7-8b83-88ed21476d84/iso-15500-7-2002