INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 6971

Second edition 2002-09-15

Cranked-link drag chains of welded construction, attachments and sprockets

Chaînes racleuses en acier, de construction soudée, à maillons coudés, plaques-attaches et roues dentées

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ISO 6971:2002(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 6971 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 100, Chains and chain wheels for power transmission and conveyors.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 6971:1982), which has been technically revised. In particular, the references and terminology have been revised to bring them into conformity with other International Standards and current practice. Furthermore, in clause 5, the pitch line clearance of sprockets has been altered for consistency with current industry practice.

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Cranked-link drag chains of welded construction, attachments and sprockets

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the characteristics of cranked-link¹⁾ drag chains of welded construction suitable for conveying bulk materials, together with associated attachments and chain sprockets. The chain dimensions specified in this International Standard ensure interchangeability of both complete chains and individual links for repair purposes.

This International Standard is applicable to sprockets with between 5 and 20 teeth.

Specifications are also given for five types of attachment for use with the conveyor chains conforming to this International Standard.

2 Normative reference Teh Standards

The following normative document contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International StandardInternational Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard International Standardare encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the normative document indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 286-2, ISO system of limits and fits — Part 2: Tables of standard tolerance grades and limit deviations for holes and shafts

3 Chains

3.1 General

The chain is designed to operate with the closed end of each link in the forward direction to produce the maximum scraping action against the material to be conveyed.

3.2 Nomenclature

The nomenclature of the chains and their component parts is specified in Figures 1 and 2.

3.3 Dimensions

Conveyor chain dimensions shall conform to those given in Table 1 (see Figure 3). Both maximum and minimum dimensions are specified to ensure interchangeability of links made by different chain manufacturers. Although these represent limits for interchangeability, they shall not necessarily be regarded as limits of tolerance for manufacture.

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¹⁾ In the USA, the term "offset sidebar" is used in place of "cranked link".

3.4 Tensile strength

3.4.1 Minimum tensile strength

The minimum tensile strength is that value which shall be exceeded when a tensile force is applied to a sample which is tested to destruction in accordance with 3.4.2.

NOTE This minimum tensile strength is not a working force. It is intended primarily as a comparative figure between chains of different construction. For application information, it is necessary to consult the manufacturers or their published data.

3.4.2 Tensile testing

A tensile force, not less than the minimum tensile strength specified in Table 1, shall be applied slowly to the ends of a chain, containing a minimum of three free pitches, by means of shackles so designed as to allow universal movement. The actual test method is at the discretion of the manufacturer.

Failure shall be considered to have occurred at the first point where increasing extension is no longer accompanied by increasing force, i.e. the summit of the force/extension diagram.

Any test in which failure occurs adjacent to the shackles shall be disregarded.

3.5 Length accuracy

Finished chains shall be measured either in the dry state or after light lubrication.

The standard nominal length for measurement shall be that nearest to 3 048 mm.

The chain shall be supported throughout its length and the measuring force specified in Table 1 shall be applied.

The finished chain length shall be equal to the nominal chain length $^+$ 0,32 $^{\circ}$.

Chains that work in parallel may be matched by agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

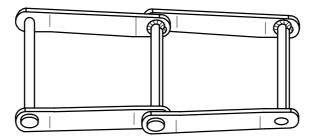
3.6 Designation s. iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/581aacdb-6fe5-44ab-8596-dc3bfd6aa245/iso-6971-2002

The designation numbers for welded-steel-type cranked link drag chains are based on the ISO chain numbers given in Table 1. These numbers are derived from those given to the cast type which they replace and have been given the prefix WD to indicate that they are of welded design.

3.7 Marking

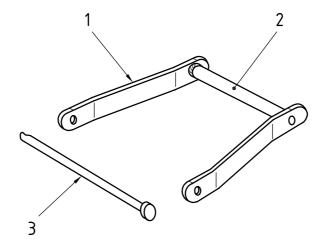
The chains shall be marked with the manufacturer's name or trademark and in addition should be marked with the appropriate ISO chain number given in Table 1.

The marking of the chain shall not be obscured by the attachments.



NOTE The illustration does not define the actual form of the cranked link.

Figure 1 — Cranked link chain assembly



Key

- 1 Cranked plate
- 2 Barrel
- 3 Connecting pin

NOTE The illustration does not define the actual form of the cranked link.

Figure 2 — Typical cranked link components iTeh Standards

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The overall width of connecting links is

ŁĮ

91

 ϕd_{j}^{a}

 $b_4 + b_5$, when there is a fastener at $b_5 + b_6$, when riveted

one side $2b_{4}$, when there is a fastener at both

The line of cranking, or offset, between l_1 and l_2 is straight.

d d 4 1 p_5 -P p_{ϵ} p_{t} ^ζP φ

٤p

The illustration does not define the actual form of the cranked link.

Figure 3 — Chain dimensions and symbols (see Table 1)

Direction of travel

(ref.)

NOTE

Pitch line

Table 1 — Chain dimensions, measuring forces and tensile strengths

ŧ					10	10	10	10	~	٥.				
Tensile strength	heat treated		mir.		245	245	245	245	253	262	351	351	351	
Tensile	Pin heat treated		min.	Ϋ́	170	170	170	170	213	245	311	311	311	
Measuring force		2,7	1,8	3,1	2,7	3,6	3,6	5,8	4	4,4				
g c Chain plate thickness		2,6	2,6	2,6	2,6	12,7	2,6	12,7	12,7	12,7				
Width over rivet to centreline $\overset{\Xi}{\sim}$		max.		127,8	94	157,5	157,5	165,1	205,2	220	162,1	193,8		
Width over pin head to centreline		p_{5}	max.	1 1 2 mm 1 2 mm 1 1 2 mm 1 2 m	117,6	87,4	151,1	151,1	157,2	200,7	211,1	152,4	184,2	gths and sprocket dimensions, and is not intended for use in the inspection of individual links.
Width over pin fastening to centreline		b_4	max.		127,8	94	157,5	157,5	165,1	205,2	220	162,1	193,8	
Width between plates at outer end		p_3	min.		197,6	137,4	264,4	264,4	270,7	359,6	378,7	261,1	324,6	
Width over link at inner end		b_2	max.		197,1	136,9	263,9	263,9	270,2	359,1	378,2	260,6	324,1	
			max.		25,4	25,4	25,4	25,4	25,4	28,4	35	35	35	
Plate end clearance dimensions		13	max.		25,4	25,4	25,4	25,4	25,4	28,4	35	35	31,7	
Crank clearance dimensions		1/2	min.		25,6	25,6	25,6	25,6	25,6	28,7	35,3	35,3	35,3	
		1,	min.		25,6	25,6	25,6	25,6	25,6	28,7	35,3	35,3	32	
Barrel diameter or plate depth		h_2	max.		38,12	38,12	38,12	38,12	38,12	45,21	51,8	51,8	51,8	sions, and
Chain path depth		80 (81 a	max.		39,6	39,6	39,6	39,6	9,66	46	52,3	52,3	52,3	ocket dimer
Connecting pin body diameter		d_2	max.		19,13	19,13	19,13	19,13	22,3	19,13	22,3	22,3	22,3	ths and spro
Width between plates for sprocket contact at inner end		b_1	min.		162	104,6	228,6	228,6	228,6	330,2	336,5	222,2	282,4	The pitch, $ ho$, is a theoretical reference dimension used in the calculation of chain leng
Barrel shape		8/	max.		19,6	19,6	19,6	19,6	19,6	22,6	25,9	25,9	25,9	alculation
		4			17,5	17,5	17,5	17,5	17,5	20,6	23,9	23,9	23,9	d in the ca
		9/			14,2	14,2	14,2	14,2	15,7	16	20,6	20,6	20,6	nsion use
	Plate hole for barrel bore	d_3	min.		19,25	19,25	19,25	19,25	22,43	19,25	22,43	22,43	22,43	ance dime
	Width accross the barrel with respect to section Z-Z	-	max.		39,1	39,1	39,1	39,1	39,1	45,2	51,8	51,8	51,8	iical refere
		d,	nom.		38,1	38,1	38,1	38,1	38,1	44,45	8,03	8,03	50,8	s a theoret
Pitch		$p^{\mathbf{a}}$		1	127	152,4	152,4	203,2	152,4	203,2	203,2	203,2	203,2	oitch, p, is
chain number			WD102	WD104	WD110	WD112	WD113	WD116	WD118	WD122	WD480	a The p		

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4 Attachments

4.1 Types

This International Standard specifies five types of attachment designated C1, C3, C4, RR and wing with the following characteristics:

- C1, C3, and C4: have a scraper bar attached to the barrel perpendicular to the direction of travel, as shown in Figure 4;
- RR: has a triangular spur attached to each cranked plate, as shown in Figure 5;
- wing: has an angle section attached to the outer face of each cranked plate, as shown in Figure 6.

4.2 Dimensions

The respective dimensions of the attachments shall be as specified in Tables 2 to 6.

NOTE The actual form of the attachments is at the discretion of the manufacturer.

