

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO
6316**

Third edition
2000-07-01

Hot-rolled steel strip of structural quality

Feuillards laminés à chaud en acier de construction

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ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.ch
Web www.iso.ch

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 6316 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, *Steel*, Subcommittee SC 12, *Continuous mill flat rolled products*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 6316:1993), which has been technically revised.

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Hot-rolled steel strip of structural quality

1 Scope

1.1 This International Standard applies to hot-rolled steel strip of structural quality in the grades and classes listed in Tables 1 and 2, usually without the use of microalloying elements. This product is intended for structural purposes where particular mechanical properties are required. It is generally used in the delivered condition and is intended for bolted, riveted or welded structures. It is rolled on a narrow strip mill.

1.2 This product is commonly produced in thicknesses from 0,65 mm to 12 mm inclusive and widths up to 600 mm exclusive, in coils and cut lengths.

1.3 This International Standard does not cover strip steels designated as commercial quality or drawing qualities (covered in ISO 6317, *Hot-rolled carbon steel strip of commercial and drawing qualities*) or steels intended for boilers or pressure vessels, or steels to be re-rolled to cold-reduced products, or steels designated as weathering steels, having increased atmospheric corrosion resistance.

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2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 148, *Steel — Charpy impact test (V-notch)*.

ISO 6892, *Metallic materials — Tensile testing at ambient temperature*.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

microalloying elements

elements, such as niobium, vanadium, titanium, etc., added singly or in combination to obtain higher strength levels combined with better formability, weldability and toughness as compared with non-alloyed steel produced to equivalent strength levels

3.2

hot-rolled steel strip

a product obtained usually by rolling heated steel (billet or slab) through a continuous-type mill to the required strip thickness and tolerances

NOTE The product has a surface covered with oxide or scale resulting from the hot-rolling operation.

3.3 hot-rolled descaled steel strip

hot-rolled steel strip from the surface of which oxide or scale has been removed, commonly by pickling in an acid solution

NOTE Descaling may also be performed by mechanical means such as grit blasting. Some increase in hardness and some loss of ductility may result from descaling.

3.4 mill edge

a normal side edge produced without any definite contour in hot rolling

NOTE 1 Mill edges may contain some irregularities such as cracked or torn edges or thin (feathered) edges.

NOTE 2 A square mill edge can be produced by hot-edge rolling (with the corners not as square as a square-edge bar).

3.5 sheared edge

a normal edge obtained by shearing, slitting or trimming a mill-edge product

NOTE Normal processing does not necessarily provide a definite positioning of the slitting burr.

4 Conditions of manufacture

4.1 Steelmaking

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The processes used in making the steel and in manufacturing hot-rolled strip are left to the discretion of the manufacturer. On request, the purchaser shall be informed of the steelmaking process being used.

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4.2 Chemical composition

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The chemical composition (heat analysis) shall be as agreed upon between the interested parties at the time of ordering. The ranges or limits shall be in accordance with the requirements of Table 1 for the designation specified.

Table 1 — Chemical composition (heat analysis)

Grade	Class ^{a,b}	Method of deoxidation ^{c,d}	C % max.	Mn % max.	Si % max.	P % max.	S % max.
HR235	B	E or NE	0,18	1,20	Not applicable	0,035	0,035
	D	CS	0,17	1,20	Not applicable	0,035	0,035
HR275	B	E or NE	0,21	1,20	Not applicable	0,035	0,035
	D	CS	0,20	1,20	Not applicable	0,035	0,035
HR355	B	NE	0,21	1,60	0,55	0,035	0,035
	D	CS	0,20			0,035	0,035

^a Class B steels are intended for use in welded structures or structural parts, subjected to normal loading conditions.

^b Class D steels are intended for use in welded structures or structural parts where, owing to loading conditions and the general design of the structure, a high resistance to brittle fracture is necessary.

^c E = rimming; NE = non-rimming; CS = aluminium-killed.

^d The nitrogen content is controlled; normally, it should not exceed 0,009 % for E or NE steel or 0,015 % for CS steel.

4.3 Chemical analysis

4.3.1 Heat analysis

A heat analysis of each heat of steel shall be made by the manufacturer to determine compliance with the requirements of Table 1. When requested at the time of ordering, this analysis shall be reported to the purchaser or his representative.

4.3.2 Product analysis

A product analysis may be made by the purchaser to verify the specified analysis of the semi-finished or finished steel and shall take into consideration any normal heterogeneity. Non-killed steels (such as rimmed or capped steels) are not technologically suited to verification analysis. For killed steels, the sampling method and deviation limits shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer and purchaser at the time of ordering.

4.4 Weldability

This product is normally suitable for welding if appropriate welding conditions are selected. For underscaled steel, it may be necessary to remove the scale or oxide, depending upon the welding method. As the carbon content increases above 0,15 %, spot welding becomes increasingly difficult.

4.5 Application

It is desirable that hot-rolled steel strip be identified for fabrication by the name of the part or by the intended application, which shall be compatible with the grade and class specified.

4.6 Mechanical properties

At the time that the steel is made available for shipment, the mechanical properties shall be as stated in Table 2, when they are determined on test pieces obtained in accordance with the requirements of clause 6.

4.7 Surface condition

Oxide or scale on hot-rolled steel strip is subject to variations in thickness, adherence and colour. Removal of the oxide or scale by pickling or blast cleaning may disclose surface imperfections not readily visible prior to this operation. Also, after drawing, imperfections may be visible which were not apparent in the flat strip.

4.8 Oiling

As a deterrent to rusting, a coating of oil is usually applied to the product. The oil is not intended as a drawing or forming lubricant and shall be easily removable with degreasing chemicals. The product may be ordered not oiled, if required, in which case the supplier has limited responsibility if oxidation occurs.

Table 2 — Mechanical properties

Grade	R_e , min. ^a N/mm ²	R_m , min. (for info only) N/mm ²	A % min. ^{b,c}			
			$e < 3$		$3 \leq e \leq 6$	
			$L_o = 50$ mm	$L_o = 80$ mm	$L_o = 5,65\sqrt{S_o}$	$L_o = 50$ mm
HR235	235	330	20	18	23	22
HR275	275	370	17	15	20	18
HR355	355	450	15	13	19	16

R_e = yield stress
 R_m = tensile strength
A = percentage elongation after fracture
 L_o = gauge length on test piece
 S_o = original cross-sectional area of gauge length
 e = thickness of steel strip, in millimetres
1 N/mm² = 1 MPa

- a The yield strength can be measured either by 0,5 % total elongation proof stress $R_{t0,5}$ (proof stress under load) or by 0,2 % offset $R_{p0,2}$ when a definite yield phenomenon is not present.
- b For thicknesses up to 3 mm, use either $L_o = 50$ mm or $L_o = 80$ mm. For thicknesses from 3 mm to 6 mm inclusive, use either $L_o = 5,65\sqrt{S_o}$ or $L_o = 50$ mm. In cases of dispute, however, only the results obtained on a proportional test piece will be valid for material 3 mm and over in thickness.
- c For material over 6 mm in thickness, values for elongation are subject to agreement between the manufacturer and purchaser.

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5 Dimensional tolerances

Dimensional tolerances applicable to hot-rolled steel strip of structural quality shall be as given in Tables 3 to 8 inclusive.

Restrictive thickness tolerances are given in Table 4.

It has not been found practicable to formulate flatness tolerances for hot-rolled steel strip.

6 Sampling

One representative sample for the tensile test required in Table 2 shall be taken from each lot of strip for shipment. A lot consists of 50 tonnes or less of strip of the same grade and class, rolled to the same thickness and condition.

7 Mechanical-property tests

7.1 Tensile test

The tensile test shall be carried out in accordance with ISO 6892. Longitudinal test pieces shall be used.

7.2 Impact test

While not usually specified, if so agreed at the time of ordering impact tests may be specified for material over 6 mm in thickness. The test piece shall be in the longitudinal direction and the test shall be a Charpy V-notch test carried out in accordance with ISO 148.

8 Retests

8.1 Machining and flaws

If any test piece shows defective machining or develops flaws, it shall be discarded and another test piece substituted.

8.2 Elongation

If the percentage elongation of any test piece is less than that specified in Table 2 or if any part of the fracture is outside the middle half of the gauge length as scribed before the test, the test shall be discarded and a retest shall be carried out.

8.3 Additional tests

If a test does not give the specified results, two more tests shall be carried out at random on the same lot. Both retests shall conform to the requirements of this International Standard; otherwise, the lot may be rejected.

9 Resubmission

9.1 The manufacturer may resubmit for acceptance the products that have been rejected during earlier inspection because of unsatisfactory properties, after he has subjected them to a suitable treatment (selection, heat treatment) which, on request, will be indicated to the purchaser.

In this case, the tests shall be carried out as if they applied to a new batch.

9.2 The manufacturer has the right to present the rejected products to a new examination for compliance with the requirements for another grade or class.

10 Workmanship

The surface condition shall be that normally obtained in a hot-rolled or hot-rolled descaled product.

The steel strip in cut lengths shall be free from amounts of laminations, surface flaws and other imperfections that are detrimental to subsequent appropriate processing.

Processing for shipment in coils does not afford the manufacturer the opportunity to observe readily or to remove imperfect portions as can be carried out on the cut-length product.

11 Inspection and acceptance

11.1 While not usually required for products covered by this International Standard, when the purchaser specifies that inspection and tests for acceptance be observed prior to shipment from the manufacturer's works, the manufacturer shall afford the purchaser's inspector all reasonable facilities to determine that the steel is being furnished in accordance with this International Standard.