



Standard Test Method for Determining the Water Washout Characteristics of Lubricating Greases¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 1264; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

^{€1} NOTE—Updated adjunct information and deleted apparatus footnote editorially in November 2003.

1. Scope*

1.1 This test method covers the evaluation of the resistance of a lubricating grease to washout by water from a bearing, when tested at 38 and 79°C (100 and 175°F) under the prescribed laboratory conditions. It is not to be considered the equivalent of service evaluation tests. This test method may not be suitable for some greases containing highly volatile components.

1.2 The values state in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* For specific warning statements, see 6.3.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Adjuncts:

ADJD3336 Standard Ball Bearing²

ADJD6300 D2PP, Version 4.43, Determination of Precision and Bias Data for Use in Test Methods for Petroleum Products³

3. Summary of Test Method

3.1 The grease is packed into a ball bearing, the bearing is then inserted in a housing with specified clearances, and rotated at 600 ± 30 rpm. Water, controlled at the specified test

temperature, impinges on the bearing housing at a rate of 5 ± 0.5 mL/s. The amount of grease washed out in 60 ± 1 min is a measure of the resistance of the grease to water washout.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 This test method estimates the resistance of greases to water washout from ball bearings under conditions of the test. No correlation with field service has been established.

5. Apparatus

5.1 *Ball Bearing*, ASTM test bearing size 6204 (see ADJD3336).²

5.2 *Bearing Housing and Shield* with dimensions as shown in Fig. 1.

5.3 *Reservoir, Bearing-Housing Mount, Circulating Pump, and Drive Motor*, similar or equivalent to those shown in Fig. 1. Table 1 provides the metric equivalents.

5.4 *Heating Source*, to maintain the water temperature at $79 \pm 1.7^\circ\text{C}$ ($175 \pm 3^\circ\text{F}$).

NOTE 1—Suitable temperature control may be obtained by the use of immersion heaters, steam coils, or infrared heat lamps, in conjunction with transformers or thermostats.

5.5 *Thermometer or Thermocouple*, to determine the temperature of the water reservoir.

6. Materials and Reagents

6.1 *Purity of Reagents*—Reagent grade chemicals shall be used in all tests. Unless otherwise indicated, it is intended that all reagents shall conform to the specifications of the committee on Analytical Reagents of the American Chemical Society, where such specifications are available.⁴ Other grades may be

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.G0.06 on Functional Tests - Contamination.

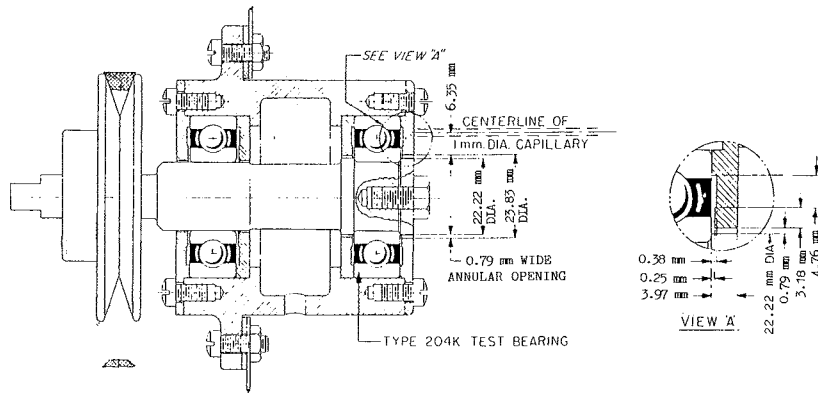
Current edition approved June 10, 2003. Published July 2003. Originally approved in 1953. Last previous edition approved in 2000 as D 1264-00.

² The ball bearing has been standardized by Committee D02. Available from ASTM International Headquarters. Order Adjunct No. ADJD3336.

³ Available from ASTM International Headquarters. Order Adjunct No. ADJD6300.

⁴ *Reagent Chemicals, American Chemical Society Specifications*, American Chemical Society, Washington, DC. For suggestions on the testing of reagents not listed by the American Chemical Society, see *Analar Standards for Laboratory Chemicals*, BDH Ltd., Poole, Dorset, U.K., and the *United States Pharmacopeia and National Formulary*, U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. (USPC), Rockville, MD.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION
THRUST BEARING ASSEMBLY

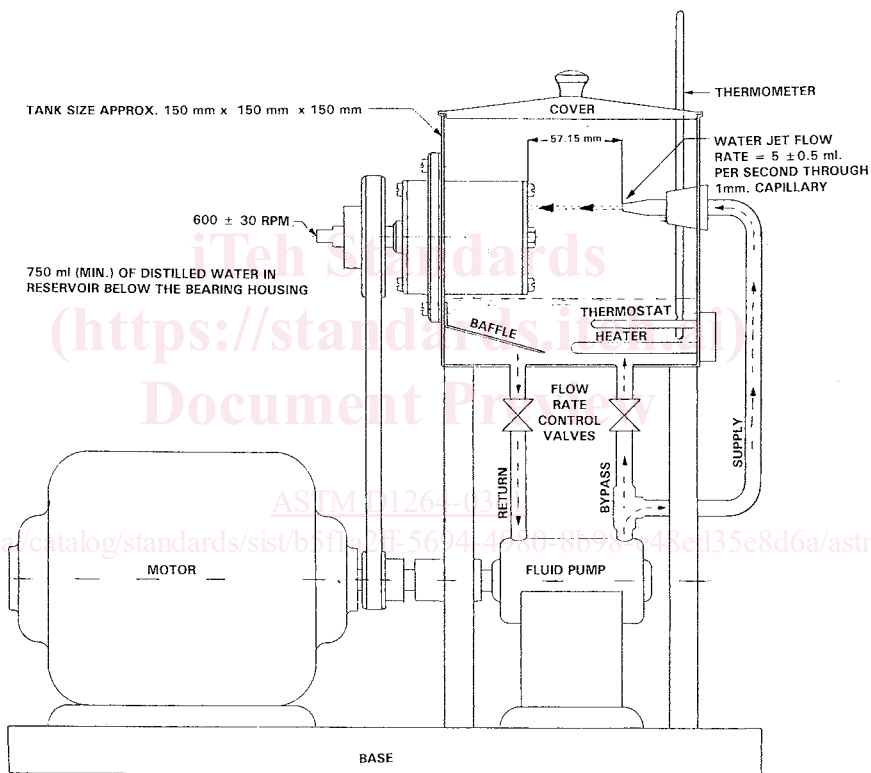


FIG. 1 Water Washout Characteristics of Lubricating Grease Apparatus

TABLE 1 Metric Equivalents for Fig. 1

in.	mm	in.	mm	°F	°C
0.010	0.25	0.875	22.22	100 ± 5	37.8 ± 3
0.015	0.38	0.938	23.81	175 ± 3	79.4 ± 2
0.031	0.79	2¼	57.1		
1/8	3.18	6	152		
5/32	3.97				
3/16	4.76				
1/4	6.35				

used, provided it is first ascertained that the reagent is of sufficiently high purity to permit its use without lessening the accuracy of the determination.

6.2 Distilled Water.

6.3 Cleaning Solvent—Capable of sufficiently cleaning the test bearing for use in the test. Either reagent grade Stoddard solvent, also known as Mineral Spirits, (**Warning**—Combustible. Vapor harmful), or American Chemical Society