

SLOVENSKI STANDARD**SIST EN 12697-44:2010****01-december-2010**

Bitumenske zmesi - Preskusne metode za vroče asfaltne zmesi - 44. del: Širjenje razpoke s polkrožnim upogibnim preskusom

Bituminous mixtures - Test methods for hot mix asphalt - Part 44: Crack propagation by semi-circular bending test

Asphalt - Prüfverfahren für Heißasphalt - Teil 44: Bestimmung des Risswachstums durch eine Biegeprüfung unter Aufbringung einer Dreipunkt-Belastung (semi-circular bending test [SCB-Prüfung])

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Mélanges bitumineux - Méthodes d'essai pour mélange hydrocarboné à chaud - Partie 44 : Propagation de fissure par essai de flexion d'un bloc semi-circulaire

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
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English Version

**Bituminous mixtures - Test methods for hot mix asphalt - Part
44: Crack propagation by semi-circular bending test**

Mélanges bitumineux - Méthodes d'essai pour mélange hydrocarboné à chaud - Partie 44 : Propagation de fissure par essai de flexion d'un bloc semi-circulaire

Asphalt - Prüfverfahren für Heißasphalt - Teil 44: Bestimmung der Rissausbreitung mittels Halbzylinder-Biegeversuch

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 28 August 2010.

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Foreword

This document (EN 12697-44:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 227 "Road Materials", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This European Standard is one of a series of standards as listed below:

EN 12697-1, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 1: Soluble binder content

EN 12697-2, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 2: Determination of particle size distribution

EN 12697-3, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 3: Bitumen recovery: Rotary evaporator

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EN 12697-4, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 4: Bitumen recovery: Fractionating column

EN 12697-5, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 5: Determination of the maximum density SIST EN 12697-44:2010
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EN 12697-6, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 6: Determination of bulk density of bituminous specimens

EN 12697-7, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 7: Determination of bulk density of bituminous specimens by gamma rays

EN 12697-8, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 8: Determination of void characteristics of bituminous specimens

EN 12697-9, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 9: Determination of the reference density

EN 12697-10, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 10: Compactability

EN 12697-11, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 11: Determination of the affinity between aggregate and bitumen

EN 12697-12, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 12: Determination of the water sensitivity of bituminous specimens

EN 12697-13, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 13: Temperature measurement

EN 12697-14, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 14: Water content

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EN 12697-15, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 15: Determination of the segregation sensitivity

EN 12697-16, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 16: Abrasion by studded tyres

EN 12697-17, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 17: Particle loss of porous asphalt specimen

EN 12697-18, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 18: Binder drainage

EN 12697-19, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 19: Permeability of specimen

EN 12697-20, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 20: Indentation using cube or Marshall specimens

EN 12697-21, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 21: Indentation using plate specimens

EN 12697-22, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 22: Wheel tracking

EN 12697-23, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 23: Determination of the indirect tensile strength of bituminous specimens

EN 12697-24, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 24: Resistance to fatigue

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EN 12697-25, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 25: Cyclic compression test

EN 12697-26, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 26: Stiffness

EN 12697-27, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 27: Sampling

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EN 12697-28, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 28: Preparation of samples for determining binder content, water content and grading

EN 12697-29, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 29: Determination of the dimensions of a bituminous specimen

EN 12697-30, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 30: Specimen preparation by impact compactor

EN 12697-31, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 31: Specimen preparation by gyratory compactor

EN 12697-32, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 32: Laboratory compaction of bituminous mixtures by a vibratory compactor

EN 12697-33, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 33: Specimen prepared by roller compactor

EN 12697-34, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 34: Marshall test

EN 12697-35, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 35: Laboratory mixing

EN 12697-36, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 36: Determination of the thickness of a bituminous pavement

EN 12697-37, Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 37: Hot sand test for the adhesivity of binder on precoated chippings for HRA

EN 12697-38, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 38: Common equipment and calibration*

EN 12697-39, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 39: Binder content by ignition*

EN 12697-40, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 40: In situ drainability*

EN 12697-41, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 41: Resistance to de-icing fluids*

EN 12697-42, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 42: Amount of coarse foreign matter in reclaimed asphalt*

EN 12697-43, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 43: Resistance to fuel*

EN 12697-44, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 44: Crack propagation by semi-circular bending test*

prEN 12697-45, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 45: Saturation Ageing Tensile Stiffness (SATS) Conditioning Test*

prEN 12697-46, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 46: Low Temperature Cracking and Properties by Uniaxial Tension Tests*

EN 12697-47, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 47: Determination of the ash content of natural asphalts*

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prEN 12697-48, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 48: Inter-layer bond strength* (in preparation)

prEN 12697-49, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 49: Skid resistance of asphalt in the laboratory* (in preparation)
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prEN 12697-50, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 50: Scuffing resistance of surface course* (in preparation)

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the Semi-Circular Bending (SCB) test method to determine the tensile strength or fracture toughness of an asphalt mixture for the assessment of the potential for crack propagation. The results of the test can be used to calculate:

- the maximum load that the material containing a notch (crack) can resist before failure;
- when the presence of a notch is critical.

It should be noted that the test only describes a method to determine the resistance to crack propagation of an asphalt mixture. The crack propagation phase describes the second part of failure mechanism during dynamic loading. The first phase, which is the crack initiation phase, is mainly covered by the fatigue test (EN 12697-24).

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated referenced, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 12697-27, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 27: Sampling*

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EN 12697-31, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 31: Specimen preparation by gyratory compactor*
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EN 12697-33, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 33: Specimen prepared by roller compactor*

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EN 12697-35, *Bituminous mixtures — Test methods for hot mix asphalt — Part 35: Laboratory mixing*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

test piece

sample obtained by sawing an asphalt cylinder through a diameter

3.2

strain

relative deformation of the test piece

3.3

stress

force per unit area

3.4

horizontal stress

tensile stress prevailing at the base of the test piece

3.5

tensile strength

strength of the material under tensile loading

3.6**fracture toughness**

resistance to failure of the test piece by breaking

4 Symbols

a	Notch depth in millimetres (mm)
D	Diameter in millimetres (mm)
$f(a/W)$	Geometric factor
F	Force in newtons (N)
F_{\max}	Maximum force in newtons (N)
K_{lc}	Fracture toughness in newtons per millimetre to the power of 1,5 (N/mm ^{1,5})
t	Thickness in millimetres (mm)
ΔW	Vertical displacement at maximum force in millimetres (mm)
ε_{\max}	Strain at maximum force in percent (%)
σ	Stress in newtons per square millimetre (N/mm ²) iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)
σ_{hor}	Horizontal stress in newtons per square millimetre (N/mm ²)
σ_{\max}	Maximum stress at failure in newtons per square millimetre (N/mm ²) SIST EN 12697-44:2010 d14dae802b27/sist-en-12697-44-2010

5 Principle

A half cylinder test piece with a centre crack is loaded in three-point bending in such a way that the middle of the base of the test piece is subjected to a tensile stress. During the test, the deformation increases at a constant rate of 5 mm/min. The corresponding load increases to a maximum value, F_{\max} , that is directly related to the fracture toughness of the test sample. In Figure 1 an example of the test frame and specimen is given.