

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 28927-11:2011

01-oktober-2011

Nadomešča:

SIST EN ISO 8662-14:2000

Ročna prenosna električna orodja - Preskusne metode za vrednotenje oddajanja vibracij - 11. del: Stroji za obdelavo kamna (ISO 28927-11:2011)

Hand-held portable power tools - Test methods for evaluation of vibration emission - Part 11: Stone hammers (ISO 28927-11:2011)

Handgehaltene motorbetriebene Maschinen - Messverfahren zur Ermittlung der Schwingungsemission - Teil 11: Steinbearbeitungsmaschinen (ISO 28927-11:2011)

Machines à moteur portatives - Méthodes d'essai pour l'évaluation de l'émission de vibrations - Partie 114 Cassé pierres (ISO 28927 44 2041)-252a-453f-8d6e-15c9d7e(8219/sist-en-iso-28927-11-2011

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ICS:

13.160 Vpliv vibracij in udarcev na Vibration and shock with

ljudi respect to human beings

25.140.01 Ročna orodja na splošno Hand-held tools in general

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Hand-held portable power tools - Test methods for evaluation of vibration emission - Part 11: Stone hammers (ISO 28927-11:2011)

Machines à moteur portatives - Méthodes d'essai pour l'évaluation de l'émission de vibrations - Partie 11: Cassepierres (ISO 28927-11:2011)

Handgehaltene motorbetriebene Maschinen -Messverfahren zur Ermittlung der Schwingungsemission -Teil 11: Steinbearbeitungsmaschinen (ISO 28927-11:2011)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 29 January 2011.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 28927-11:2011) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 118 "Compressors and pneumatic tools, machines and equipment" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 231 "Mechanical vibration and shock" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 8662-14:1996.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive.

For relationship with EU Directive, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

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The text of ISO 28927-11:2011 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 28927-11:2011 without any modification.

Annex ZA

(informative)

Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 2006/42/EC

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association to provide a means of conforming to Essential Requirements of the New Approach Directive 2006/42/EC on machinery.

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive and has been implemented as a national standard in at least one Member State, compliance with the clauses of this standard confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding Essential Requirements of that Directive excerpt ER 2.2.1.1 and associated EFTA regulations.

WARNING — Other requirements and other EU Directives may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this European Standard.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 28927-11

First edition 2011-02-01

Hand-held portable power tools — Test methods for evaluation of vibration emission —

Part 11: **Stone hammers**

The ST Machines à moteur portatives — Méthodes d'essai pour l'évaluation de l'émission de vibrations —

Partie 11: Casse-pierres

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Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 28927-11 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 118, Compressors and pneumatic tools, machines and equipment, Subcommittee SC 3, Pneumatic tools and machines.

This first edition of ISO 28927-11 cancels and replaces ISO 8662-14:1996, of which it constitutes a technical revision. The most important changes are (standards.iteh.ai)

- vibration measurement in three axes and at both hand positions,
- mew transducer positions are used, 15c9d7ef8219/sist-en-iso-28927-11-2011
- definition of the transducer positions and orientation has been improved,
- needle scalers have been moved to a new part "Scaling hammers and needle scalers" (ISO 28927-9), and
- energy absorber has been deleted and all tools are tested on stone.

ISO 28927 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Hand-held portable power tools* — *Test methods for evaluation of vibration emission*:

- Part 1: Angle and vertical grinders¹⁾
- Part 2: Wrenches, nutrunners and screwdrivers²⁾
- Part 3: Polishers and rotary, orbital and random orbital sanders³⁾

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¹⁾ Together with ISO 28927-4, replaces ISO 8662-4, *Hand-held portable power tools* — *Measurement of vibrations at the handle* — *Part 4: Grinders*.

²⁾ Replaces ISO 8662-7, Hand-held portable power tools — Measurement of vibrations at the handle — Part 7: Wrenches, screwdrivers and nutrunners with impact, impulse or ratchet action. All screwdrivers and nutrunners except for one-shot tools now covered.

³⁾ Replaces ISO 8662-8, Hand-held portable power tools — Measurement of vibrations at the handle — Part 8: Polishers and rotary, orbital and random orbital sanders.

- Part 4: Straight grinders⁴⁾
- Part 5: Drills and impact drills⁵⁾
- Part 6: Rammers⁶⁾
- Part 7: Nibblers and shears⁷⁾
- Part 8: Saws, polishing and filing machines with reciprocating action and small saws with oscillating or rotating action⁸⁾
- Part 9: Scaling hammers and needle scalers⁹⁾
- Part 10: Percussive drills, hammers and breakers¹⁰⁾
- Part 11: Stone hammers¹¹⁾
- Part 12: Die grinders¹²⁾

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- 4) Together with ISO 29827-1, replaces ISO 8662-4, Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 4: Grinders.
- 5) Replaces ISO 8662-6, *Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 6: Impact drills.* Non-impacting drills now covered.
- 6) Replaces ISO 8662-9, Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 9: Rammers.
- 7) Replaces ISO 8662-10, Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 10: Nibblers and shears.
- 8) Replaces ISO 8662-12, Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 12: Saws and files with reciprocating action and saws with oscillating or rotating action.
- 9) Together with this part of ISO 29827, replaces ISO 8662-14, *Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 14: Stone-working tools and needle scalers.*
- 10) To be published. Replaces ISO 8662-2, Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 2: Chipping hammers and riveting hammers, ISO 8662-3, Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 3: Rock drills and rotary hammers, and ISO 8662-5, Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 5: Pavement breakers and hammers for construction work. It also incorporates the Amendments ISO 8662-2:1992/Amd.1:1999, ISO 8662-3:1992/Amd.1:1999 and ISO 8662-5:1992/Amd.1:1999. Chipping and riveting hammers, rock drills and rotary hammers all covered.
- 11) Together with ISO 29827-9, replaces ISO 8662-14, Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 14: Stone-working tools and needle scalers.
- 12) Under preparation. Replaces ISO 8662-13, *Hand-held portable power tools Measurement of vibrations at the handle Part 13: Die grinders.* It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 8662-13:1997/Cor.1:1998.

Introduction

This document is a type-C standard as stated in ISO 12100.

When requirements of this type-C standard are different from those which are stated in type-A or -B standards, the requirements of this type-C standard take precedence over the requirements of the other standards for machines that have been designed and built according to the requirements of this type-C standard.

The vibration test codes for portable hand-held machines given in ISO 28927 (all parts) are based on ISO 20643, which gives general specifications for the measurement of the vibration emission of hand-held and hand-guided machinery. ISO 28927 (all parts) specifies the operation of the machines under type-test conditions and other requirements for the performance of type tests. The structure/numbering of its clauses follows that of ISO 20643.

The basic principle for transducer positioning first introduced in the IEC 60745 series of European standards is followed, representing a deviation from ISO 20643 for reasons of consistency. The transducers are primarily positioned next to the hand in the area between the thumb and the index finger, where they give the least disturbance to the operator gripping the machine.

It has been found that vibrations generated by stone hammers vary considerably in typical use. For stone hammers, impacting action is the prime source of vibration. The variation is largely due to variations in the handling of the machine and the characteristics of the material to work on. Differences in the support of the material also cause differences in vibration. This part of ISO 28927 uses a working process where the machine is used to work on a stone surface. To improve reproducibility of the test, it is important that the material has good support and that inserted tools used are in good condition.

The values obtained are type-test values intended to be representative of the average of the upper quartile of typical vibration magnitudes in real-world use of the machines. However, the actual magnitudes vary considerably from time to time and depend on many factors, including the operator, the task and the inserted tool or consumable. The state of maintenance of the machine itself might also be of importance. Under real working conditions the influences of the operator and process can be particularly important at low magnitudes. It is therefore not recommended that emission values below 2,5 m/s² be used for estimating the vibration magnitude under real working conditions. In such cases, 2,5 m/s² is the recommended vibration magnitude for estimating the machine vibration.

If accurate values for a specific work place are required, then measurements [according to ISO 5349 (all parts)] in that work situation could be necessary. Vibration values measured in real working conditions can be either higher or lower than the values obtained using this part of ISO 28927.

Higher vibration magnitudes can easily occur in real work situations, caused by the use of excessively worn inserted tools.

The vibration test codes given in ISO 28927 (all parts) supersede those given in ISO 8662 (all parts), which has been replaced by the corresponding parts of ISO 28927 (see Foreword).

NOTE ISO 8662-11, Hand-held portable power tools — Measurement of vibrations at the handle — Part 11: Fastener driving tools, could be replaced by a future part of ISO 28927.