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Specification for masonry units - Part 5: Manufactured stone masonry units

Festlegungen für Mauersteine Teil 5: Betonwerksteine EVIEW

Spécifications pour éléments de maçonnerie Partie 5: Éléments de maçonnerie en pierre reconstituée

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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Specification for masonry units - Part 5: Manufactured stone masonry units

Spécifications pour éléments de maçonnerie - Partie 5: Eléments de maçonnerie en pierre reconstituée Festlegungen für Mauersteine - Teil 5: Betonwerksteine

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 17 March 2011.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (EN 771-5:2011) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 125 "Masonry", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 771-5:2003.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association and supports the essential requirements of the EU Construction Products Directive (89/106/EEC).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

This European Standard also takes into account the general rules for unreinforced and reinforced masonry in Eurocode 6.

EN 771, Specification for masonry units consists of: (standards.iteh.ai)

- Part 1: Clay masonry units https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b736bbfa-c7a0-40ff-8824-
- Part 2: Calcium silicate masonry units 0ad535b3a5/sist-en-771-5-2011
- Part 3: Aggregate concrete masonry units (Dense and light weight aggregates)
- Part 4: Autoclaved aerated concrete masonry units
- Part 5: Manufactured stone masonry units
- Part 6: Natural stone masonry units

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the characteristics and performance requirements of manufactured stone masonry units for which the main intended uses are facing or exposed masonry in load bearing or non-load bearing building and civil engineering applications. The units are suitable for all forms of coursed or random masonry walling, including single leaf, cavity, partition, retaining and the external masonry to chimneys. They can provide fire protection, thermal insulation, sound insulation and sound absorption.

This standard covers concrete masonry units manufactured to resemble natural stone using casting or pressing techniques with or without textured surfaces produced, by casting, splitting, washing, blasting or tooling and with or without variable outline effects. It covers homogeneous masonry units and those consisting of different facing and backing concrete mixes, but excludes those manufactured with an adhesive bonded decorative face. This standard does not cover masonry units intended to conform to EN 771-3.

It defines the performance related to e.g. strength, density, dimensional accuracy, surface appearance and provides for the evaluation of conformity of the product to this European Standard. The marking requirements for products covered by this European Standard are also included.

This European Standard does not apply to storey height panels, masonry units used for chimney flues or units manufactured with an adhesive bonded decorative face. It does not include products intended to be used as a damp proof course nor does it specify standard sizes for manufactured stone masonry units or work dimensions and angles of specially shaped units. It does not cover units with an incorporated thermal insulation material bonded to the faces of the unit susceptible to be exposed to fire.

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2 Normative references (standards.iteh.ai)

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies standards/sist/b736bbfa-c7a0-40ff-8824-da0ad535b3a5/sist-en-771-5-2011

EN 772-1, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 1: Determination of compressive strength

EN 772-11, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 11: Determination of water absorption of aggregate concrete, autoclaved aerated concrete, manufactured stone and natural stone masonry units due to capillary action and the initial rate of water absorption of clay masonry units

EN 772-13, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 13: Determination of net and gross dry density of masonry units (except for natural stone)

EN 772-14, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 14: Determination of moisture movement of aggregate concrete and manufactured stone masonry units

EN 772-16:2011, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 16: Determination of dimensions

EN 772-20, Methods of test for masonry units — Part 20: Determination of flatness of faces of aggregate concrete, manufactured stone and natural stone masonry units

EN 1052-2, Methods of test for masonry — Part 2: Determination of flexural strength

EN 1052-3, Methods of test for masonry — Part 3: Determination of initial shear strength

EN 1745, Masonry and masonry products — Methods for determining thermal properties

EN 13501-1, Fire classification of construction products and building elements — Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

EN ISO 12572, Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products — Determination of water vapour transmission properties (ISO 12572:2001)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

masonry unit

preformed component intended for use in masonry construction

3.2

facing masonry unit

masonry unit intended for use with one or more faces visible in use which may or may not be exposed

3.3

exposed face

face intended to be exposed to external climatic conditions

3.4

manufactured stone masonry unit

facing masonry unit having at least one exposed face with a close structure formed from either one or two homogeneous mixtures of aggregate, cementitious binder and other materials moulded under pressure and/or vibration and with or without further processing, intended to resemble and be used as an alternative to natural stone

3.5

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two-part masonry unit

masonry unit manufactured with different facing and backing concretes

3.6

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co-ordinating size

size of the co-ordinating space allocated to a masonry unit including an allowance for joints

3.7

work size

size of a masonry unit specified for its manufacture to which the actual size conforms within permissible deviations

3.8

actual size

size of a masonry unit as measured

3.9

regular shaped masonry unit

masonry unit with an overall rectangular parallelepiped shape

3.10

specially shaped masonry unit

masonry unit which is not a rectangular parallelepiped

3.11

accessory unit

masonry unit which is shaped to provide a particular function, e.g. to complete the geometry of the masonry

3.12

interlocking features

shaped, matched projections and indentations on masonry units

EXAMPLE Tongue and groove systems.

3.13

recess

depression or indentation in one or more surfaces of a masonry unit

EXAMPLE Mortar pocket, rendering keyway.

3.14

normalised compressive strength of masonry units

compressive strength of masonry units converted to the air dry compressive strength of an equivalent 100 mm wide × 100 mm high masonry unit

NOTE See procedure given in Annex B of this standard.

3.15

declared value

value that a manufacturer is confident of achieving bearing in mind the precision of the test and the variability of the manufacturing process

3.16

profiled surface Teh STANDARD PREVIEW surface with pronounced relief

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3.17

textured surface

surface which, either during or after manufacture, is subjected to mechanical, physical or chemical processing https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b736bbfa-c7a0-40ff-8

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Category I masonry units

units with a declared compressive strength with a probability of failure to reach it not exceeding 5 %

NOTE This can be determined via the mean or characteristic value.

3.19

Category II masonry units

units not intended to comply with the level of confidence of Category I units

3.20

mean compressive strength of masonry units

arithmetic mean of the compressive strengths of masonry units

3.21

characteristic compressive strength of masonry units

compressive strength corresponding to the 5 % fractile of the compressive strength of masonry units

3.22

consignment

shipment from the supplier

3.23

product group

products from one manufacturer having common values for one or more characteristic

4 Materials

The specifications of the materials to be used shall be included in the production control documentation. If appropriate European Standards are available, they shall be used except that aggregate need not comply with the grading requirements. If not available, the manufacturer shall specify the materials and have data on their suitability.

5 Requirements for manufactured stone masonry units

5.1 General

The requirements and properties specified in this European Standard shall be defined in terms of the test methods and other procedures referred to in this European Standard.

It should be noted that the standard test methods are not always applicable to specially shaped masonry units and accessory units as defined in 3.10 and 3.11 respectively.

The conformity criteria given in the following subclauses relate to initial type testing (see 8.2) and when relevant to consignment testing (see Annex A). For the compressive strength of Category I units use a 50 % fractile (p = 0.50) for mean values or 5 % fractile (p = 0.05) for characteristic values and a confidence level of 95 %.

For production evaluation the manufacturer shall define the conformity criteria in the factory production control documentation (see 8.3).

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5.2 Dimensions and tolerances

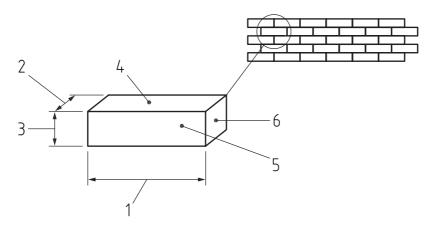
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5.2.1 Dimensions

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https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b736bbfa-c7a0-40ff-8824The manufacturer shall declare the dimensions of the manufactured stone masonry units in millimetres for length, width and height, in that order (see Figure 1), and shall declare the tolerance category (see 5.2.2.1).

Dimensions in millimetres



Key

1 Length 3 Height 5 Face 2 Width 4 Bed 6 Header

NOTE This relates to the normal use of the masonry units in the wall.

Figure 1 — Dimensions and surfaces

They shall be given in terms of work size.

NOTE In addition the co-ordinating size can be given.

They shall not exceed 650 mm in any co-ordinating dimension excluding the thickness of any profile on a non-planar face.

5.2.2 Dimensional tolerances

5.2.2.1 Tolerances

The actual dimensions of individual regular units shall conform to the declared work size dimensions subject to the tolerance given in Table 1, except where surfaces are deliberately non-planar, in which case the manufacturer shall declare the tolerances. The manufacturer may declare closer tolerances for one or more dimensions.

D1 D2 D3 **Tolerance category** +3 +1 Length -5 -3 +3 +1Width Declared values iTeh STAN DARD Height -5 -3

Table 1 — Limit deviations in millimetres

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Tolerances for specially shaped and accessory units shall be declared by the manufacturer.

If sampled in accordance with A.2 and tested in accordance with EN 772-16, the mean value of the measurements taken of any one dimension of a single unit shall not vary from the manufacturer's work size by more than the tolerances given above for the declared tolerance category.

5.2.2.2 Flatness of bed faces

When manufactured stone masonry units are intended to be used with thin layer mortar, the manufacturer shall declare the maximum deviation from flatness of the bed faces.

If sampled in accordance with A.2 and tested in accordance with EN 772-20, the deviation from flatness of the bed faces shall not exceed the declared value.

5.2.2.3 Parallelism of bed faces

When manufactured stone masonry units are intended to be used with thin layer mortar, the manufacturer shall also declare the maximum deviation from plane parallelism of the bed faces.

If sampled in accordance with A.2 and tested in accordance with EN 772-16:2011 Method d), the deviation from plane parallelism shall not exceed the declared value.

5.3 Configuration and appearance

5.3.1 General

Units may be homogenous or two-part, but, in the case of two-part masonry units, the facing mix shall have a thickness of not less than 20 mm. There shall be no delamination between the facing and the backing concretes.

5.3.2 Configuration

When relevant to the uses for which manufactured stone masonry units are put on the market, the configuration shall be declared, including the maximum area of voids on a bed face as a percentage of the length \times width of the unit. The declaration may be made using a drawing or an illustration.

Units intended for use in structural applications shall contain not more than 60 % by volume of all formed voids and may be provided with or without recesses or interlocking features. Such units containing not more than 25 % by volume of formed voids and having no single void greater than 12,5 % of the total volume of the unit may be declared as Group 1 masonry units, in accordance with the requirements of EN 1996-1-1.

When conformity with the declared configuration cannot be assessed by visual inspection, masonry units shall be sampled in accordance with A.2, measured in accordance with EN 772-16 and the values calculated.

5.3.3 Surface appearance

The exposed surfaces of manufactured stone masonry units shall be plain, profiled or textured as declared by the manufacturer. Compliance of textured or profiled surfaces may be established on the basis of comparison with any approved samples. Comparison shall be made from a distance of 3 m in normal daylight conditions.

5.3.4 Flatness of surfaces

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Where the surfaces of the unit are declared by the manufacture to be plain (see 5.33), they shall not deviate from a plane by more than (0,1 $\sqrt{L_{\rm d}}$) mm of 2 mm whichever is the greater, where $L_{\rm d}$ is the length of the diagonal of the surface declared plain. If sampled in accordance with A.2 and tested in accordance with EN 772-20, no individual measurement of the deviation from a plane shall exceed the value given above.

5.4 Density

When relevant to the uses for which the unit is put on the market, and in all cases for masonry units intended to be used in elements subject to acoustic requirements, the manufacturer shall declare its gross dry density. For two-part units the net dry density of each part shall be declared.

NOTE This declaration can be made for the evaluation of:

- loading;
- sound insulation;
- thermal insulation;
- fire resistance.

The deviation from the manufacturer's declared mean gross dry density and mean net dry density shall not be more than 7,5 %.

For the gross dry density of homogeneous units and of two-part units, whole units or representative samples shall be used. For the net dry density of the constituent concretes of two-part units samples of the unformed mix may be taken and moulded in a manner to obtain a level of compaction similar to that attained in the units.