

Designation: D 1785 – 03

An American National Standard

# Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40, 80, and 120<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 1785; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

#### 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) pipe made in Schedule 40, 80, and 120 sizes and pressure-rated for water (see Appendix X1). Included are criteria for classifying PVC plastic pipe materials and PVC plastic pipe, a system of nomenclature for PVC plastic pipe, and requirements and test methods for materials, workmanship, dimensions, sustained pressure, burst pressure, flattening, and extrusion quality. Methods of marking are also given.

1.2 The products covered by this specification are intended for use with the distribution of pressurized liquids only, which are chemically compatible with the piping materials. Due to inherent hazards associated with testing components and systems with compressed air or other compressed gases some manufacturers do not allow pneumatic testing of their products. Consult with specific product/component manufacturers for their specific testing procedures prior to pneumatic testing.

NOTE 1—Pressurized (compressed) air or other compressed gases contain large amounts of stored energy which present serious saftey hazards should a system fail for any reason.

1.3 The text of this specification references notes, footnotes, and appendixes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the specification.

1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.5 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 8, of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* A specific precautionary statement is given in Note 8.

Note 2—CPVC plastic pipes, Schedules 40 and 80, which were formerly included in this specification, are now covered by Specification F 441F 441.

NOTE 3—The sustained and burst pressure test requirements, and the pressure ratings in the Appendix X1, are calculated from stress values obtained from tests made on pipe 4 in. (100 mm) and smaller. However, tests conducted on pipe as large as 24-in. (600-mm) diameter have shown these stress values to be valid for larger diameter PVC pipe.

NOTE 4—PVC pipe made to this specification is often belled for use as line pipe. For details of the solvent cement bell, see Specification D 2672D 2672 and for details of belled elastomeric joints, see Specifications D 3139 and D 3212D 3139D 3212.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>
- D 618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials for Testing
- D 1598 Test Method for Time-to-Failure of Plastic Pipe Under Constant Internal Pressure
- D 1599 Test Method for Short-Time Hydraulic Failure Pressure of Plastic Pipe, Tubing, and Fittings
- D 1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics
- D 1784 Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds
- D 2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings
- D 2152 Test Method for Degree of Fusion of Extruded Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pipe and Molded Fittings by Acetone Immersion
- D 2672 Specification for Joints for IPS PVC Pipe Using Solvent Cement
- D 2837 Test Method for Obtaining Hydrostatic Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Materials
- D 3139 Specification for Joints for Plastic Pressure Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals
- D 3212 Specification for Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.25 on Vinyl Based Pipe.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

F 412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems F 441 Specification for Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80

2.2 Federal Standard:

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)<sup>3</sup> 2.3 *Military Standard:* 

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage<sup>3</sup>

2.4 NSF Standards:

Standard No. 14 for Plastic Piping Components and Related Materials<sup>4</sup>

Standard No. 61 for Drinking Water System Components— Health Effects<sup>4</sup>

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:* —Definitions are in accordance with Terminology F 412F 412 and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D 1600D 1600, unless otherwise specified. The abbreviation for poly(vinyl chloride) plastic is PVC.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *hydrostatic design stress*—the estimated maximum tensile stress the material is capable of withstanding continuously with a high degree of certainty that failure of the pipe will not occur. This stress is circumferential when internal hydrostatic water pressure is applied.

3.2.2 *pressure rating (PR)*—the estimated maximum water pressure the pipe is capable of withstanding continuously with a high degree of certainty that failure of the pipe will not occur.

3.2.3 relation between dimensions, design stress, and pressure rating—the following expression, commonly known as the ISO equation,<sup>5</sup> is used in this specification to relate dimensions, hydrostatic design stress, and pressure rating:

where:

$$2S/P = (D_0/t) - 1$$

S = hydrostatic design stress, psi (or MPa),

P = pressure rating, psi (or MPa),  $D_0$  = average outside diameter, in. (or mm), and

 $t_0 = \text{minimum wall thickness, in. (or mm).}$ 

3.2.4 standard thermoplastic pipe materials designation code—the pipe materials designation code shall consist of the abbreviation PVC for the type of plastic, followed by the ASTM type and grade in Arabic numerals and the design stress in units of 100 psi (0.7 MPa) with any decimal figures dropped. When the design stress code contains less than two figures, a cipher shall be used before the number. Thus a complete material code shall consist of three letters and four figures for PVC plastic pipe materials (see Section 5).

#### 4. Classification

4.1 *General*—This specification covers PVC pipe made to and marked with one of six type/grade/design stress designations (see X1.2) in Schedule 40, 80, and 120 wall sizes.

4.2 *Hydrostatic Design Stresses*—This specification covers pipe made from PVC plastics as defined by four hydrostatic design stresses which have been developed on the basis of long-term tests (Appendix X1).

#### 5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 *General*—Poly(vinyl chloride) plastics used to make pipe meeting the requirements of this specification are categorized by means of two criteria, namely, (1) short-term strength tests and (2) long-term strength tests.

NOTE 5—The PVC pipe intended for use in the transport of potable water should be evaluated and certified as safe for this purpose by a testing agency acceptable to the local health authority. The evaluation should be in accordance with requirements for chemical extraction, taste, and odors that are no less restrictive than those included in NSF Standard No. 14. The seal or mark of the laboratory making the evaluation should be included on the pipe.

5.2 *Basic Materials*—This specification covers pipe made from PVC plastics having certain physical and chemical properties as described in Specification D 1784D 1784.

5.3 *Compound*—The PVC compounds used for this pipe shall equal or exceed the following classes described in Specification D 1784D 1784; PVC 12454-B, 12454-C, or 14333-D.

5.4 *Rework Material*—The manufacturer shall use only his own clean rework pipe material and the pipe produced shall meet all the requirements of this specification.

#### 6. Requirements Requirements

6.1 Dimensions and Tolerances:

6.1.1 Dimensions and tolerances shall be as shown in Table 1 and Table 2 when measured in accordance with Test Method D 2122D 2122. The tolerances for out-of-roundness shall apply only to pipe prior to shipment.

6.2 Sustained Pressure—The pipe shall not fail, balloon, burst, or weep as defined in Test Method D 1598D 1598, at the test pressures given in Tables 3-5 when tested in accordance with 8.4.

6.2.1 Accelerated Regression Test—The accelerated regression test shall be used in place of both the sustained and burst pressure tests, at the option of the manufacturer. The test shall be conducted in accordance with 8.4.1. The pipe shall demonstrate a hydrostatic design basis projection at the 100 000-h intercept that meets the hydrostatic design basis category requirement (see Table 1 and Test Method D 2837D 2837) for the PVC material used in its manufacture. (*Example:* PVC 1120 pipe must have a minimum 100 000-h projection of 3830 psi (26.40 MPa) and 85 % lower confidence limit (LCL).

6.3 *Burst Pressure*—The minimum burst pressures for PVC plastic pipe shall be as given in Table 6, when determined in accordance with Test Method D 1599D 1599.

NOTE 6—Times greater than 60 s may be needed to bring large size specimens to burst pressure. The test is more difficult to pass using greater pressurizing times.

6.4 *Flattening*—There shall be no evidence of splitting, cracking, or breaking when the pipe is tested in accordance with 8.6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 4}$  Available from the National Sanitation Foundation, P.O. Box 1468, Ann Arbor, MI 48106.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> ISO R161-1960, Pipes of Plastics Materials for the Transport of Fluids (Outside Diameters and Nominal Pressures) Part 1, Metric Series.

			Maximum Out-of-Roundness (maximum minus minimum diameter)		
Nominal Pipe Size	Outside Diameter	Average	Schedule 40 sizes 3½ in. and over; Schedule 80 sizes 8 in. and over	Schedule 40 sizes 3 in. and less; Schedule 80 sizes 6 in. and less; Schedule 120 sizes all	
1/8	0.405 (10.29)	±0.004 (±0.10)		0.016 (0.41)	
1/4	0.540 (13.72)	±0.004 (±0.10)		0.016 (0.41)	
3/8	0.675 (17.14)	±0.004 (±0.10)		0.016 (0.41)	
1/2	0.840 (21.34)	±0.004 (±0.10)		0.016 (0.41)	
3/4	1.050 (26.67)	±0.004 (±0.10)		0.020 (0.51)	
1	1.315 (33.40)	±0.005 (±0.13)		0.020 (0.51)	
11/4	1.660 (42.16)	±0.005 (±0.13)		0.024 (0.61)	
11/2	1.900 (48.26)	±0.006 (±0.15)		0.024 (0.61)	
2	2.375 (60.32)	±0.006 (±0.15)		0.024 (0.61)	
21/2	2.875 (73.02)	±0.007 (±0.18)		0.030 (0.76)	
3	3.500 (88.90)	±0.008 (±0.20)		0.030 (0.76)	
31/2	4.000 (101.60)	±0.008 (±0.20)	0.100 (2.54)	0.030 (0.76)	
4	4.500 (114.30)	±0.009 (±0.23)	0.100 (2.54)	0.030 (0.76)	
5	5.563 (141.30)	±0.010 (±0.25)	0.100 (2.54)	0.060 (1.52)	
6	6.625 (168.28)	±0.011 (±0.28)	0.100 (2.54)	0.070 (1.78)	
8	8.625 (219.08)	±0.015 (±0.38)	0.150 (3.81)	0.090 (2.29)	
10	10.750 (273.05)	±0.015 (±0.38)	0.150 (3.81)	0.100 (2.54)	
12	12.750 (323.85)	±0.015 (±0.38)	0.150 (3.81)	0.120 (3.05)	
14	14.000 (355.60	±0.015 (±0.38)	0.200 (5.08)		
16	16.000 (406.40)	±0.019 (±0.48)	0.320 (8.13)		
18	18.000 (457.20)	±0.019 (±0.48)	0.360 (9.14)		
20	20.000 (508.00)	±0.023 (±0.58)	0.400 (10.2)		
24	24.000 (609.60)	±0.031 (±0.79)	0.480 (12.2)		

TABLE 1 Outside Diameters and Tolerances for PVC Plastic Pipe Schedules 40, 80, and 120, in. (mm)

Tolerances

TABLE 2 Wall Thicknesses and Tolerances for PVC Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40, 80, and 120,<sup>A,B</sup> in. (mm)

	Wall Thickness <sup>A</sup>						
Nominal Pipe Size	Schedule 40		Sche	edule 80	Schedule 120		
	Minimum	Tolerance	Minimum	Tolerance	Minimum	Tolerance	
1/8	0.068 (1.73)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.095 (2.41)	+0.020 (+0.51)			
1/4	0.088 (2.24)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.119 (3.02)	+0.020 (+0.51)			
3/8	0.091 (2.31)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.126 (3.20)	+0.020 (+0.51)			
1/2	0.109 (2.77)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.147 (3.73)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.170 (4.32)	+0.020 (+0.51	
nup 3/4/standards	0.113 (2.87)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.154 (3.91)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.170 (4.32)	+0.020 (+0.51	
1	0.133 (3.38)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.179 (4.55)	+0.021 (+0.53)	0.200 (5.08)	+0.024 (+0.61	
<b>1</b> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	0.140 (3.56)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.191 (4.85)	+0.023 (+0.58)	0.215 (5.46)	+0.026 (+0.66	
11/2	0.145 (3.68)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.200 (5.08)	+0.024 (+0.61)	0.225 (5.72)	+0.027 (+0.68	
2	0.154 (3.91)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.218 (5.54)	+0.026 (+0.66)	0.250 (6.35)	+0.030 (+0.76	
21/2	0.203 (5.16)	+0.024 (+0.61)	0.276 (7.01)	+0.033 (+0.84)	0.300 (7.62)	+0.036 (+0.91	
3	0.216 (5.49)	+0.026 (+0.66)	0.300 (7.62)	+0.036 (+0.91)	0.350 (8.89)	+0.042 (+1.07	
31/2	0.226 (5.74)	+0.027 (+0.68)	0.318 (8.08)	+0.038 (+0.96)	0.350 (8.89)	+0.042 (+1.07	
4	0.237 (6.02)	+0.028 (+0.71)	0.337 (8.56)	+0.040 (+1.02)	0.437 (11.10)	+0.052 (+1.32	
5	0.258 (6.55)	+0.031 (+0.79)	0.375 (9.52)	+0.045 (+1.14)	0.500 (12.70)	+0.060 (+1.52	
6	0.280 (7.11)	+0.034 (+0.86)	0.432 (10.97)	+0.052 (+1.32)	0.562 (14.27)	+0.067 (+1.70	
8	0.322 (8.18)	+0.039 (+0.99)	0.500 (12.70)	+0.060 (+1.52)	0.718 (18.24)	+0.086 (+2.18	
10	0.365 (9.27)	+0.044 (+1.12)	0.593 (15.06)	+0.071 (+1.80)	0.843 (21.41)	+0.101 (+2.56	
12	0.406 (10.31)	+0.049 (+1.24)	0.687 (17.45)	+0.082 (+2.08)	1.000 (25.40)	+0.120 (+3.05	
14	0.437 (11.10)	+0.053 (+1.35)	0.750 (19.05)	+0.090 (+2.29)			
16	0.500 (12.70)	+0.060 (+1.52)	0.843 (21.41)	+0.101 (+2.57)			
18	0.562 (14.27)	+0.067 (+1.70)	0.937 (23.80)	+0.112 (+2.84)			
20	0.593 (15.06)	+0.071 (+1.80)	1.031 (26.19)	+0.124 (+3.15)			
24	0.687 (17.45)	+0.082 (+2.08)	1.218 (30.94)	+0.146 (+3.71)			

<sup>A</sup> The minimum is the lowest wall thickness of the pipe at any cross section. The maximum permitted wall thickness, at any cross section, is the minimum wall thickness plus the stated tolerance. All tolerances are on the plus side of the minimum requirement. <sup>B</sup> These dimensions conform to nominal IPS dimensions, with the exception that Schedule 120 wall thickness for pipe sizes ½ to 3½ in. (12.5 to 87.5 mm), inclusive,

are special PVC plastic pipe sizes.

TABLE 3	Sustained Pressure Test Conditions for Water at 73°F
	(23°C) for PVC Plastic Pipe, Schedule 40

 TABLE 4
 Sustained Pressure Test Conditions for Water at 73°F (23°C) for PVC Plastic Pipe, Schedule 80

	(====)		• *			( )		• •	
Nominal Pressure Required for Test <sup>4</sup>		– Nominal		Pressure Required for Test <sup>A</sup>					
Pipe Size	PVC1120 PVC1220 PVC2120	PVC2116	PVC2112	PVC2110	Pipe Size	PVC1120 PVC1220 PVC2120	PVC2116	PVC2112	PVC2110
in.			psi		in.			psi	
1⁄8	1690	1360	1130	930	1/8	2570	2060	1720	1410
1⁄4	1640	1310	1090	900	1/4	2370	1900	1580	1300
3⁄8	1310	1050	870	720	3/8	1930	1540	1290	1060
1/2	1250	1000	840	690	1/2	1780	1430	1190	980
3⁄4	1010	810	680	550	3/4	1440	1160	960	790
1	950	760	630	520	1	1320	1060	880	720
<b>1</b> 1⁄4	770	620	520	420	11⁄4	1090	870	730	600
<b>1</b> ½	690	560	460	380	11/2	990	790	660	540
2	580	470	390	320	2	850	680	570	460
21/2	640	510	430	350	21/2	890	710	590	490
3	590	440	370	300	3	790	630	520	430
31/2	500	400	340	280	31/2	730	580	480	400
4	470	370	310	260	4	680	540	450	370
5	410	330	270	220	5	610	490	400	330
6	370	300	250	200	6	590	470	390	320
8	330	260	220	180	8	520	410	340	280
10	300	240	200	160	10	490	390	330	270
12	280	220	180	150	12	480	380	320	260
14	270	220	180	150	14	470	380	320	260
16	270	220	180	150	16	470	370	310	260
18	270	220	180	150	18	460	370	310	250
20	260	210	170	140	20	460	370	300	250
24	250	200	170	140	24	450	360	300	250
in.			MPa	bh Ste	an gin.	G		MPa	
1⁄8	11.65	9.38	7.79	6.41	1/8	17.72	14.21	11.86	9.72
1/4	11.31	9.03	7.52	6.21	1/4	1 <mark>6</mark> .34	13.10	10.90	8.96
3⁄8	9.03	7.24	6.00	4.96	aro 3/8 1/2	13.31	10.62	8.89	7.31
1/2	8.62	6.89	5.79	4.76	1/2	12.27	9.86	8.20	6.76
3⁄4	6.96	5.58	4.69	3.79	3/4	9.93	8.00	6.62	5.45
1	6.55	5.24	4.34	3.59	f Drdy	9.10	7.31	6.07	4.96
<b>1</b> 1⁄4	5.31	4.27	3.59	2.90	11/4	7.52	6.00	5.03	4.14
11/2	4.76	3.86	3.17	2.62	11/2	6.83	4.96	4.55	3.72
2	4.00	3.24	2.69	2.21	2	5.86	4.69	3.93	3.17
21/2	4.41	3.52	2.96	2.41	1785 021/2	6.14	4.90	4.07	3.38
3	4.07	3.03	2.55	2.07	<u>1785-05</u> 3	5.45	4.34	3.59	2.96
31/2	//stan 3.45	2.76	109/51-2.34	ds/sist <mark>1.93</mark> 11f(	20-ecd 31/2	7-8-5.03	94504.00	astm-3.3178	5-03 2.76
4	3.24	2.55	2.14	1.79	20 cccal 400	4.69	3.72	3.10	2.55
5	2.83	2.28	1.86	1.52	5	4.21	3.38	2.76	2.28
6	2.55	2.07	1.72	1.38	6	4.07	3.24	2.69	2.21
8	2.28	1.79 1.65	1.52	1.24	8	3.59	2.83	2.34	1.93
10	2.07	1.65 1.52	1.38	1.10	10	3.38	2.69 2.62	2.28	1.86 1.79
12 14	1.93 1.89	1.52	1.24 1.26	1.03 1.05	12 14	3.31 3.29	2.62	2.21 2.24	1.79
14	1.89	1.54	1.26	1.05	14	3.29	2.59	2.24 2.17	1.82
18	1.89	1.54	1.26	1.05	18	3.29	2.59	2.17	1.02
20	1.82	1.47	1.19	0.98	20	3.22	2.59	2.17	1.75
24	1.75	1.40	1.19	0.98	24	3.15	2.52	2.10	1.75
* The fibe	er stresses used				<sup>A</sup> The fibe	er stresses used	to derive these		
-	VC1100	psi 100		MPa	-	VC1100	psi 100		MPa
	VC1120	420		29.0		VC1120	420		29.0
	VC1220	420 420		29.0		VC1220	420		29.0
		/20	U	29.0	Р	VC2120	420	U	29.0
P	VC2120						000		
P' P	VC2116	336	0	23.2	Р	VC2116	336	D	23.2
P' P' P'			0 0		P P		336) 280) 230)	D D	

6.5 *Extrusion Quality*—The pipe shall not flake or disintegrate when tested in accordance with Test Method D 2152D 2152.

### 7. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

7.1 The pipe shall be homogeneous throughout and free of visible cracks, holes, foreign inclusions, or other defects. The

	Pressure Required for Test <sup>A</sup>					
Nominal Pipe Size	PVC1120 PVC1220 PVC2120	PVC2116	PVC2112	PVC2110		
in.		p	si			
1/2	2130	1710	1420	1170		
3/4	1620	1300	1080	890		
1	1510	1200	1000	830		
11/4	1250	1000	830	680		
1½	1130	900	750	620		
2 2½	990 980	790 780	660 650	540 540		
3	930	750	620	540		
31/2	810	640	540	440		
4	900	720	600	490		
5	830	660	550	450		
6	780	620	520	430		
8	760	610	510	420		
10	770	620	510	420		
12	710	570	480	390		
in.		М	Pa			
1/2	14.69	11.79	9.79	8.07		
3/4	11.17	8.96	7.45	6.14		
1	10.41	8.27	6.89	5.72		
11/4	8.62	6.89	5.72	4.69		
1½	7.79	6.21	5.17	4.27		
2 2½	6.83 6.76	5.45	4.55 4.48	3.72 3.72		
3	6.41	5.38 5.17	4.48	3.72		
31/2	5.58	4.41	3.72	3.03		
4	6.21		4.14	3.38		
5	5.72	4.55 dal 0	3.79	3.10		
6	5.38	4.27	3.59	2.96		
8	5.24	<b>4.21 TO O T</b>	3.52	2.90		
10	5.31	SUALLU 4.27	3.52	2.90		
12	4.90	3.93	3.31	2.69		
<sup>A</sup> The fiber stresses used to	derive these test pressures are a	is follows:	ew			
		psi		MPa		
PVC11		4200		29.0		
PVC12		4200		29.0		
PVC21		ASTM D174200 03		29.0		
PVC2 https://standarpvc2		/sist/fad1f020 <sup>3360</sup> 2800df-48b7		23.2 19.3 785-03		
PVC2		2300		15.9		

#### TABLE 5 Sustained Pressure Test Conditions for Water at 73°F (23°C) for PVC Plastic Pipe, Schedule 120

pipe shall be as uniform as commercially practicable in color, opacity, density, and other physical properties.

NOTE 7—Color and transparency or opacity should be specified in the contract or purchase order.

#### 8. Test Methods

8.1 Conditioning—Condition the test specimens at 73.4  $\pm$  3.6°F (23  $\pm$  2°C) and 50  $\pm$  5 % relative humidity for not less than 40 h prior to test in accordance with Procedure A of Practice D 618D 618, for those tests where conditioning is required.

8.2 *Test Conditions*—Conduct tests in the standard laboratory atmosphere of 73.4  $\pm$  3.6°F (23  $\pm$  2°C) and 50  $\pm$  5% relative humidity, unless otherwise specified in the test methods or in this specification.

8.3 *Sampling*—The selection of the sample or samples of pipe shall be as agreed upon by the purchaser and seller. In case of no prior agreement, any sample selected by the testing laboratory shall be deemed adequate.

8.3.1 *Test Specimens*—Not less than 50 % of the test specimens required for any pressure test shall have at least a part of the marking in their central sections. The central section is that portion of pipe which is at least one pipe diameter away from an end closure.

8.4 Sustained Pressure Test—Select the test specimens at random. Test individually with water at the internal pressures given in Tables 3-5, six specimens of pipe, each specimen at least ten times the nominal diameter in length, but not less than 10 in. (250 mm) or more than 3 ft (1 m) between end closures and bearing the permanent marking on the pipe. Maintain the specimens at the pressure indicated for a period of 1000 h. Hold the pressure as closely as possible, but within  $\pm 10$  psi ( $\pm 70$  kPa). Condition the specimens at the test temperature of 73.4°F (23°C) to within 3.6°F ( $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C). Test in accordance with Test Method D 1598D 1598, except maintain the pressure at the values given in Tables 3-5 for 1000 h. Failure of two of the six specimens tested shall constitute failure in the test. Failure of one of the six specimens tested in retest shall constitute

_	Min Burst Pressures <sup>A</sup>						
	Sche	dule 40	Scheo	Schedule 80		Schedule 120	
Nominal Pipe Size –	PVC1120	PVC2112	PVC1120	PVC2112	PVC1120	PVC2112	
	PVC1220	PVC2116	PVC1220	PVC2116	PVC1220	PVC2116	
	PVC2120	PVC2110	PVC2120	PVC2110	PVC2120	PVC2110	
in.			p	si			
1/8	2580	2020	3920	3060			
1/4	2490	1950	3620	2830			
3/8	1990	1560	2940	2300			
1/2	1910	1490	2720	2120	3250	2540	
3/4	1540	1210	2200	1720	2470	1930	
1	1440	1130	2020	1580	2300	1790	
				1300			
11/4	1180	920	1660		1900	1490	
11/2	1060	830	1510	1180	1720	1340	
2	890	690	1290	1010	1510	1180	
21/2	970	760	1360	1060	1490	1170	
3	840	660	1200	940	1420	1110	
31/2	770	600	1110	860	1230	960	
4	710	560	1040	810	1380	1080	
5	620	390	930	720	1260	990	
6	560	440	890	700	1190	930	
8	500	390	790	620	1160	910	
		350	750	580		920	
10	450				1170		
12	420	330	730	570	1090	850	
14	410	320	720	570			
16	410	320	710	560			
18	410	320	700	550			
20	390	310	700	540			
24	380	300	680	530			
in.		Tab	M	Pa			
1/8	17.79	13.93	27.03	21.10			
1/4	17.17	13.45	24.96	19.52			
3/8	13.72	10.76	20.27	15.86			
1/2	13.17	10.27	18.76	14.62	22.41	17.52	
3/4	10.62	8.34	15.17	11.86	17.03	13.31	
1	9.93	7.79	13.93	10.89	15.86	12.34	
11/4	8.14	6.34	11.45 TP	V A 8.96	13.10	10.27	
1 74 1 1/2	7.31	5.72	10.41	8.14	11.86	9.24	
2	6.14	4.76	8.89	6.96	10.41	8.14	
21/2	6.69	5.24	9.38	7.31	10.27	8.07	
3	5.79	4.55 A	STM D18.275-03	6.48	9.79	7.65	
31⁄2	5.31	4.14	7.65	5.93	8.48	6.62	
https4/standard		g/stand 3.86 s/sist	/fad1f027.17cdf-43	8b7-815.58110090	d503af09.51tm-d1	785-037.45	
5	4.27	2.69	6.41	4.96	8.69	6.83	
6	3.86	3.03	6.14	4.83	8.20	6.41	
8	3.45	2.69	5.45	4.27	8.00	6.27	
10	3.10	2.41	5.17	4.00	8.07	6.34	
12	2.90	2.28	5.03	3.93	7.52	5.86	
14	2.87	2.24	5.04	3.99			
16	2.87	2.24	4.97	3.92			
18	2.87	2.24	4.90	3.85			
20	2.73	2.17	4.90	3.78			
24	2.66	2.10	4.76	3.71			

TABLE 6 Burst Pressure Requirements for Water at 73°F (23°C) for PVC Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40, 80, and 120

<sup>A</sup> The fiber stresses used to derive these test pressures are as follows:

psi	MPa
6400	44.1
6400	44.1
6400	44.1
5000	34.5
5000	34.5
5000	34.5
	6400 6400 6400 5000 5000

failure in the test. Evidence of failure of the pipe shall be as defined in Test Method D 1598D 1598.

8.4.1 Accelerated Regression Test—Test in accordance with procedures in Test Method D 1598D 1598, using either free end or restrained end fittings. A minimum of six samples shall be tested. Test three specimens at a single pressure that will

result in failures at or below 0.10 h. Test an additional three specimens at a single pressure that will result in failures at about 200 h. Generating additional data points to improve the LTHS or LCL, or both, is acceptable. No points shall be excluded unless an obvious defect is detected in the failure area of the test sample, or there was a malfunction of the equipment.