

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 792-10:2000+A1:2008

01-november-2008

Neelektrična ročna orodja - Varnostne zahteve - 10. del: Električna orodja za stiskanje

Hand-held non-electric power tools - Safety requirements - Part 10: Compression power tools

Handgehaltene nicht-elektrisch betriebene Maschinen - Sicherheitsanforderungen - Teil 10: Maschinen zum Pressen STANDARD PREVIEW

Machines portatives à moteur non électrique - Prescriptions de sécurité - Partie 10: Machines portatives à compression_{ST EN 792-10:2000+A1:2008}

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 792-10-2000a1-2008 EN 792-10:2000+A1:2008

ICS:

25.140.10 Pnevmatična orodja Pneumatic tools

SIST EN 792-10:2000+A1:2008

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 792-10:2000+A1

September 2008

ICS 25.140.10; 25.140.99

Supersedes EN 792-10:2000

English Version

Hand-held non-electric power tools - Safety requirements - Part 10: Compression power tools

Machines portatives à moteur non électrique - Prescriptions de sécurité - Partie 10: Machines portatives à compression Handgehaltene nicht-elektrisch betriebene Maschinen -Sicherheitsanforderungen - Teil 10: Maschinen zum Pressen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 26 May 2000 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 26 July 2008.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (EN 792-10:2000+A1:2008) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 255 "Handheld, non-electric power tools - Safety", the secretariat of which is held by SIS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2009 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2009.

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

A) For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annexes ZA and ZB, which are integral parts of this document.

This document includes Amendment 1, approved by CEN on 2008-07-26.

This document supersedes EN 792-10:2000.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags A_1 (A).

The standard has been created in close co-operation with CENELEC/TC 61F with the aim of achieving requirements for mechanical safety in the EN 50144 series, which are similar for hand-held electric and non-electric power tools.

The annexes to this part of the standard are. 792-10:2000+A1:2008 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3640a6ad-66c6-4fe4-8b6e-

Annex A (informative) Examples of power tools covered by this part⁰⁸

Annex B (informative) Labels, signs and tags

Annexes ZA and ZB (informative) Clauses of this European Standard addressing essential requirements or other provisions of EU Directives.

This standard also contains a Bibliography.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Introduction

This European standard is a type C standard as stated in EN 1070.

The machinery concerned and the extent to which hazards, hazardous situations and events are covered are indicated in the scope of this standard.

When provisions of this type C standard are different from those which are stated in type A or B standards, the provisions of this type C standard take precedence over the provisions of other standards, for machines that have been designed and built according to the provisions of this type C standard.

The European Standard, EN 792, consists of a number of independent parts for individual types of hand-held non-electric power tools.

Other EN standards deal with safety rules for hand-held power tools used in e.g. the following fields:

- agriculture and forestry such as chain saws, hedge-trimmers, brush cutters, grass trimmers
- construction and building such as cutting-off power tools, concrete vibrators
- food industry, such as fowl secateurs, sheep shears. RD PREVIEW

Endeavours have been made to achieve co-ordination with the relevant Technical Committees so that the safety requirements are compatible.

This standard is divided in the following parts: https://standards.ten.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3640a6ad-66c6-4fe4-8b6e-

- Part 1 Assembly power tools for non-threaded mechanical fasteners (former part 14)
- Part 2 Cutting-off and crimping power tools (former part 15)
- Part 3 Drills and tappers
- Part 4 Non rotary percussive power tools
- Part 5 Rotary, percussive power drills
- Part 6 Assembly power tools for threaded fasteners
- Part 7 Grinders
- Part 8 Sanders and polishers
- Part 9 Die grinders
- Part 10 Compression power tools
- Part 11 Nibblers and shears
- Part 12 Small circular, small oscillating and reciprocating saws
- Part 13 Fastener driving tools

Certain parts of EN 792 cover hand-held non-electric power tools, driven by internal combustion engines powered by gaseous or liquid fuel. In these parts, the safety aspects relating to internal combustion engines are found in a normative annex.

The parts are type C standards and refer to pertinent European Standards of type A and B where such standards are applicable.

1 Scope

The standard EN 792 applies to hand-held non-electric power tools driven by rotary or linear motors, powered by compressed air, hydraulic fluid and intended to be used by one operator and supported by:

- the operator's hand or hands
- a suspension, e.g. a balancer.

This part, EN 792-10, applies to hand-held non electric compression power tools with yoke, e.g. for squeeze riveting, punching, shaping, pressing and cutting of metal, plastics or other materials.

This part lists the significant hazards caused by such power tools and specifies safety requirements valid for different aspects of safety during their foreseeable lifetime.

Power tools, all of them with a yoke, covered by this part of the standard:

- crimping tools,
- collar splitters,
- power tools for metal forming (edge formers, folding tools, swagers),
- nut splitter heads,
- presses,
- punches,
- squeeze riveters, iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
- cutting power tools with parallel snives dards.iteh.ai)

Special requirements and modifications on a hand-held power tool for the purpose of mounting it in a fixture are not covered by this part.

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NOTE At the date of publication no compression power tools driven by internal combustion engines are known.

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of the publications referred to in this European Standard are valid only when they are incorporated in this standard by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to, applies (including amendments).

EN 292-1:1991, Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design – Part 1: Basic terminology, methodology

EN 292-2:1991, Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design – Part 2: Technical principles and specifications

EN 563, Safety of machinery - Temperatures of touchable surfaces - Ergonomics data to establish temperature limit values for hot surfaces

EN 574, Safety of machinery - Two-hand control devices - Functional aspects - Principles for design

EN 614-1, Safety of machinery - Ergonomic design principles – Part 1: Terminology and general principles

EN 1070, Safety of machinery - Terminology

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EN 1127-1, Safety of machinery - Fire and explosions – Part 1: Explosion, prevention and protection

EN 12096, Mechanical vibration - Declaration and verification of vibration emission values

EN ISO 4871, Acoustics - Declaration and verification of noise emission values of machinery and equipment (ISO 4871:1996)

A EN ISO 15744:2008, Hand-held non-electric power tools – Noise measurement code – Engineering method (grade 2) (ISO 15744:2002) (A)

EN 28662-1, Hand-held portable power tools - Measurement of vibration at the handle - Part 1: General (ISO 8662-1:1988)

ISO 3857-3, Compressors, Pneumatic tools and machines, Vocabulary – Part 3: Pneumatic tools and machines

ISO 5391, Pneumatic tools and machines - Vocabulary

Terms and definitions 3

For the purposes of this part of the standard, the following terms and definitions apply:

General terms and definitions 3.1

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3.1.1

hand-held power tool (standards.iteh.ai) machine driven by rotary or linear motors powered by compressed air, hydraulic fluid, gaseous or liquid fuel, electricity or stored energy (e.g. by a spring) to do mechanical work and so designed that the motor and the mechanism form an assembly that can easily be brought to its place of operation. The hand-held power tool is operated by one or two handstps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3640a6ad-66c6-4fe4-8b6e-

8e2e5e740ce0/sist-en-792-10-2000a1-2008

NOTE: Hand-held power tools driven by compressed air or gas are called pneumatic tools. Hand-held power tools driven by hydraulic liquid are called hydraulic tools.

3.1.2

inserted tool

tool inserted in the hand-held power tool to perform the intended work

3.1.3

service tool

tool intended for performing maintenance or service on the hand-held power tool

3.1.4

control device

device to start and stop the hand-held power tool or to change the direction of the rotation or to control the functional characteristics such as speed and power

3.1.5

maximum operating pressure

maximum pressure that a hand-held power tool may be operated at, as specified by the manufacturer

3.2 Terms and definitions related to compression power tools

3.2.1

compression tool

power tool, without a rotary action that delivers an axial force in one stroke without percussion when actuated. The power tool incorporates the compression means and a yoke which absorbs the reaction forces. The force can be directed onto an inserted rivet set, or punch, forming dies and similar tooling.

3.2.2

collar splitter

compression tool for splitting a collar by pressing and cutting

3.2.3

crimping tool

power tool with a mechanism to permanently fasten by crimping or clinching a connection element, e.g. to a cable or a hose

3.2.4

punch

power tool for marking by indentation of various materials

3.2.5

nut splitter head

compression tool for splitting a nut by pressing and cutting

3.2.6

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squeeze riveter

(standards itch si)

compression tool, where the force is directed onto an inserted rivet set

3.2.7 <u>SIST EN 792-10:2000+A1:2008</u> **swager** <u>https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3640a6ad-66c6-4fe4-8b6e-</u> compression tool for metal forming; e.g., a joggled joint_10:2000a1-2008

For other terms, see EN 1070 and also ISO 3857-3 and ISO 5391.

For examples of compression power tools see annex A.

4 List of hazards

The following hazards can occur in the use of compression power tools.

Hazard type	Reference to safety requirement	
	By design or guarding	Information for use
4.1 Mechanical hazards		
- crushing	5.1.3, 5.7.3	
- cutting	5.1.1	
- friction or abrasion hazard	5.1.1	
- loss of stability	5.1.2	
- whipping hose		6.2.2
- ejection from high pressure hydraulic systems	5.1.4	
- hose and hose coupling specifications		
		6.2.2
4.2 Electrical hazards		6.2.2
4.3 Thermal hazards	5.2	
- explosions	5.2	7
- health damage due to hot or cold surfaces	5.2 KEVIEN	/
4.4 Hazards caused by noise (standards.	i\$eh.ai)	6.2.2
4.5 Hazards generated by vibration	5.4	6.2.2
4.6 Hazards generated by materials and EN 792-10:200	<u>0+A1:2008</u>	
substances processed;/used of exhaustedpg/standards/ 8e2e5e740ce0/sist-en-792	115t/3640a6ad-66c6-41e4-8	b6e-
- exhaust air	5.5.1	
- lubricants	5.5.2	
- hydraulic fluid		6.2.2
4.7 Hazards caused by neglecting ergonomic		
principles	5.6.1, 5.6.2, 5.6.3,	
 repetitive strain injuries 		6.2.2
- unsuitable postures	5.6.1	
- inadequate grip design and tool balance		6.2.2
 neglected use of personal protection equipment 		
4.8 Hazards caused by failure of energy supply		
 unexpected return of energy supply after a breakdown 		
 incorrect hydraulic fluid flow and outlet pressure 		6.2.2
		6.2.2
4.9 Hazards caused by missing and/or incorrectly positioned safety related means		
- start and stop device	5.7.1	
- unintentional start	5.7.1 5.7.2	6.2.2
	5.1.2	0.2.2

5 Safety requirements and measures

5.1 Mechanical safety

5.1.1 Surfaces, edges and corners

Accessible parts of the compression power tools, except the inserted tool, shall not have sharp edges or angles or rough or abrasive surfaces, see 3.1 of EN 292-2:1991.

5.1.2 Supporting surface and stability

Compression power tools shall be so designed that they can be laid aside and remain in stable position on a plane surface.

5.1.3 Position of handles

Handles shall be designed to be clear from the compression area and be remotely positioned from the compression mechanism.

5.1.4 High pressure ejection

Hydraulic systems of the power tools shall be enclosed so as to give protection against high pressure fluid ejection.

5.2 Thermal safety

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(standards.iteh.ai) Surface temperatures of parts of the power tools which are held during use or could be inadvertently touched shall follow the provisions of EN 563. SIST EN 792-10:2000+A1:2008

NOTE The limit values for low temperatures are studied by CEN/TC 122

Power tools for use in potentially explosive atmospheres should comply with EN 1127-1. However because the suitability of a power tool for use in potentially explosive atmospheres will depend not only on the power tool but the inserted tool and the workpiece, it is not possible to give any detailed advice in this standard.

5.3 Noise

5.3.1 General

The emission of noise from a hand-held power tool shall be kept as low as possible.

The noise emission from using hand-held power tools emanates from three main sources:

- the hand-held power tool itself,
- the inserted tool,
- the workpiece.

NOTE Generally, the manufacturer has no possibility of influencing the noise emitted by the processed workpiece.

5.3.2 Noise emitted by the hand-held power tool

The noise emitted by the hand-held power tool itself can be divided into:

— noise from the motor,