

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009

01-julij-2009

BUXca Yý U. SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2008

JgUX\_]'f]a d`UbhUf]L'nU'gfWf']b'cÿ]'^Y'!'NbclfU'ÿ]'b]'df]dca c \_]'!'&"XY.'b]'bY'cdcfb]Wf fghYblL'flGC'&))' - !& &\$\$, L

Cardiovascular implants - Endovascular devices - Part 2: Vascular stents (ISO 25539-2:2008)

Kardiovaskuläre Implantate - Teil 2: Gefäßstents (ISO 25539 -2:2008) (standards.iteh.ai)

Implants cardiovasculaires - Dispositifs endovasculaires - Partie 2: Stents vasculaires (ISO 25539-2:2008) https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436-b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 25539-2:2009

ICS:

11.040.40 Implantanti za kirurgijo,

protetiko in ortetiko

Implants for surgery, prosthetics and orthotics

SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009

en

**SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009** 

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436-b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009

**EUROPEAN STANDARD** 

**EN ISO 25539-2** 

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

May 2009

ICS 11.040.40

Supersedes EN ISO 25539-2:2008

# **English Version**

# Cardiovascular implants - Endovascular devices - Part 2: Vascular stents (ISO 25539-2:2008)

Implants cardiovasculaires - Dispositifs endovasculaires - Partie 2: Stents vasculaires (ISO 25539-2:2008)

Kardiovaskuläre Implantate - Endovaskuläre Implantate - Teil 2: Gefäßstents (ISO 25539-2:2008)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 20 April 2009.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

# EN ISO 25539-2:2009 (E)

Contents	
Foreword	3
Annex ZA (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 93/42/EEC	4

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009

EN ISO 25539-2:2009 (E)

# **Foreword**

The text of ISO 25539-2:2008 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 150 "Implants for surgery" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 25539-2:2009 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 285 "Non-active surgical implants" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2009, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2010.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 25539-2:2008.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive.

For relationship with EU Directive, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436-

b954-ebed17a2£57dorsement255tice-2009

The text of ISO 25539-2:2008 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 25539-2:2009 without any modification.

EN ISO 25539-2:2009 (E)

# Annex ZA (informative)

# Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 93/42/EEC

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association to provide a means of conforming to Essential Requirements of the New Approach Directive 93/42/EEC on medical devices.

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Communities under that Directive and has been implemented as a national standard in at least one Member State, compliance with the clauses of this standard given in table ZA confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding Essential Requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

Table ZA — Correspondence between this European Standard and Directive 93/42/EEC

Clause(s)/sub-clause(s) of this EN	Essential Requirements (ERs) of Directive 93/42/EEC	Qualifying remarks/Notes
4 iTe	H-STANDARD PRI	
5	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 1, 7, 2, 7, 3, 7, 5, 8, 9, 2 (Standards. 3, 1, 7, 5, 8, 8, 9, 2)	i)
6 https://sta	1, 2, 7.1 <u>\$7</u> 62, <u>F7</u> 3 <u>\$7</u> .5 <u>5</u> 832 <u>,</u> 92209 Indards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d8(	ld91-5565-4436-
7	1924-31-41-16,:655,27/.4st-7:12,i=8,-95.239-	2-2009
8	1, 2, 3, 5, 7.1, 7.2	
9	1, 2, 3, 7.2, 8.1, 8.3, 8.4	
10	1, 2, 3, 5, 7.2, 8.3, 8.4	
11	1, 2, 8.7, 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.6	Part of 13.3 a relating to the authorised representative is not covered.
		Part of ER 13.3 f concerning single use is not addressed in this European Standard.
		13.6 h) concerning single use is not addressed in this European Standard.

**WARNING** — Other requirements and other EU Directives may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 25539-2

First edition 2008-09-01

# Cardiovascular implants — Endovascular devices —

Part 2: Vascular stents

Implants cardiovasculaires — Dispositifs endovasculaires —

iTeh STPartie 2: Endoprothèses vasculaires W (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009



### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009



# **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

### © ISO 2008

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

# **Contents** Page

Forewo	ord	iv
Introdu	ıction	v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	2
4 4.1 4.2 4.3	General requirements  Classification  Size  Intended clinical use designation	4 5 5
5	Intended performance	5
6 6.1 6.2 6.3	Design attributes	5 6 6
8 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7	Design evaluation	8 9 10 15 24
9	Post market surveillance	
10	Manufacturing	32
11 11.1 11.2 11.3	Sterilization	32 32
12 12.1 12.2 12.3	Packaging Protection from damage in storage and transport	32 33
Annex	A (informative) Attributes of endovascular devices — Vascular stents — Technical and	
_	clinical considerations	
	B (informative) Bench and analytical tests	
	C (informative) Definitions of reportable clinical events	
	D (informative) Test methods	
	E (informative) Supplement to fatigue durability test analytical approach	
Bibliog	raphy	89

# **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 25539-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 150, *Implants for surgery*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Cardiovascular implants and extracorporeal systems*.

ISO 25539 consists of the following parts, under the general title Cardiovascular implants — Endovascular devices: (standards.iteh.ai)

— Part 1: Endovascular prostheses

SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009

— Part 2: Vascular stents

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009

# Introduction

This part of ISO 25539 has been prepared in order to provide minimum requirements for endovascular devices and the methods of test that will enable their evaluation. It is the second part of a proposed three-part standard. ISO 25539-1 addresses endovascular prostheses and ISO 25539-3 will address vena cava filters. ISO/TS 15539, from which this part of ISO 25539 is derived, serves as a rationale for the requirements of this document. The Technical Specification ISO/TS 15539 was developed by first identifying the design requirements for these devices and listing the potential device and clinical failure modes. Tests were then identified to address each of the failure modes. The requirements provided in this part of ISO 25539 are based on that assessment.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009 **SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009** 

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436-b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009

# Cardiovascular implants — Endovascular devices —

# Part 2:

# Vascular stents

# 1 Scope

**1.1** This part of ISO 25539 specifies requirements for vascular stents, based upon current medical knowledge. With regard to safety, it gives requirements for intended performance, design attributes, materials, design evaluation, manufacturing, sterilization, packaging and information supplied by the manufacturer. It should be considered as a supplement to ISO 14630, which specifies general requirements for the performance of non-active surgical implants.

NOTE Due to the variations in the design of implants covered by this part of ISO 25539 and in some cases due to the relatively recent development of some of these implants (e.g. bioabsorbable stents, polymeric stents), acceptable standardized *in vitro* tests and clinical results are not always available. As further scientific and clinical data become available, appropriate revision of this document will be necessary.

- 1.2 The scope of this part of ISO 25539 includes vascular stents used to treat vascular lesions or stenoses, or other vascular abnormalities. These devices might or might not incorporate surface modifications of the stent such as drug and/or other coatings. Stents covered with materials that significantly modify the permeability of the uncovered stent are within the scope of ISO 25539-1. The stent design might dictate the need to address functional requirements identified in both ISO 25539-1 and this part of ISO 25539.
- **1.3** Delivery systems are included in this part of ISO 25539 if they comprise an integral component of the deployment of the vascular stent.
- **1.4** Procedures and devices used prior to the introduction of the vascular stent, such as balloon angioplasty devices, are excluded from the scope of this part of ISO 25539.
- **1.5** Some pharmacological aspects of drug eluting stents are addressed in this part of ISO 25539, but this document is not comprehensive with respect to the pharmacological evaluation of drug eluting stents.
- **1.6** Degradation and other time-dependent aspects of bioabsorbable and polymeric stents and coatings are not addressed by this part of ISO 25539.
- **1.7** With the exception of sterilization, this part of ISO 25539 does not address requirements for the evaluation of animal tissue products.

# 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 10993 (all parts), Biological evaluation of medical devices

ISO 11135-1, Sterilization of health care products — Ethylene oxide — Part 1: Requirements for development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices

ISO 11137-1, Sterilization of health care products — Radiation — Part 1: Requirements for development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices

ISO 11607 (both parts), Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices

ISO 14155 (both parts), Clinical investigation of medical devices for human subjects

ISO 14160, Sterilization of single-use medical devices incorporating materials of animal origin — Validation and routine control of sterilization by liquid chemical sterilants

ISO 14630, Non-active surgical implants — General requirements

ISO 14937, Sterilization of health care products — General requirements for characterization of a sterilizing agent and the development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process

ISO 14971, Medical devices — Application of risk management to medical devices

ISO 17665-1, Sterilization of health care products — Moist heat — Part 1: Requirements for the development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices

# 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions in ISO 14630 and the following apply.

NOTE Bench and analytical tests are described in Annex B. Reportable clinical events are defined in Annex C.

3.1

# (standards.iteh.ai)

# balloon-assisted deployment

use of a balloon to facilitate the complete deployment (or expansion) of a self-expanding stent

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/34d80d91-5565-4436-

3.2

b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009

# balloon winging

cross-sectional shape of the balloon when deflated which can cause problems during withdrawal

NOTE Examples include stent migration, damage to host vessel or balloon, and inability to remove the balloon.

3.3

# delivery system

system or mechanism used to deliver the stent to the targeted position and to deploy the stent

NOTE The delivery system is removed after stent placement. Examples of delivery systems include balloon catheters or mechanically activated systems.

# 3.4

# determine

to quantitatively appraise or analyse

NOTE Also see evaluate (3.8).

# 3.5

# dogboning

dumbbell-shaped balloon observed during stent deployment when the unconstrained ends of the balloon expand beyond the dilated stent outer diameter

## 3.6

# coating

organic or inorganic material, other than living cells, intentionally applied by a manufacturer to a substrate

NOTE This coating can be intended to be permanent or temporary, and can be applied to the external and/or internal surface.

# 3.7

# drug content

amount of drug present on the surface(s) of a coating, as part of a coating or within the stent

## 3.8

#### evaluate

to qualitatively appraise or analyse

NOTE Also see determine (3.4).

# 3.9

### lumen reduction

reduction of diameter or cross sectional area as observed by imaging

#### 3 10

## reportable clinical events

complications, failures or device-related observations, including all adverse events and adverse device effects, that might be observed with clinical use of the stent system

NOTE Examples are listed in Annex C. These events might not have clinical significance and might not be attributable to the device.

(standards.iteh.ai)

## 3.11

# stent configuration

SIST EN ISO 25539-2:2009

stent shape (e.g. cylindrical/tapered flared colled segmented bifurcated) 4436-

b954-ebed17a25520/sist-en-iso-25539-2-2009

### 3.12

# stent outer surface area

contact area between the stent and the vessel

### 3.13

# stent-free surface area

percentage of surface area of cylinder formed by the implant frame, which is not covered by implant material

# 3.14

# stent system

vascular stent and its delivery system or a vascular stent mounted on the delivery balloon as specified in the instructions for use (IFU)

## 3.15

# vascular stent

### stent

# implant

transluminally placed balloon-expandable or self-expanding implant, which is used to treat vascular lesions by providing a mechanical support after deployment to maintain or restore vessel integrity

NOTE 1 Stents can or cannot incorporate surface modifications of the stent such as drug and/or other coatings.

NOTE 2 The following stent types are within the Scope of this part of ISO 25539.

# 3.15.1

### articulated stent

stent constructed of segments with distinct connections