INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 3523

Second edition 2002-08-15

Oil of cananga [Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook. f. et Thomson, forma macrophylla]

Huile essentielle de cananga [Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook. f. et Thomson, forma macrophylla]

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 3523 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 54, Essential oils.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 3523.1976) which has been technically revised.

Annexes A and B of this International Standard are for information only.

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Oil of cananga [Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook. f. et Thomson, forma macrophylla]

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies certain characteristics of the oil of cananga [Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook. f. et Thomson, forma macrophylla] in order to facilitate assessment of its quality.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, R parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, 523.2 the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO/TR 210, Essential oils — General rules for packaging, conditioning and storage

ISO/TR 211, Essential oils — General rules for labelling and marking of containers

ISO 212, Essential oils — Sampling

ISO 279, Essential oils — Determination of relative density at 20 °C — Reference method

ISO 280, Essential oils — Determination of refractive index

ISO 592, Essential oils — Determination of optical rotation

ISO 709, Essential oils — Determination of ester value

ISO 875, Essential oils — Determination of miscibility in ethanol

ISO 1242, Essential oils — Determination of acid value

ISO 11024-1, Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 1: Preparation of chromatographic profiles for presentation in standards

ISO 11024-2, Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 2: Utilization of chromatographic profiles of samples of essential oils

3 Term and definition

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following term and definition applies.

3.1PREVIEW oil of cananga

essential oil obtained by steam distillation of the flowers of *Cananga odorata* (Lam.) Hook. f. et Thomson, forma *macrophylla*, of the Annonaceae family

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/iso-3 NOTE 02 For information on the CAS number, see ISO/TR 21092.

4 Requirements

4.1 Appearance

Mobile liquid.

4.2 Colour

Light yellow to dark yellow.

4.3 Odour

Floral, woody and balsamic.

4.4 Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

Minimum: 0,906

Maximum: 0,923

Refractive index at 20 °C 4.5

Minimum: 1,495 0

Maximum: 1,505 0

Optical rotation at 20 °C

Between -30° and -15°.

4.7 Miscibility in ethanol, 95 % (volume fraction), at 20 °C

It shall not be necessary to use more than 1 volume of ethanol, 95 % (volume fraction), to obtain a clear solution with 1 volume of the essential oil.

Acid value 4.8

Maximum: 2

4.9 Ester value

Minimum: 13 Maximum: 35

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See ISO 212.

4.10 Chromatographic profile

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standardMinimum5voIumelofItest sample: 25 ml. Analysis of the essential oil shall be carried out by gas 3684/iso-3523-2002 chromatography. In the chromatogram obtained, the representative and characteristic components shown in Table 1 shall be identified. The proportions of these components, indicated by the integrator, shall be as shown in Table 1. This constitutes the chromatographic profile of the essential oil.

4.11 Flashpoint

Information on the flashpoint is given in annex B.

Table 1 — Chromatographic profile

Component	Minimum	Maximum
	%	%
p-Cresyl methyl ether	0,5	2,0
Linalol	1,0	3,0
β-Caryophyllene	30,0	40,0
α-Humulene	7	11
Geranyl acetate	1,0	3,0
Geraniol	0,5	1,5
α-Cadinol	1,0	2,5
(E,E)-Farnesol	1,0	2,0
Benzyl benzoate	3,0	5,0
Benzyl salicylate	0,2	1,0
(<i>E,E</i>)-α-Farnesene	3,0	7,0
Germacrene D	5,0	9,0
δ-Cadinene	4,0	7,0

The chromatographic profile is normative, contrary to typical chromatograms given for information in annex A.

NOTE This volume allows each of the tests specified in this International Standard to be carried out at least once.

Test methods

Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

See ISO 279.

6.2 Refractive index at 20 °C

See ISO 280.

6.3 Optical rotation at 20 °C

See ISO 592.

6.4 Miscibility in ethanol, 95 % (volume fraction), at 20 °C

See ISO 875.

6.5 Acid value

See ISO 1242.

6.6 Ester value

See ISO 709.

Test portion: 2 g.

Saponification time: 2 h.

6.7 Chromatographic profile

See ISO 11024-1 and ISO 11024-2.

7 Packaging, labelling, marking and storage

See ISO/TR 210 and ISO/TR 211.

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Annex A (informative)

(IIIIOIIIIative)

Typical chromatograms of the analysis by gas chromatography of the essential oil of cananga [Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook. f. et Thomson, forma macrophylla]

See Figures A.1 and A.2.

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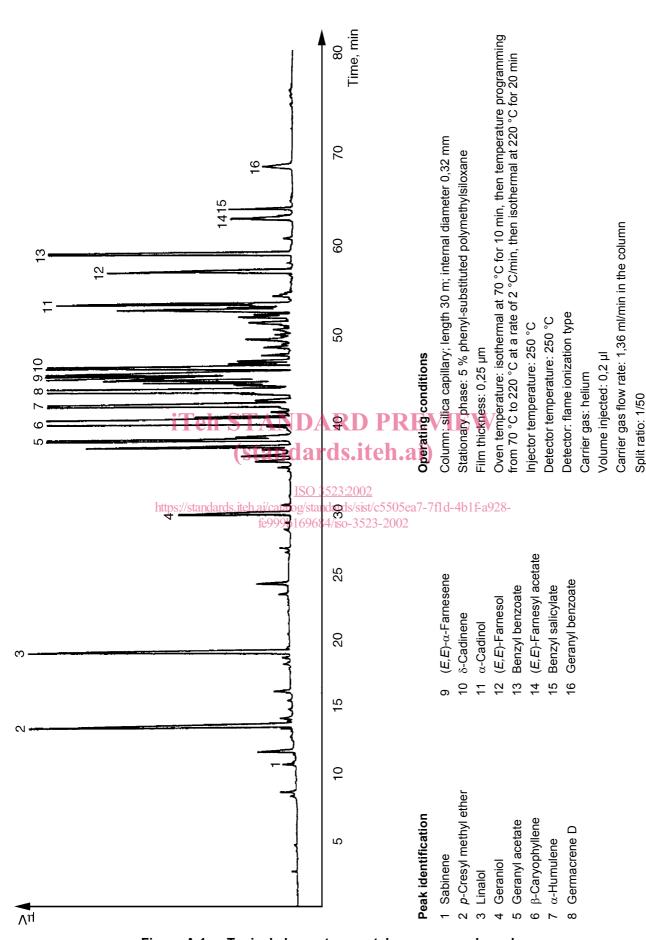


Figure A.1 — Typical chromatogram taken on an apolar column