# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO** 856

Second edition 2006-04-15

### Oil of peppermint (Mentha × piperita L.)

Huile essentielle de menthe poivrée (Mentha × piperita L.)

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Published in Switzerland

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### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 856 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 54, Essential oils.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 856:1981), which has been technically revised.

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### Oil of peppermint (Mentha × piperita L.)

### Scope

International Standard specifies certain characteristics the peppermint of oil of (Mentha × piperita L.), with a view to facilitate assessment of its quality.

NOTE As it is difficult to differentiate the specification of peppermint oils (Mentha × piperita L.) from different origins, they have been regrouped in this International Standard. The following origins have been taken into consideration: USA, United Kingdom, France, Italy, India and China.

#### 2 Normative references

The documents indispensable for the application of this documents.iteh.ai) For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) 2006 4 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/80d15ac0-a0fd-4c9b-b6c8applies.

ISO/TR 210, Essential oils — General rules for packaging, conditioning and storage

ISO/TR 211, Essential oils — General rules for labelling and marking of containers

ISO 212, Essential oils — Sampling

ISO 279, Essential oils — Determination of relative density at 20 °C — Reference method

ISO 280, Essential oils — Determination of refractive index

ISO 592, Essential oils — Determination of optical rotation

ISO 875, Essential oils — Evaluation of miscibility in ethanol

ISO 1242, Essential oils — Determination of acid value

ISO 11024-1, Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 1: Preparation of chromatographic profiles for presentation in standards

ISO 11024-2, Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 2: Utilization of chromatographic profiles of samples of essential oils

#### Terms and definitions 3

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

### oil of peppermint

essential oil obtained by steam distillation of the aerial parts of the plant Mentha × piperita L., of the Lamiaceae family

NOTE For information on the CAS number, see ISO/TR 21092.

### Requirements

### 27f29d11393c/iso-8564.2106 Appearance

Clear, mobile liquid.

### 4.2 Colour

Almost colourless to pale greenish yellow.

### 4.3 Odour

Characteristic of mint, sweet and menthol-like, with some variations depending on the origin.

### 4.4 Relative density at 20 °C, $d_{20}^{20}$

	Origins other than US	US type
Min.	0,898	0,899
Max.	0,918	0,911

#### 4.5 Refractive index at 20 °C

Minimum: 1,459 0

Maximum: 1,465 0

### 4.6 Optical rotation at 20 °C

Origins other than US	US type
−30° to −14°	−32° to −18°

## 4.7 Miscibility in ethanol, 70 % (volume fraction), at 20 °C

For origins other than US, it shall not be necessary to use more than 5 volumes of ethanol, 70 % (volume fraction), to obtain a clear solution with 1 volume of essential oil.

For the US type, it shall not be necessary to use more than 3 volumes of ethanol, 70 % (volume fraction), to obtain a clear solution with 1 volume of essential oil.

### 4.9 Chromatographic profile

Analysis of the essential oil shall be carried out by gas chromatography. In the chromatogram obtained, the representative and characteristics components shown in Table 1 shall be identified. The proportions of these components, indicated by the integrator, shall be as shown in Table 1. This constitutes the chromatographic profile of the essential oil.

### 4.10 Flashpoint

Information on the flashpoint is given in Annex B.

### 4.8 Acid value

Maximum: 2

### Table 1 — Chromatographic profile V

	Origins o	Origins other than US		US type	
Components	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	
3-Octanol	https://standards.0e1 ai/catal	0.5tandard 9.5t/80d15a	c0-a0fd-409h-b6c8-	0,4	
1,8-Cineole	3,0 27f29	d 1393c/iso <sup>8</sup> 856-2006	4,0	6,0	
Limonene a	1,0	3,0	1,0	2,5	
trans-Sabinene hydrate	0,5	2,0	0,5	2,3	
Menthone	13,0	28,0	15,0	25,0	
Isomenthone	2,0	8,0	2,0	4,5	
Menthofuran	1,0	8,0	1,5	6,0	
Neomenthol	2,0	6,0	2,5	4,5	
Menthol	32,0	49,0	36,0	46,0	
Pulegone	0,5	3	0,5	2,5	
Menthyl acetate b	2,0	8,0	3,0	6,5	
β-Caryophyllene	1,0	3,5	1,0	2,5	

NOTE The chromatographic profile is normative, contrary to typical chromatograms given for information in Annex A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The limonene is regarded to be predominantly L-limonene based on the physical tests. It is believed that there might be a small amount of D-limonene present but the exact quantity is unknown.

The menthyl acetate is regarded to be predominantly L-menthyl acetate based on the physical tests. It is believed that there might be a small amount of D-menthyl acetate present but the exact quantity is unknown.

### 5 Sampling

See ISO 212.

Minimum volume of final sample: 25 ml.

NOTE This volume allows each of the tests specified in this International Standard to be carried out at least once.

### 6 Test methods

### 6.1 Relative density at 20 °C, $d_{20}^{20}$

See ISO 279.

### 6.2 Refractive index at 20 °C

See ISO 280.

### 6.3 Optical rotation at 20 °C

See ISO 592.

## 6.4 Miscibility in ethanol, 70 % (volume fraction), at 20 °C

See ISO 875.

### 6.5 Acid value

See ISO 1242.

### 6.6 Chromatographic profile

See ISO 11024-1 and ISO 11024-2.

## 7 Packaging, labelling, marking and storage

See ISO/TR 210 and ISO/TR 211.

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### Annex A

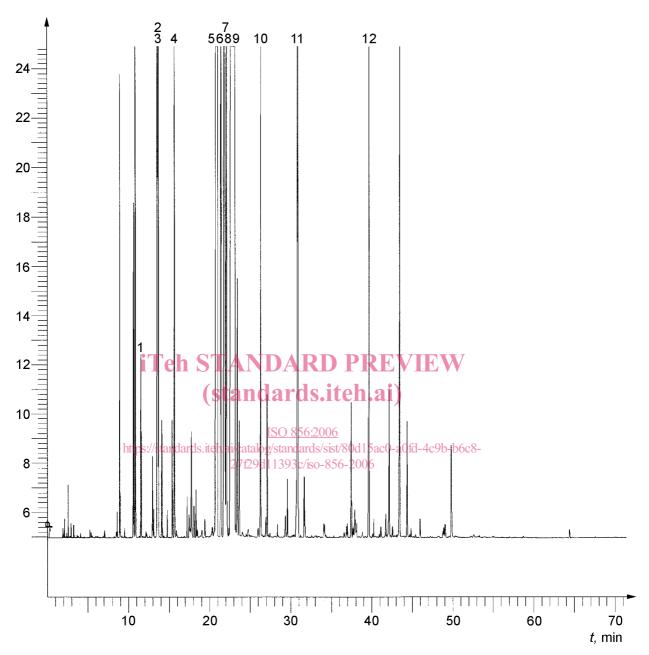
(informative)

Typical chromatograms of the analysis by gas chromatography of the oil of peppermint (*Mentha* × *piperita* L.)

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### A.1 Typical chromatograms of the analysis of the oil of peppermint, France (Provence)



Peak identification		Operating conditions
1	3-Octanol + myrcene	Column: silica capillary; length 50 m; internal diameter 0,2 mm
2	1,8-Cineole	Stationary phase: poly(dimethyl siloxane)
3	Limonene	Film thickness: 0,25 µm
4	trans-Sabinene hydrate	Oven temperature: temperature programming from 65 °C to 230 °C at a rate of 2 °C/min
5	Menthone	Injector temperature: 230 °C
6	Isomenthone	Detector temperature: 250 °C
7	Menthofuran	Detector: flame ionization type
8	Neomenthol	Carrier gas: hydrogen
9	Menthol	Volume injected: 0,2 µl
10	Pulegone	Carrier gas flow rate: 1,1 ml/min
11	Menthyl acetate	Split ratio: 1/100
12	β-Caryophyllene	

Figure A.1 — Typical chromatogram taken on an apolar column