

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 14351-2:2009

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Windows and doors - Product standard, performance characteristics - Part 2: Internal pedestrian doorsets without resistance to fire and/or smoke leakage characteristics

Fenster und Türen - Produktnorm, Leistungseigenschaften - Teil 2. Innentüren ohne Feuerschutz- und/oder Rauchdichtheiteigenschaften

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Portes et fenêtres - Norme produit, caractéristiques de performances - Partie 2 : Blocs portes intérieurs pour piétons sans caractéristiques de résistance au feu et/ou dégagement de fumée

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 14351-2

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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ICS

English Version

Windows and doors - Product standard, performance characteristics - Part 2: Internal pedestrian doorsets without resistance to fire and/or smoke leakage characteristics

Portes et fenêtres - Norme produit, caractéristiques de performances - Partie 2 : Blocs portes intérieurs pour piétons sans caractéristiques de résistance au feu et/ou dégagement de fumée Fenster und Türen - Produktnorm, Leistungseigenschaften - Teil 2: Innentüren ohne Feuerschutz- und/oder Rauchdichtheiteigenschaften

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 33.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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Foreword

This document (prEN 14351-2:2009) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 33 "Doors, windows, shutters, building hardware and curtain walling", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

This European Standard is one of a series of standards for windows and pedestrian doorsets (see Figure 1).

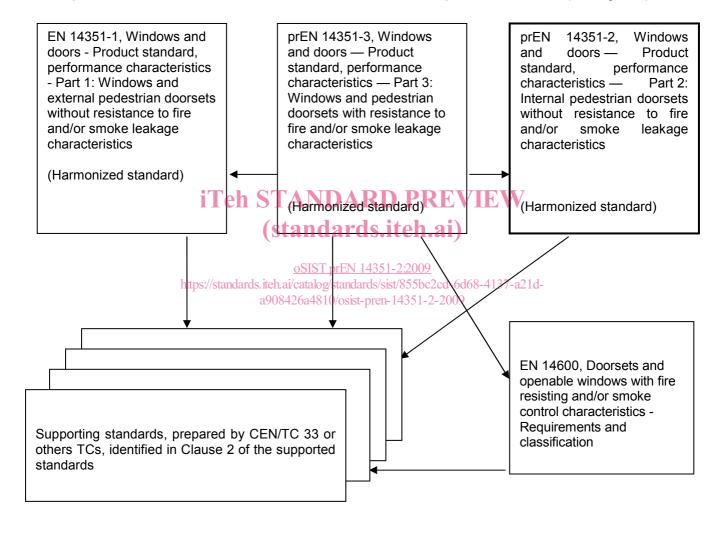


Figure 1 — Relationship between various standards

1 Scope

This European Standard identifies material independent performance characteristics that are applicable to internal pedestrian doorsets.

This document applies to:

- Manually internal pedestrian doorsets and screens with flush or panelled leaves, complete with:
 - related hardware,
 - integral fanlights, if any,
 - adjacent parts that are contained within a single frame for inclusion in a single aperture, if any.

The products covered by this document are not assessed for structural applications.

This document does not apply to:

- Internal pedestrian doorsets subject to regulations on smoke leakage and resistance to fire according to prEN 14351-3 but individual characteristics and performance requirements given in clause 4 can be relevant for these internal doors (see prEN 14351-3);
- industrial, commercial and garage doors and gates according to EN 13241-1 and prEN 13241-2;
- external pedestrian doorsets according to EN 14351-1;
- revolving internal pedestrian doorsets,
- door leaves placed on the market separately. 14351-2:2009 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/855bc2cd-6d68-4137-a21d-a908426a4810/osist-pren-14351-2-2009

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

2.1 Classification standards

EN 1192, Doors — Classification of strength requirements

EN 1522, Windows, doors, shutters and blinds — Bullet resistance — Requirements and classification

prEN 1627, Pedestrian doorsets, windows, curtain walling, grilles and shutters — Burglar resistance — Requirements and classification

EN 12207:1999, Windows and doors — Air permeability — Classification

EN 12217, Doors – Operating forces — Requirements and classification

EN 12219, Doors — Climatic influences — Requirements and classification

EN 12400, Windows and pedestrian doors — Mechanical durability — Requirements and classification

EN 13049, Windows — Soft and heavy body impact —Test method, safety requirements and classification

EN 13123-1, Windows, doors and shutters — Explosion resistance — Requirements and classification — Part 1: Shock tube

EN 13123-2, Windows, doors and shutters — Explosion resistance — Test method — Part 2: Range test

2.2 Test and calculation standards

EN 179, Building hardware — Emergency exit devices operated by a lever handle or push pad — Requirements and test method.

EN 947, Hinged or pivoted doors — Determination of the resistance to vertical load

EN 948, Hinged or pivoted doors — Determination of the resistance to static torsion

EN 949, Windows and curtain walling, doors, blinds and shutters — Determination of the resistance to soft and heavy body impact for doors

EN 950, Door leaves — Determination of the resistance to hard body impact

EN 1026, Windows and doors — Air permeability — Test method

EN 1121, Doors — Behaviour between two different climates — Test method

EN 1125, Building hardware — Panic exit devices operated by a horizontal bar for use in escape routes — Requirements and test methods Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

EN 1191, Windows and doors — Resistance to repeated opening and closing — Test method

EN 1523, Windows, doors, shutters and blinds — Bullet resistance — Test method

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prEN 1628, Pedestrian doorsets/swindows: curtain walling; grilles and shutters 4+37 Burglar resistance — Test method for the determination of resistance under static loading: 14351-2-2009

prEN 1629, Pedestrian doorsets, windows, curtain walling, grilles and shutters — Burglar resistance — Test method for the determination of resistance under dynamic loading

prEN 1630, Pedestrian doorsets, windows, curtain walling, grilles and shutters — Burglar resistance — Test method for the determination of resistance to manual burglary attempts

EN 1935, Building hardware — Single-axis hinges — Requirements and test methods

EN 12046-2, Operating forces — Test method — Part 2: Doors

EN 13124-1, Windows, doors and shutters — Explosion resistance — Test method — Part 1: Shock tube

EN 13124-2, Windows, doors and shutters — Explosion resistance — Test method — Part 2: Range test

EN 13141-1:2004, Ventilation for buildings — Performance testing of components/products for residential ventilation — Part 1: Externally and internally mounted air transfer devices

prEN 13633, Building hardware — Electrically controlled panic exit systems, for use on escape routes — Requirements and test methods

prEN 13637, Building hardware — Electrically controlled emergency exit systems, for use on escape routes — Requirements and test methods

EN ISO 140-3, Acoustics — Measurement of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements — Part 3: Laboratory measurements of airborne sound insulation of building elements (ISO 140-3:1995)

EN ISO 717-1, Acoustics — Rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements — Part 1: Airborne sound insulation (ISO 717-1:1996)

EN ISO 10077-1:2000, Thermal performance of windows, doors and shutters — Calculation of thermal transmittance — Part 1: Simplified method (ISO 10077-1:2000)

EN ISO 10077-2:2003, Thermal performance of windows, doors and shutters — Calculation of thermal transmittance — Part 2: Numerical method for frames (ISO 10077-2:2003)

EN ISO 12567-1, Thermal resistance of windows and doors — Determination of thermal transmittance by hot box method — Part 1: Complete windows and doors (ISO 12567-1:2000)

2.3 Other standards

EN 12150-2, Glass in building — Thermally toughened soda lime silicate safety glass — Part 2: Evaluation of conformity/product standard

EN 12519:2004, Windows and doors — Terminology

EN 1863, Glass in building — Heat strengthened soda line silicate glass — Part 2: Evaluation of conformity/product standard

EN 14179-2, Glass in building — Heat soaked thermally toughened soda lime silicate safety glass — Part 2: Evaluation of conformity/product standard

EN 14321-2, Glass in building—Thermally toughered alkaline earth silicate safety glass — Part 2: Evaluation of conformity/product standard

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EN 14351-1, Windows and doors — Product standard, performance characteristics — Part 1: Windows and external pedestrian doorsets without resistance to fire and/or smoke leakage characteristics

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EN 14449, Glass in building 49084 aminated ist glass 4 and 2 laminated safety glass — Evaluation of conformity/Product standard

EN ISO 12543-2, Glass in building — Laminated glass and laminated safety glass — Part 2: Laminated safety glass (ISO/DIS 12543-2:2008)

ISO 1000:1992, SI units and recommendations for the use of their multiples and of certain other units

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, units and symbols given in ISO 1000:1992 apply and terms and definitions given in EN 14351-1, prEN 14351-3 and EN 12519 apply together with the following.

3.1

internal pedestrian doorset

doorset which is not designed to separate the internal climate from the external climate of a construction and for which the main intended use is the passage of pedestrians. Pedestrian door assemblies designed for internal communication including entry into dwellings and fulfilling the provisions of this document under the responsibility of one identified manufacturer are considered to be internal pedestrian doorsets

3.2 overall area frame width x frame height [EN 12519:2004, 3.4]

3.3

screen

assembly of two or more internal pedestrian doorsets in one plane with or without separate frames

3.4

similar design

modification by the replacement of components (e.g. glazing, hardware, weather stripping), and/or a change of material specification and/or dimensional change of profile section and/or methods and means of assembly which will not change the classification and/or declared value of a performance characteristic

NOTE Certain modifications can cause more favourable values for one or more characteristics, but also more unfavourable values for other characteristics (see Annex A).

3 5

unframed glass doorset

doorset where the leaf (leaves) is (are) made of glass (single or insulating glass unit) and without any load bearing or load transferring framework

3.6

adjacent part

any part of a doorset, other than the door leaf (leaves), including outer frame, side panels, and over panels.

4 Performance characteristics and special requirements

4.1 General

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The performance characteristics for internal pedestrian doorsets shall be determined and expressed in accordance with 4.2 to 4.18.

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- NOTE 1 Not all these characteristics are applicable to tevery product or every product or e
- NOTE 2 The order in which the performance characteristics are identified does not imply an order of priority or a test sequence.
- NOTE 3 Special requirements for certain products, see 4.18.

4.2 Dangerous substances

Insofar as the state of the art permits, the manufacturer shall establish those materials in the product which are liable to emission or migration during normal intended use and for which emission or migration into the environment is potentially dangerous to hygiene, health or the environment. The manufacturer shall establish and make the appropriate declaration of content according to the legal requirements in the intended state of destination.

- NOTE 1 A list is available on the European Commission's web site (see Note 2 in ZA.1 of each of the harmonized product EN)
- NOTE 2 For requirements on wood based panels see EN 13986.

4.3 Impact resistance

Internal pedestrian doorsets fitted with glass or other fragmental material shall be tested and the results shall be expressed in accordance with EN 13049. Where relevant, the test shall be carried out from both sides.

In cases where safe breaking of glass is required, safety glass according to EN 12150-2, EN 14449 or EN 14179-2 shall be used.

4.4 Height and width of doorsets

The clear opening height and width of internal pedestrian doorsets shall be expressed in mm.

The manufacturer shall also declare his tolerances (± in mm) for the height and width.

Where the threshold and the head/transom are not parallel, the maximum and minimum height shall be stated.

For double leaf doorsets, the clear opening width shall be expressed using the clear opening width of the primary leaf width and the total clear opening width.

NOTE 1 The clear opening height and width can be calculated taking into account the clear opening of the frame and the projecting hardware and angle of opening.

NOTE 2 The effective clear opening in use can be influenced by the installation of the product.

4.5 Ability to release

Single axis hinges, emergency exit devices and panic devices (mechanical or electrically controlled) installed on internal pedestrian doorsets in escape routes shall comply with EN 1935, EN 179, EN 1125, prEN 13633 or prEN 13637.

Doorsets intended for escape routes shall be identified as such with the appropriate class according to Table 1 and shall be functional with all the devices installed.

4.6 Acoustic performance

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The sound insulation shall be determined in accordance with EN 150 140-3 (reference method) or specific door types in accordance with Annex B, Table B.2. pren-14351-2-2009

The test results shall be evaluated in accordance with EN ISO 717-1.

4.7 Thermal transmittance

The thermal transmittances for internal pedestrian doorsets shall be determined for the relevant situation by using:

— Table B.3 (Annex B)

or by calculation using:

- EN ISO 10077-1 or by hot box method using :
- EN ISO 12567-1

as appropriate.

EN ISO 12567-1 shall be used as reference method.

The collective symbol for thermal transmittance is $U_{\rm D}$ for doorsets, i.e. the symbol $U_{\rm st}$ used in EN ISO 12567-1 shall be equivalent to $U_{\rm D}$.

4.8 Air permeability

Two air permeability tests shall be carried out in accordance with EN 1026, one with positive test pressures and one with negative test pressures.

The tests for air permeability of screens shall be carried out on the screen or on its individual parts including joints between the individual parts. In the latter case the air permeability of the screen shall be calculated as the sum of the air permeability of the individual parts and the joints.

The test result is defined as 2 values for air permeability, one with positive pressure and one with negative expressed in accordance with EN 12207:1999, 4.6.

4.9 Durability

4.9.1 General

The manufacturer shall declare the material(s) from which the product is manufactured including any applied coating and/or protection. This shall apply to all components that have an effect on the durability of the product in intended use except those components that comply with individual product standards (hardware, weather stripping). Where possible this shall be done by reference to European Standards.

By means of adequate choice of materials (including coatings, preservations and composition), components and assembly methods, the manufacturer shall ensure the durability of his product(s) for an economically reasonable working life taking into account his published maintenance recommendations.

NOTE The durability of internal pedestrian doorsets depends on the long-term performance of the individual components and materials as well as the assembly of the product and its maintenance. Specifications and classifications for individual materials and/or components are to be found in their respective material and component standards.

4.9.2 Durability of certain characteristics oSIST prEN 14351-2:2009

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The durability of certain characteristics shall be ensured as follows: 51-2-2009

Ability to release only for closed doorsets in escape routes: The durability of this characteristic shall be ensured by compliance with 4.5.

4.10 Operating forces

Manually operated internal pedestrian doorsets shall be tested in accordance with EN 12046-2. The results shall be expressed in accordance with EN 12217.

NOTE Doorsets with self closing devices or emergency exist devices are excluded from the scope of EN 12046-2.

4.11 Mechanical strength

Internal pedestrian doorsets shall be tested in accordance with EN 947, EN 948, EN 949 and EN 950.

The results shall be expressed in accordance with EN 1192.

4.12 Ventilation

Air transfer devices integrated in an internal pedestrian doorset shall be tested and evaluated in accordance with EN 13141-1, 5.1. For the purpose of testing, joints and openings not subject to testing shall be taped over.

The results shall include:

- The air flow characteristics (K) and flow exponent (n);
- The air flow rate at (4, 8, 10 and 20) Pa pressure difference,

NOTE 1 Additional pressure differences may be stated.

The volume air flow rate q_v shall be determined as follows:

$$q_{V} = K \left(\Delta p \right)^{n}$$

where

K is the air flow characteristic of the device;

n is the flow exponent;

 Δp is the pressure difference.

NOTE 2 Individual devices, designated to be installed in an internal pedestrian doorset at a later date, are not covered by this document.

4.13 Bullet resistance

After testing in accordance with EN 1523 the bullet resistant characteristics of internal pedestrian doorsets shall be expressed in accordance with EN 1522. A R D PREVIEW

4.14 Explosion resistance (standards.iteh.ai)

4.14.1 Shock tube

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After testing in accordance with ENM3124-10/the explosion resistance characteristics of internal pedestrian doorsets shall be expressed in accordance with EN 13123-1.

4.14.2 Range tube

After testing in accordance with EN 13124-2 the explosion resistance characteristics of internal pedestrian doorsets shall be expressed in accordance with EN 13123-2.

4.15 Resistance to repeated opening and closing

A repeated opening and closing test shall be carried out in accordance with EN 1191. The results shall be expressed in accordance with EN 12400.

4.16 Behaviour between two different climates

A climate test on internal pedestrian doorsets shall be carried out in accordance with EN 1121, the results shall be expressed in accordance with EN 12219. The mean value of the results according to EN 1121 shall be used as the basis for the classification according to EN 12219, provided that no one value shall be in excess of 25% of the classification limit. Otherwise the worst test result according to EN 1121 shall be used as the basis for classification.

4.17 Burglar resistance

After testing in accordance with prEN 1628, prEN 1629 and prEN 1630 the results shall be expressed in accordance with prEN 1627.