

SLOVENSKI STANDARD

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Nadomešča:

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Varjene jeklene cevi za tlačne posode - Tehnični dobavni pogoji - 6. del: Obločno pod praškom varjene nelegirane jeklene cevi s specificiranimi lastnostmi za delo pri nizkih temperaturah

Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes - Technical delivery conditions - Part 6:
Submerged arc welded non-alloy steel tubes with specified low temperature properties

Geschweißte Stahlrohre für Druckbeanspruchungen - Technische Lieferbedingungen -
Teil 6: Unterpulvergeschweißte Rohre aus unlegierten Stählen mit festgelegten
Eigenschaften bei tiefen Temperaturen

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Tubes soudés en acier pour service sous pression - Conditions techniques de livraison -
Partie 6 : Tubes soudés à l'arc immergé en acier non allié avec caractéristiques
spécifiées à basse température

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 10217-6:2019

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
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English Version

Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes - Technical delivery conditions - Part 6: Submerged arc welded non-alloy steel tubes with specified low temperature properties

Tubes soudés en acier pour service sous pression - Conditions techniques de livraison - Partie 6: Tubes soudés à l'arc sous flux en aciers non alliés avec caractéristiques spécifiées à basse température

Geschweißte Stahlrohre für Druckbeanspruchungen - Technische Lieferbedingungen - Teil 6: Unterpulvergeschweißte Rohre aus unlegierten Stählen mit festgelegten Eigenschaften bei tiefen Temperaturen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 25 February 2019.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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EN 10217-6:2019 (E)**European foreword**

This document (EN 10217-6:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 459 “ECISS - European Committee for Iron and Steel Standardization”¹, the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 10217-6:2002.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 2014/68/EU.

For relationship with EU Directive 2014/68/EU (formerly 97/23/EC), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

This European Standard consists of the following parts, under the general title *Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes – Technical delivery conditions*:

Part 1: *Electric welded and submerged arc welded non-alloy steel tubes with specified room temperature properties*

Part 2: *Electric welded non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified elevated temperature properties*

Part 3: *Electric welded and submerged arc welded alloy fine grain steel tubes with specified room, elevated and low temperature properties*

Part 4: *Electric welded non-alloy steel tubes with specified low temperature properties*

Part 5: *Submerged arc welded non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified elevated temperature properties*

Part 6: *Submerged arc welded non-alloy steel tubes with specified low temperature properties*

Part 7: *Stainless steel tubes*

Another European Standard series covering tubes for pressure purposes is:

EN 10216, *Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes*.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

¹ Through its subcommittee SC 10 “Steel tubes, and iron and steel fittings” (secretariat: UNI)

1 Scope

This document specifies the technical delivery conditions for two test categories of submerged arc longitudinally (SAWL) or helically (SAWH) welded tubes of circular cross section, with specified low temperature properties, made from non-alloy quality steel.

NOTE 1 These tube grades are intended to support the essential requirements of EU Directive 2014/68/EU in respect of pressure equipment with specified low temperature properties (see Table 5), covered under all relevant Categories as set out in Article 13 of that Directive.

NOTE 2 Once this standard is published in the Official Journal of the European Union (OJEU), presumption of conformity to the Essential Safety Requirements (ESR) of Directive 2014/68/EU is limited to the technical data for the materials in this standard and does not presume adequacy of the material for a specific item of pressure equipment. Consequently, the assessment of the technical data stated in this material standard against the design requirements of this specific item of equipment to verify that the ESRs of the Pressure Equipment Directive are satisfied, needs to be done by the designer or manufacturer of the pressure equipment, taking also into account the subsequent manufacturing processes which may affect properties of the base materials.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 10020, *Definition and classification of grades of steel*

EN 10021:2006, *General technical delivery conditions for steel products*

EN 10027-1, *Designation systems for steels — Part 1: Steel names*

EN 10027-2, *Designation systems for steels — Part 2: Numerical system*

EN 10168:2004, *Steel products — Inspection documents — List of information and description*

EN 10204:2004, *Metallic products — Types of inspection documents*

EN 10220, *Seamless and welded steel tubes — Dimensions and masses per unit length*

CEN/TR 10261, *Iron and steel — European standards for the determination of chemical composition*

EN 10266, *Steel tubes, fittings and structural hollow sections — Symbols and definitions of terms for use in product standards*

EN ISO 148-1:2016, *Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test — Part 1: Test method (ISO 148-1:2016)*

EN ISO 377:2017, *Steel and steel products — Location and preparation of samples and test pieces for mechanical testing (ISO 377:2017)*

EN ISO 2566-1:1999, *Steel — Conversion of elongation values — Part 1: Carbon and low alloy steels (ISO 2566-1:1984)*

EN ISO 4885, *Ferrous materials — Heat treatments — Vocabulary (ISO 4885)*

EN ISO 5173:2010, *Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials — Bend tests (ISO 5173:2009)*

EN ISO 6892-1:2016, *Metallic materials — Tensile testing — Part 1: Method of test at room temperature (ISO 6892-1:2016)*

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EN ISO 10893-6:2011, *Non-destructive testing of steel tubes — Part 6: Radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections (ISO 10893-6:2011)*

EN ISO 10893-7:2011, *Non-destructive testing of steel tubes — Part 7: Digital radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections (ISO 10893-7:2011)*

EN ISO 10893-8:2011, *Non-destructive testing of steel tubes — Part 8: Automated ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded steel tubes for the detection of laminar imperfections (ISO 10893-8:2011)*

EN ISO 10893-9:2011, *Non-destructive testing of steel tubes — Part 9: Automated ultrasonic testing for the detection of laminar imperfections in strip/plate used for the manufacture of welded steel tubes (ISO 10893-9:2011)*

EN ISO 10893-11:2011, *Non-destructive testing of steel tubes — Part 11: Automated ultrasonic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections (ISO 10893-11:2011)*

EN ISO 14174:2012, *Welding consumables — Fluxes for submerged arc welding and electroslag welding — Classification (ISO 14174:2012)*

EN ISO 14284, *Steel and iron — Sampling and preparation of samples for the determination of chemical composition (ISO 14284)*

EN ISO 17639:2013, *Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials — Macroscopic and microscopic examination of welds (ISO 17639:2013)*

ISO 11484:2009, *Steel products — Employer's qualification system for non-destructive testing (NDT) personnel*

3 Terms and definitions

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For the purpose of this document, the definitions given in EN 10020, EN 10021, EN 10266, EN ISO 4885 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1**test category**

classification that indicates the extent and level of inspection and testing

3.2**employer**

organisation for which a person works on a regular basis

Note 1 to entry: The employer may be either the tube manufacturer or a third party organization providing services, such as Non-Destructive Testing (NDT).

3.3**SAW****submerged-arc welded tube**

tubular product having one or two longitudinal seams, or one helical seam, produced using the submerged-arc welding process

3.4**SAWH****submerged-arc helical welded tube**

tubular product having one helical weld seam produced using the submerged-arc welding process

3.5**SAWL****submerged-arc longitudinal welded tube**

tubular product having one or two longitudinal weld seams produced using the submerged-arc welding process

4 Symbols

For the purposes of this document, the symbols given in EN 10266 apply.

5 Classification and designation**5.1 Classification**

In accordance with the classification system in EN 10020, the steel grades given in Tables 2 and 4 are classified as non-alloy quality steels.

5.2 Designation

5.2.1 For the tubes covered by this document the steel designation consists of:

— the number of this European Standard, e.g. EN 10217-6

plus either:

— the steel name in accordance with EN 10027-1,

or:

— the steel number allocated in accordance with EN 10027-2.

5.2.2 The steel name is designated by

- the capital letter P for pressure purposes;
- the indication of the specified minimum yield strength expressed in MPa, (see Table 4);
- the symbol of the delivery condition for the steel grade concerned (see Table 1);
- the symbol L for low temperature.

6 Information to be supplied by the purchaser**6.1 Mandatory information**

The following information shall be supplied by the purchaser at the time of enquiry and order:

- a) the quantity (mass, total length or number of tubes of set length);
- b) the term 'tube' and tube type, SAWL or SAWH;
- c) the dimensions (outside diameter D , wall thickness T) (see Table 6);

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- d) the random length range (see 8.7.3);
- e) for tubes with a $D/T > 100$, out of roundness limits (see 8.7.4.6);
- f) the designation of the steel grade in accordance with this document (see 5.2);
- g) the test category (see 9.3).

6.2 Options

A number of options are specified in document and these are listed below. In the event that the purchaser does not indicate his wish to implement any of these options at the time of enquiry and order, the tubes shall be supplied in accordance with the basic specification (see 6.1).

- 1) Tube manufacturing route (see 7.3.2);
- 2) Restriction on copper and tin content (see Table 2);
- 3) Product analysis (see 8.2.2);
- 4) Special end preparation (see 8.6);
- 5) Exact lengths (see 8.7.3);
- 6) Inspection document 3.2 in place of the standard 3.1 Inspection Certificate (see 9.2.1);
- 7) Verification of the tensile strength of the weld in the transverse direction for tubes with $D \leq 508$ mm (see Table 11).
- 8) Agreement of a different test pressure for hydrostatic leak-tightness test (see 11.6);
- 9) Wall thickness measurement away from the ends (see 11.7);
- 10) Non Destructive Testing method for the inspection of weld seam (see 11.9.1);
- 11) Additional marking (see 12.2);
- 12) Protection (see Clause 13).

6.3 Example of an order

500 m of SAWL tube with an outside diameter of 508 mm, a wall thickness of 4,5 mm in accordance with EN 10217-6, made of steel grade P265NL, test category 1, in 9 m random lengths, with a 3.2 inspection certificate in accordance with EN 10204:

500 m – SAWL - Tube - 508 × 4,5 - EN 10217-6 — P265NL - TC 1 - 9m - Option 6: 3.2

7 Manufacturing process**7.1 Steelmaking process**

The steelmaking process is at the discretion of the manufacturer with the exception that the open hearth (Siemens-Martin) process shall not be employed unless in combination with a secondary steelmaking or ladle refining process.

Steels shall be fully killed and contain nitrogen binding elements, details of which shall be reported.

NOTE This excludes the use of rimming, balanced or semi-killed steel.

7.2 Tube manufacture and delivery conditions

7.2.1 The tubes shall be manufactured by a SAW process and in accordance with one of the routes as specified in Table 1.

Unless Option 1 is specified the manufacturing route is at the discretion of the manufacturer.

Option 1: *The manufacturing route from Table 1 is specified by the purchaser.*

The submerged arc weld shall be made using at least one weld run on the inside and one weld run on the outside of the tube.

The strip used for the manufacture of the SAWH tubes shall have a width of not less than 0,8 times or more than 3,0 times the outside diameter of the tube.

The finished tubes shall not include the welds used to join together the strip or plate prior to forming, except for SAWH tubes to test category 1, where this is permitted only when the welding procedure for the weld joining the strip or plate has been qualified in accordance with Annex A and has also been subjected to the same inspection and testing regime as the helical pipe welds and base material to test category 2 (see 11.9.3).

7.2.2 Submerged arc welding shall be carried out by qualified personnel in accordance with documented procedures. For tubes to be used in pressure equipment under European legislation, manufacturers shall employ an established procedure for the approval of welding operatives.

7.2.3 The welding procedure for SAW tubes shall be qualified in accordance with Annex A.

7.2.4 The delivery condition of tubes covered by this document are shown in Table 1.

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Table 1 — Tube manufacturing process, route and delivery condition

Route N° (according to Part 1)	Manufacturing process		Manufacturing route		Acceptable delivery condition ^a
	Process	Symbols	Starting material	Forming operation	
4b	Submerged arc welded — longitudinal seam or -- helical seam	SAW - SAWL - SAWH	Hot rolled plate or strip	Cold formed and welded	NP
5a			Normalized rolled plate or strip		As welded ^c
6a			Full body normalized plate or strip		
7a			Hot rolled plate or strip	Normalized formed and welded ^b	As welded ^c
8a			Normalized rolled plate or strip		
9a			Full body normalized plate or strip		

^a As welded = no subsequent heat treatment; NP = tube full body normalized;
^b Only applicable to SAWL tubes;
^c Stress relieving treatment on the weld is permissible.

7.3 Non Destructive Testing Personnel Requirements

7.3.1 All NDT activities shall be carried out by qualified and competent level 1, 2 and/or 3 personnel, authorized to carry out this work by the employer.

7.3.2 The qualification for levels 1 and 2 personnel shall be in accordance with ISO 11484 or, at least, an equivalent to it.

7.3.3 It is recommended for the level 3 personnel to be suitably certified in accordance with EN ISO 9712 or, at least, an equivalent to it.

7.3.4 The operating authorization issued by the employer shall be in accordance with a written procedure.

7.3.5 All NDT operations shall be authorised by a level 3 NDT technician approved by the employer.

NOTE The definition of levels 1, 2 and 3 can be found in appropriate standards, e.g. EN ISO 9712 and ISO 11484.

8 Requirements

8.1 General

The tubes shall conform to the requirements of this document when supplied in a delivery condition in accordance with Table 1 and inspected in accordance with the specified requirements in Table 11.

Tubes shall be suitable for hot and cold bending.

In addition, the general technical delivery requirements specified in EN 10021 shall apply.

8.2 Chemical composition

8.2.1 Cast analysis

The cast analysis reported by the steel producer shall apply and conform to the requirements of Table 2.

When welding tubes produced in accordance with this document, account should be taken of the fact that the behaviour of the steel during and after welding is dependent not only on the steel analysis, but also on the welding process, including heat input, any applied heat treatment and the conditions of preparing for and carrying out the welding.

Table 2 — Chemical composition (cast analysis) ^a in % by mass

Steel grade		C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Mo	Ni	Al tot ^b	Cu ^c	Nb	Ti	V
Steel name	Steel number	max.	max.		max.	max.	max.	max.	max	min.	max.	max.	max.	max.
P215N L	1.0451	0,15	0,35	0,40 to 1,20	0,025	0,02 0	0,30	0,08	0,30	0,020	0,30	0,01 0	0,03	0,02
P265N L	1.0453	0,20	0,40	0,60 to 1,40	0,025	0,02 0	0,30	0,08	0,30	0,020	0,30	0,01 0	0,03	0,02

^a Elements not quoted in this table shall not be intentionally added to the steel without the agreement of the purchaser, except for elements which may be added for finishing the cast. All appropriate measures shall be taken to prevent the addition of undesirable elements from scrap or other materials used in the steel making process, which would have a negative impact on the mechanical properties, ageing and the suitability of the material.

^b For Al/N ratios ≥ 2 , if nitrogen is fixed by niobium, titanium or vanadium, details of which shall be reported, this requirement does not apply except that when using titanium, the steel producer shall verify that $(Al+Ti)/2 \geq 0,020$ %;

^c **Option 2:** In order to facilitate subsequent forming operation, an agreed maximum copper content lower than indicated and an agreed specified maximum tin content shall apply.

8.2.2 Product analysis

Unless Option 3 is specified, only the cast analysis shall be reported.

Option 3: A product analysis for the tubes shall be supplied.

Table 3 specifies the permissible deviations of the product analysis from the specified limits on cast analysis given in Table 2.