

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 14719:2012

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Kemijske analize ognjevzdržnih materialov, stekla in glazur - Določevanje Fe2+ in Fe3+ s spektrofotometrijsko metodo z 1,10-fenantrolinom (ISO 14719:2011)

Chemical analysis of refractory material glass and glazes - Determination of Fe2+ and Fe3+ by the spectral photometric method with 1,10-phenanthroline (ISO 14719:2011)

Chemische Analyse von feuerfestem Werkstoff, Glas und Glasuren -Spektralphotometrische Bestimmung von Eisen(III) und Eisen(III) mit 1,10-Phenanthrolin (ISO 14719:2011)

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Analyse chimique de matériaux réfractaires du verre et d'émaux - Dosage de Fe2+ et Fe3+ par la méthode spectrophotométrique en utilisant la 1,10-phénanthroline (ISO 14719:2011)

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Chemical analysis of refractory material glass and glazes - Determination of Fe2+ and Fe3+ by the spectral photometric method with 1,10-phenanthroline (ISO 14719:2011)

Analyse chimique de matériaux réfractaires, du verre et d'émaux - Dosage de Fe2+ et Fe3+ par la méthode spectrophotométrique en utilisant la 1,10-phénanthroline (ISO 14719:2011)

Chemische Analyse von feuerfestem Werkstoff, Glas und Glasuren - Spektralphotometrische Bestimmung von Eisen(II) und Eisen(III) mit 1,10-Phenanthrolin (ISO 14719:2011)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 30 November 2011.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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EN ISO 14719:2011 (E)

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EN ISO 14719:2011 (E)

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 14719:2011) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 33 "Refractories" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 187 "Refractory products and materials" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2012, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2012.

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The text of ISO 14719:2011 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 14719:2011 without any modification.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 14719

First edition 2011-12-01

Chemical analysis of refractory material glass and glazes — Determination of Fe²⁺ and Fe³⁺ by the spectral photometric method with 1,10-phenanthroline

Analyse chimique de matériaux réfractaires, du verre et d'émaux —
Dosage de Fe²⁺ et Fe³⁺ par la méthode spectrophotométrique en

Teh STutilisant la 1, 10-phénanthroline

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ISO 14719:2011(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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ISO 14719 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 33, Refractories.

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Chemical analysis of refractory material glass and glazes — Determination of Fe²⁺ and Fe³⁺ by the spectral photometric method with 1,10-phenanthroline

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a spectral photometric method with 1,10-phenanthroline for the quantitative determination of Fe^{2+} and Fe^{3+} in oxidic raw and basic materials for ceramics, glass and glazes, e.g. feldspar, kaolinites, clay, limestone, quartz refractory materials. This International Standard could be extended to other aluminosilicate materials, providing that uncertainty data is produced to support it. However, there might be problems in the decomposition of high-purity alumina and chrome ore samples.

The method is not suitable for reduced materials, such as silicon carbide, graphite-magnesia, etc.

2 Normative references STANDARD PREVIEW

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

SIST EN ISO 14719:2012

ISO 648, Laboratory glassware ds iSingle volume pipettes 21cc3dd3-3c48-4610-9b7e-44ae17f4cb2d/sist-en-iso-14719-2012

ISO 1042, Laboratory glassware — One-mark volumetric flasks

ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods

ISO 5022, Shaped refractory products — Sampling and acceptance testing

ISO 6286, Molecular absorption spectrometry — Vocabulary — General — Apparatus

ISO 8656-1, Refractory products — Sampling of raw materials and unshaped products — Part 1: Sampling scheme

ISO 10725, Acceptance sampling plans and procedures for the inspection of bulk materials

ISO 11648-2, Statistical aspects of sampling from bulk materials — Part 2: Sampling of particulate materials

ISO 12677, Chemical analysis of refractory products by X-ray fluorescence (XRF) — Fused cast-bead method

ISO 26845, Chemical analysis of refractories — General requirements for wet chemical analysis, atomic absorption spectrometry (AAS) and inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectrometry (ICP-AES) methods

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 26845 apply.