INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

IEC 60038

Edition 6.2 2002-07

Edition 6:1983 consolidated with amendments 1:1094 and 2:1997

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This **English-language** version is derived from the original **bilingual** publication by leaving out all French-language pages. Missing page numbers correspond to the French-language pages.



Publication numbering

As from 1 January 1997 all IEC publications are issued with a designation in the 60000 series. For example, IEC 34-1 is now referred to as IEC 60034-1.

Consolidated editions

The IEC is now publishing consolidated versions of its publications. For example, edition numbers 1.0, 1.1 and 1.2 refer, respectively, to the base publication, the base publication incorporating amendment 1 and the base publication incorporating amendments 1 and 2.

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

IEC STANDARD VOLTAGES

FOREWORD

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested National Committees.
- 3) The documents produced have the form of recommendations for international use and are published in the form of standards, technical specifications, technical reports of guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
- 4) In order to promote international unification, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC International Standards transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional standards. Any divergence between the IEC Standard and the corresponding national or regional standard shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
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International Standard IEC 60038 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 8: Standard Voltages, Current Ratings and Frequencies

This sixth edition supersedes the fifth edition of IEC 60038 (1975), and now includes standard voltages below 120 V a.c. and 750 V g.c.

This consolidated version of IEC 60038 consists of the sixth edition (1983) [documents 8(CO)1132 and 8(CO)1133], its amendment 1 (1994) [documents 8(CO)1137+1137A and 8(CO)1138] and its amendment 2 (1997) [documents 8/1165/FDIS and 8/1166/RVD].

The technical content is therefore identical to the base edition and its amendments and has been prepared for user convenience.

It bears the edition number 6.2.

A vertical line in the margin shows where the base publication has been modified by amendments 1 and 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendments 1 and 2 will remain unchanged until 2003. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IEC STANDARD VOLTAGES

Scope

This publication applies to:

- a.c. transmission, distribution and utilization systems and equipment for use in such systems with standard frequencies 50 Hz and 60 Hz having a nominal voltage above 100 V;
- a.c. and d.c. traction systems;
- a.c. and d.c. equipment having nominal voltages below 120 V a.c. or below 750 V d.c., the a.c. voltages being intended (but not exclusively) for 50 Hz and 60 Hz applications; such equipment covers batteries (from primary or secondary cells), other power supply devices (a.c. or d.c.), electrical equipment (including industrial and communication), and appliances.

This publication shall not apply to voltages representing or transmitting signals or measured values.

This publication shall not apply to standard voltages of components and parts used within electrical devices or items of equipment.

SECTION ONE - DEFINITIONS

For alternating voltages, the voltages stated below are r.m.s. values.

1 Nominal system voltage

Voltage by which a system is designated.

2 Highest and lowest voltages of a system (excluding transient or abnormal conditions)

2.1 Highest voltage of a system

The highest value of voltage which occurs under normal operating conditions at any time and at any point on the system.

It excludes voltage transients, such as those due to system switching, and temporary voltage variations.

2.2 Lowest voltage of a system

The lowest value of voltage which occurs under normal operating conditions at any time and at any point on the system.

It excludes voltage transients, such as those due to system switching, and temporary voltage variations.