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## Standard Terminology Relating to Search and Rescue<sup>1</sup>

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### 1. Scope

1.1 This terminology document is a compilation of definitions of terms, abbreviations, and acronyms used in the search and rescue field collected in order to provide consistency in communication when used in actual operations, training, and literature dealing with this field.

### 2. Terminology

**access**, *n*—the process of reaching the patients or subjects and establishing physical contact with them.

**belayer**, *n*—the one who performs the belay.

**brake bar rack**, *n*—a variable friction device consisting of a u-shaped metal bar to which are attached several metal bars that create friction on the rope. Also known as a rappel rack.

**chest harness**, *n*—a type of harness worn around the chest for upper body support.

**evacuation**, *n*—the process used to move the patient/subject between the completion of extraction and the beginning of transportation.

**extraction**, *n*—the process of removing the patient/subject from an immediately hazardous environment along with assessment, treatment, stabilization, and packaging.

**john boat (maritime)**, *n*—a skiff with a flat bottom.

**pike pole (maritime)**, *n*—a long, slender, hooked pole used by boaters to retrieve line, objects, and so forth from water. Also known as a *boat hook*.

**ring buoy (maritime)**, *n*—a Type 4 personal floatation device, usually made of a hard buoyant material with a line encircling it.

**third party certification**, *n*—a certification by an independent testing organization that a particular product meets a referenced standard.

<sup>1</sup> This terminology is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F32 on Search and Rescue and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F32.06 on Terminology. Current edition approved Jan. 1, 2004. Published April 2004. Originally approved in 1993. Last previous edition approved in 1996 as F 1490 – 96.

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