

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD kSIST FprEN 652:2010

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# Netekstilne talne obloge - Polivinilkloridne talne obloge s hrbtiščem na osnovi plute - Specifikacija

Resilient floor coverings - Polyvinyl chloride floor coverings with cork-based backing - Specification

Elastische Bodenbeläge - Polyvinylchlorid-Bodenbeläge mit einem Rücken auf Korkbasis - Spezifikation

Revêtements de sol résilients - Revêtements de sol à base de polychlorure de vinyle sur support à base de liège - Spécifications

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ICS:

97.150 Netekstilne talne obloge Non-textile floor coverings

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**kSIST FprEN 652:2010** 

# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

## FINAL DRAFT FprEN 652

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#### **English Version**

# Resilient floor coverings - Polyvinyl chloride floor coverings with cork-based backing - Specification

Revêtements de sol résilients - Revêtements de sol à base de polychlorure de vinyle sur support à base de liège -Spécifications Elastische Bodenbeläge - Polyvinylchlorid-Bodenbeläge mit einem Rücken auf Korkbasis - Spezifikation

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for unique acceptance procedure. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 134.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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### **Foreword**

This document (FprEN 652:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 134 "Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This document is currently submitted to the Unique Acceptance Procedure.

This document will supersede EN 652:1996.

#### 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the characteristics of floor coverings based on polyvinyl chloride and modifications thereof with a cork-based backing, supplied in either tile or roll form.

To encourage the consumer to make an informed choice, the standard includes a classification system (see EN 685) based on intensity of use, which shows where these floor coverings should give satisfactory service. It also specifies requirements for marking

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- EN 424, Resilient floor coverings Determination of the effect of the simulated movement of a furniture leg
- EN 425, Resilient and laminate floor coverings —Castor chair test
- EN 426, Resilient floor coverings Determination of width, length, straightness and flatness of sheet material
- EN 427, Resilient floor coverings Determination of the side length, squareness and straightness of tiles
- EN 428, Resilient floor coverings Determination of overall thickness
- EN 429, Resilient floor coverings Determination of the thickness of layers
- EN 430, Resilient floor coverings Determination of mass per unit area
- EN 431, Resilient floor coverings Determination of peel resistance
- EN 433, Resilient floor coverings Determination of residual indentation after static loading
- EN 434, Resilient floor coverings Determination of dimensional stability and curling after exposure to heat
- EN 436, Resilient floor coverings Determination of density
- EN 660-2, Resilient floor coverings Determination of wear resistance Part 2: Frick-Taber test
- EN 684, Resilient floor coverings Determination of seam strength
- EN 685, Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings Classification
- EN ISO 105-B02, Textiles Tests for colour fastness Part B02: Colour fastness to artificial light: Xenon arc fading lamp test (ISO 105-B02:1994, including amendment 1:1998)

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.1

#### polyvinyl chloride floor covering

floor covering with surface layers which are produced using polyvinyl chloride (and modifications thereof) as binder

#### 3.2

#### polyvinyl chloride floor covering with cork-based backing

floor covering with a homogeneous or heterogeneous polyvinyl chloride surface layer over a layer of corkment or of cork with a polyvinyl chloride binder

#### 4 Requirement

#### 4.1 General requirements

Floor coverings described in this standard shall conform to the appropriate general requirements specified in Table 1, when tested in accordance with the methods given therein.

#### 4.2 Classification requirements

#### 4.2.1 Wear groups classification

Floor coverings described in this standard shall be classified in the appropriate wear group i.e. group T, P, M or F specified in Table 2, when tested in accordance with EN 660-2.

Floor coverings with a transparent wear layer are a priori group T and need not be tested.

#### 4.2.2 Level of use classification

Floor coverings described in this standard shall be classified as suitable for different levels of intensity of use in accordance with the performance requirements

specified in Table 3, when tested with the methods given therein. Classification shall comply with the scheme specified in EN 685.

Table 1 — General requirements

Characteristic		Requirement	Test method
Roll form:			EN 426
length	m	Not less than the nominal values	
width	mm		
Tiles:			EN 427
side length	mm	Deviation ≤ 0,13% of nominal	
		length up to 0,5 mm maximum	
squareness and straightness for side le	nath: mm	Deviation allowed at any point	
≤ 400 mm	ngui. Illiii	≤ 0.25	
> 400 mm		≤ 0,35	
> 400 mm (intended for welding)		≤ 0,50	
100 mm (interface for welding)		= 0,00	
Overall thickness:	mm		EN 428
average	111111	Nominal value + 0,18	LIT 720
arorago		- 0,15	
individual results		Average value ± 0,20	
Thickness of cork-based backing		Nominal thickness shall be stated	EN 429
mm			
Total mass per unit area	g/m²	Nominal value + 13%	EN 430
(average)	_	- 10%	
Density of the wear layer (average)	kg/m³	Nominal value ± 0,50	EN 436
Residual indention after static loading	mm	≤ 0,40	EN 433
(average)			
Dimensional stability after exposure	%		EN 434
to heat:			
sheets and tiles intended for welding		≤ 0,4	
tiles intended for dry-joint laying		≤ 0,4 ≤ 0,25	
tiles interided for dry-joint laying		3 0,23	
Curling after exposure to heat:	mm		EN 434
sheets and tiles (intended for welding)		≤ 8	
tiles (intended for dry-joint laying)		≤ 2	
Colour fastness to artificial light		6 minimum	EN ISO 105-B02
Colour lastifiess to artificial light			Method 3 <sup>a</sup>
Peel resistance	N/50mm		FN 431
1 con recipitation	14/00111111		211 701
average		≥ 50	
individual results		≥ 40	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Expose a full size of test specimen. Store a further test specimen in the dark, which will constitute the reference standard for assessment of colour change.