

Designation: F 1826 – 00

Standard Specification for Live Line and Measuring Telescoping Tools¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 1826; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers mechanical and electrical testing and acceptance criteria for telescoping live line tools.

1.1.1 A tool designed only for use as a measuring device need not comply with mechanical strength requirements of this specification.

1.2 The use and maintenance of this equipment is beyond the scope of this specification.

1.3 This specification does not cover multiple section or extendable section clampsticks.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The inch-pound units given in parentheses are provided for information only.

1.5 The following safety hazards caveat pertains to Section 9 only. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

DEFLECTION END 1.01 m ZB (40 tnches) SUPPORT B FIG. 1 Horizontal Test Set-Up 3.2.3 dimensional check, n-measurements made to verify

SUPPORT A

that a product complies with the dimension stated by the manufacturer.

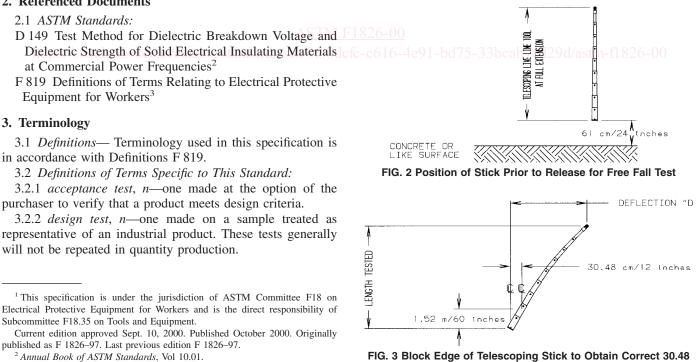
SEE GRAPH FOR

TEST LENGTHS

3.2.4 hydrophobic, adj-lacking affinity for water.

3.2.5 routine test, n-a type of test made regularly on production material.

3.2.6 telescoping live line tool, n-an extendable multiple section FRP tool designed to carry an attachment to perform mechanical tasks.



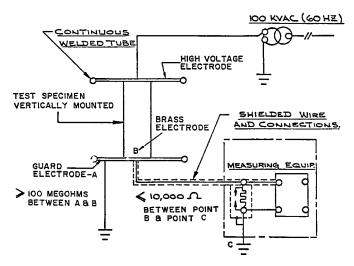
³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 10.03.

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cm (12 in.) Centerline to Centerline Measurement

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ELECTRICAL TEST CARRIED OUT DRY AND AFTER MOISTURE ABSORPTION



NOTE 1—For details of Fig. 4, see Figs. 5-10. FIG. 4 Typical AC Test Set-Up

3.2.7 *telescoping measuring tool*, *n*—an extendable multiple section FRP tool designed only to measure vertical heights.

3.2.8 visual inspection, n—a visual check made to detect manufacturing defects.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 This specification shall be used for design, routine, and acceptance testing of live line and measuring telescoping tools.

5. Ordering Information

5.1 Include the following information when ordering telescoping live line or measuring tools, or both:

5.1.1 Quantity.

5.1.2 Catalog number.

NOTE 1-Live line tools may also be designed as a measuring tool.

5.1.3 Tested to meet ASTM Specification F 1826 design tests.

6. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

6.1 The external and internal surfaces shall have hydrophobic abilities.

6.2 The external and internal surfaces shall be free of any abrasions, scratches, blemishes and surface defects that may capture an impurity and impair the dielectric integrity of the product.

6.3 After a finish coating, such as paint, has been applied, the material shall meet all physical, electrical, and mechanical properties.

6.4 Measuring units on telescoping tools shall be readable and clearly legible on all sections designed for measuring.

7. Sampling

7.1 *Design Test*— Perform the test on a minimum of three samples. The design test will be used to qualify a specific item and normally will not be repeated during production.

7.2 *Routine Test*— Perform the test on all pieces delivered to the purchaser.

7.3 Acceptance Tests— A test made at the option of the purchaser.

8. Tests to Be Conducted

8.1 Mechanical:	
<i>Test</i> Visual Dimensional Horizontal Bending Deflection Free Fall Impact Tension Vertical Deflection	<i>Type</i> Routine/Acceptance Design/Acceptance Design Design Design Design
8.2 Electrical:	
Test	Туре

9. Mechanical Test Methods

Leakage Current

Withstand

9.1 Visual Inspection—In accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation, a visual inspection shall be made to detect constructional defects, for example, evidence of faulty bonding between fibers and resin, air bubbles, foreign bodies, or particles. Check all operational components for fit and function.

Design

Routine/Acceptance

9.2 *Dimensional Values*—The manufacturer, upon request by the purchaser, shall furnish product dimensional values to the customer.

9.3 Mechanical Tests:

9.3.1 *Horizontal Bending Deflection Tests*—When extended to the maximum length, a telescoping live line tool shall be placed horizontally in a testing device as shown in Fig. 1.

9.3.1.1 The distance between supports is 1.01 m (40 in.). Support B serves only as a fulcrum and can be a cradle to mate with the pole diameter of the location.

9.3.1.2 With telescoping live line tool fully extended and no weight added, the deflection shall not exceed the values specified in Table 1.

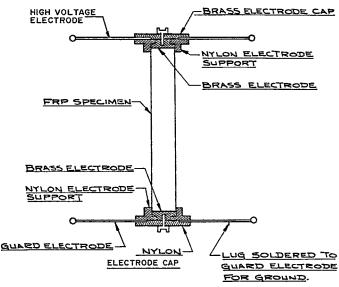
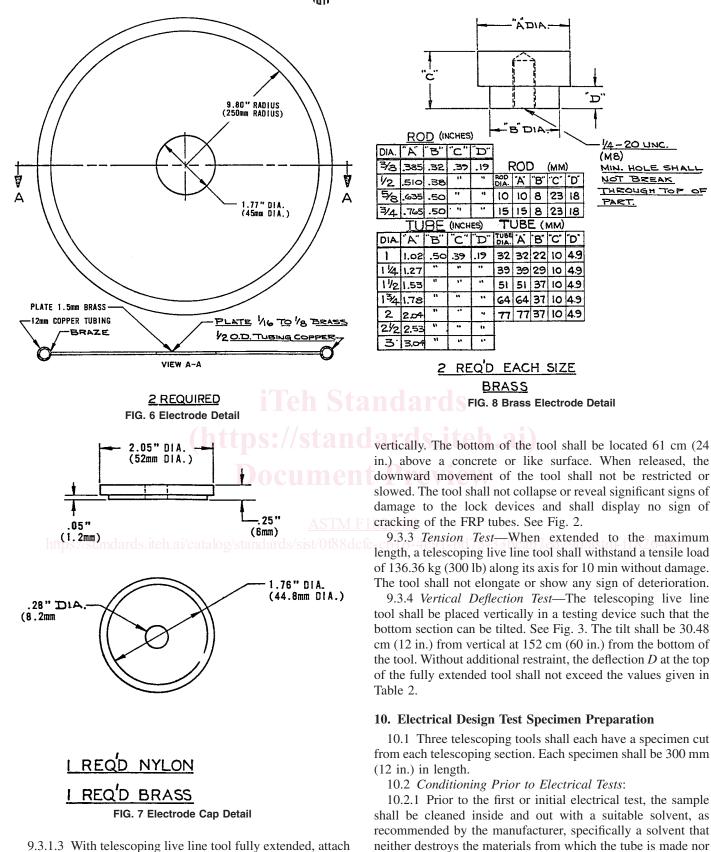


FIG. 5 Assembly Detail

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9.3.1.3 With telescoping live line tool fully extended, attach an external load of 2.27 kg (5 lb) to the load end. See Fig. 1. The deflection shall not exceed the values specified in Table 1.

9.3.2 *Free Fall Impact Test*—The telescoping tool shall be extended to its maximum length and shall be positioned

10.2.2 All tests shall be made before and after exposure to moisture conditioning, as specified, using 60 Hz voltage. 10.3 *Moisture Conditioning*:

leaves any residue on the surface of the sample.